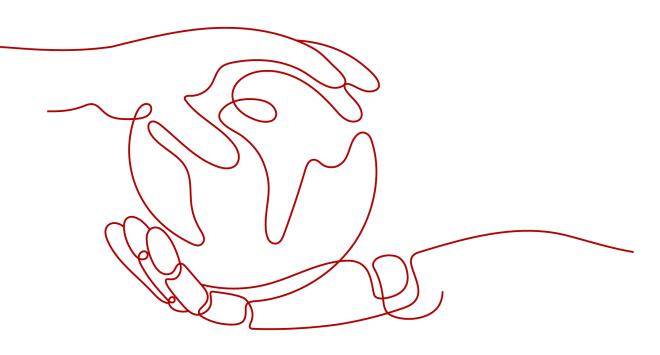
LUNA2000-(97KWH-1H1, 129KWH-2H1, 161KWH-2H1, 200KWH-2H1) Smart String ESS

User Manual

 Issue
 08

 Date
 2023-08-18





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About This Document

Purpose

This document describes the installation, electrical connections, commissioning, and troubleshooting of LUNA2000-97KWH-1H1, LUNA2000-129KWH-2H1, LUNA2000-161KWH-2H1, and LUNA2000-200KWH-2H1 Smart String Energy Storage Systems (also referred to as ESSs). Before installing and operating the ESS, read this document carefully to understand the safety information as well as functions and features of the ESS.

Intended Audience

This document is intended for:

- Technical support engineers
- Hardware installation engineers
- Commissioning engineers
- Maintenance engineers

Symbol Conventions

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description
A DANGER	Indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

Symbol	Description	
NOTICE	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance deterioration, or unanticipated results. NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.	
D NOTE	Supplements the important information in the main text. NOTE is used to address information not related to personal injury, equipment damage, and environment deterioration.	

Change History

Changes between document issues are cumulative. The latest document issue contains all the changes made in earlier issues.

Issue 08 (2023-08-18)

Updated 8.3 Installing Battery Pack Cables.

Issue 07 (2023-08-07)

Updated 10.6 Deployment Wizard.

Added G Digital Power Customer Service.

Issue 06 (2023-07-20)

Updated 2.1 Model Description.

Updated 2.4.1 Circuit Diagram.

Updated **2.5.1 On-Grid Scenario**.

Updated 14 Technical Specifications.

Issue 05 (2023-06-30)

Updated 2.1 Model Description.

Updated 2.3 Components.

Updated 2.5.1 On-Grid Scenario.

Updated 7.4 Installing Components.

Updated 7.4.2 Installing Battery Packs.

Updated 7.4.3 Installing the Smart Rack Controller.

Updated 8.3 Installing Battery Pack Cables. Updated 8.4 Installing Rack Controller Cables. Updated 10.4 Upgrading the ESS.

Updated 14 Technical Specifications.

Issue 04 (2023-06-10)

Updated 5.1 Site Selection Requirements.

Updated 10 Commissioning the ESS (SmartLogger WebUI).

Updated F Contact Information.

Issue 03 (2023-03-30)

Updated **2.2 Appearance**.

Updated 2.3.3.1 Air Conditioner.

Updated 5.1 Site Selection Requirements.

Updated 5.2 Clearance Requirements.

Updated 5.3 Foundation Requirements.

Updated 5.4 Forklift Requirements.

Updated 10.2 Checking the SmartLogger Software Version.

Updated 10.3 Upgrading the SmartLogger.

Updated 10.4 Upgrading the ESS.

Issue 02 (2023-02-28)

Added 5.2 Clearance Requirements.

Added 5.3 Foundation Requirements.

Updated 1 Safety Information.

Updated **2.2 Appearance**.

Updated 4 Storage Requirements.

Updated 5.1 Site Selection Requirements.

Updated 5.4 Forklift Requirements.

Updated 8.6 Installing an Auxiliary AC Power Cable (with External Grid Power Supply).

Updated 8.7 Installing a Single-Phase AC Input Power Cable (Without External Grid Power Supply).

Updated 14 Technical Specifications.

Updated C Emergency Handling.

Issue 01 (2022-10-30)

This issue is used for first office application (FOA).

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Safety Information

Statement

Before transporting, storing, installing, operating, using, and/or maintaining the equipment, read this document, strictly follow the instructions provided herein, and follow all the safety instructions on the equipment and in this document. In this document, "equipment" refers to the products, software, components, spare parts, and/or services related to this document; "the Company" refers to the manufacturer (producer), seller, and/or service provider of the equipment; "you" refers to the entity that transports, stores, installs, operates, uses, and/or maintains the equipment.

The Danger, Warning, Caution, and Notice statements described in this document do not cover all the safety precautions. You also need to comply with relevant international, national, or regional standards and industry practices. The Company shall not be liable for any consequences that may arise due to violations of safety requirements or safety standards concerning the design, production, and usage of the equipment.

The equipment shall be used in an environment that meets the design specifications. Otherwise, the equipment may be faulty, malfunctioning, or damaged, which is not covered under the warranty. The Company shall not be liable for any property loss, personal injury, or even death caused thereby.

Comply with applicable laws, regulations, standards, and specifications during transportation, storage, installation, operation, use, and maintenance.

Do not perform reverse engineering, decompilation, disassembly, adaptation, implantation, or other derivative operations on the equipment software. Do not study the internal implementation logic of the equipment, obtain the source code of the equipment software, violate intellectual property rights, or disclose any of the performance test results of the equipment software.

The Company shall not be liable for any of the following circumstances or their consequences:

- The equipment is damaged due to force majeure such as earthquakes, floods, volcanic eruptions, debris flows, lightning strikes, fires, wars, armed conflicts, typhoons, hurricanes, tornadoes, and other extreme weather conditions.
- The equipment is operated beyond the conditions specified in this document.

- The equipment is installed or used in environments that do not comply with international, national, or regional standards.
- The equipment is installed or used by unqualified personnel.
- You fail to follow the operation instructions and safety precautions on the product and in the document.
- You remove or modify the product or modify the software code without authorization.
- You or a third party authorized by you cause the equipment damage during transportation.
- The equipment is damaged due to storage conditions that do not meet the requirements specified in the product document.
- You fail to prepare materials and tools that comply with local laws, regulations, and related standards.
- The equipment is damaged due to your or a third party's negligence, intentional breach, gross negligence, or improper operations, or other reasons not related to the Company.

1.1 Personal Safety

▲ DANGER

Ensure that power is off during installation. Do not install or remove a cable with power on. Transient contact between the core of the cable and the conductor will cause electric arcs, sparks, fire, or explosion, which may result in personal injury.

A DANGER

Non-standard and improper operations on the energized equipment may cause fire, electric shocks, or explosion, resulting in property damage, personal injury, or even death.

DANGER

Before operations, remove conductive objects such as watches, bracelets, bangles, rings, and necklaces to prevent electric shocks.

During operations, use dedicated insulated tools to prevent electric shocks or short circuits. The dielectric withstanding voltage level must comply with local laws, regulations, standards, and specifications.

During operations, wear personal protective equipment such as protective clothing, insulated shoes, goggles, safety helmets, and insulated gloves.

General Requirements

- Do not stop protective devices. Pay attention to the warnings, cautions, and related precautionary measures in this document and on the equipment.
- If there is a likelihood of personal injury or equipment damage during operations, immediately stop, report the case to the supervisor, and take feasible protective measures.
- Do not power on the equipment before it is installed or confirmed by professionals.
- Do not touch the power supply equipment directly or with conductors such as damp objects. Before touching any conductor surface or terminal, measure the voltage at the contact point to ensure that there is no risk of electric shock.
- Do not touch operating equipment because the enclosure is hot.
- Do not touch a running fan with your hands, components, screws, tools, or boards. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage may occur.
- In the case of a fire, immediately leave the building or the equipment area and activate the fire alarm or call emergency services. Do not enter the affected building or equipment area under any circumstances.

Personnel Requirements

- Only professionals and trained personnel are allowed to operate the equipment.
 - Professionals: personnel who are familiar with the working principles and structure of the equipment, trained or experienced in equipment operations and are clear of the sources and degree of various potential hazards in equipment installation, operation, maintenance
 - Trained personnel: personnel who are trained in technology and safety, have required experience, are aware of possible hazards on themselves in certain operations, and are able to take protective measures to minimize the hazards on themselves and other people
- Personnel who plan to install or maintain the equipment must receive adequate training, be able to correctly perform all operations, and understand all necessary safety precautions and local relevant standards.
- Only qualified professionals or trained personnel are allowed to install, operate, and maintain the equipment.
- Only qualified professionals are allowed to remove safety facilities and inspect the equipment.
- Personnel who will perform special tasks such as electrical operations, working at heights, and operations of special equipment must possess the required local qualifications.
- Only certified high-voltage electricians are allowed to operate medium-voltage equipment.

- Only authorized professionals are allowed to replace the equipment or components (including software).
- Only personnel who need to work on the equipment are allowed to access the equipment.

1.2 Electrical Safety

Before connecting cables, ensure that the equipment is intact. Otherwise, electric shocks or fire may occur.

Non-standard and improper operations may result in fire or electric shocks.

A DANGER

Prevent foreign matter from entering the equipment during operations. Otherwise, equipment damage, load power derating, power failure, or personal injury may occur.

For the equipment that needs to be grounded, install the ground cable first when installing the equipment and remove the ground cable last when removing the equipment.

Do not route cables near the air intake or exhaust vents of the equipment.

General Requirements

- Follow the procedures described in the document for installation, operation, and maintenance. Do not reconstruct or alter the equipment, add components, or change the installation sequence without permission.
- Obtain approval from the national or local electric utility company before connecting the equipment to the grid.
- Observe the power plant safety regulations, such as the operation and work ticket mechanisms.
- Install temporary fences or warning ropes and hang "No Entry" signs around the operation area to keep unauthorized personnel away from the area.

- Before installing or removing power cables, turn off the switches of the equipment and its upstream and downstream switches.
- If any liquid is detected inside the equipment, disconnect the power supply immediately and do not use the equipment.
- Before performing operations on the equipment, check that all tools meet the requirements and record the tools. After the operations are complete, collect all of the tools to prevent them from being left inside the equipment.
- Before installing power cables, check that cable labels are correct and cable terminals are insulated.
- When installing the equipment, use a torque tool of a proper measurement range to tighten the screws. When using a wrench to tighten the screws, ensure that the wrench does not tilt and the torque error does not exceed 10% of the specified value.
- Ensure that bolts are tightened with a torque tool and marked in red and blue after double-check. Installation personnel mark tightened bolts in blue. Quality inspection personnel confirm that the bolts are tightened and then mark them in red. (The marks must cross the edges of the bolts.)



- After the installation is complete, ensure that protective cases, insulation tubes, and other necessary items for all electrical components are in position to avoid electric shocks.
- If the equipment has multiple inputs, disconnect all the inputs before operating the equipment.
- Before maintaining a downstream electrical or power distribution device, turn off the output switch on the power supply equipment.
- During equipment maintenance, attach "Do not switch on" labels near the upstream and downstream switches or circuit breakers as well as warning signs to prevent accidental connection. The equipment can be powered on only after troubleshooting is complete.
- If fault diagnosis and troubleshooting need to be performed after power-off, take the following safety measures: Disconnect the power supply. Check whether the equipment is live. Install a ground cable. Hang warning signs and set up fences.
- Check equipment connections periodically, ensuring that all screws are securely tightened.
- Only qualified professionals can replace a damaged cable.
- Do not scrawl, damage, or block any labels or nameplates on the equipment. Promptly replace labels that have worn out.
- Do not use solvents such as water, alcohol, or oil to clean electrical components inside or outside of the equipment.

Grounding

• Ensure that the grounding impedance of the equipment complies with local electrical standards.

- Ensure that the equipment is connected permanently to the protective ground. Before operating the equipment, check its electrical connection to ensure that it is reliably grounded.
- Do not work on the equipment in the absence of a properly installed ground conductor.
- Do not damage the ground conductor.
- For the equipment that uses a three-pin socket, ensure that the ground terminal in the socket is connected to the protective ground point.
- If high touch current may occur on the equipment, ground the protective ground terminal on the equipment enclosure before connecting the power supply; otherwise, electric shock as a result of touch current may occur.

Cabling Requirements

- When selecting, installing, and routing cables, follow local safety regulations and rules.
- When routing power cables, ensure that there is no coiling or twisting. Do not join or weld power cables. If necessary, use a longer cable.
- Ensure that all cables are properly connected and insulated, and meet specifications.
- Ensure that the slots and holes for routing cables are free from sharp edges, and that the positions where cables are routed through pipes or cable holes are equipped with cushion materials to prevent the cables from being damaged by sharp edges or burrs.
- If a cable is routed into the cabinet from the top, bend the cable in a U shape outside the cabinet and then route it into the cabinet.
- Ensure that cables of the same type are bound together neatly and straight and that the cable sheath is intact. When routing cables of different types, ensure that they are at least 30 mm away from each other.
- When cable connection is completed or paused for a short period of time, seal the cable holes with sealing putty immediately to prevent small animals or moisture from entering.
- Secure buried cables using cable supports and cable clips. Ensure that the cables in the backfill area are in close contact with the ground to prevent cable deformation or damage during backfilling.
- If the external conditions (such as the cable layout or ambient temperature) change, verify the cable usage in accordance with the IEC-60364-5-52 or local laws and regulations. For example, check that the current-carrying capacity meets requirements.
- When routing cables, reserve at least 30 mm clearance between the cables and heat-generating components or areas. This prevents deterioration or damage to the cable insulation layer.
- When the temperature is low, violent impact or vibration may damage the plastic cable sheathing. To ensure safety, comply with the following requirements:
 - Cables can be laid or installed only when the temperature is higher than 0°C. Handle cables with caution, especially at a low temperature.
 - Cables stored at subzero temperatures must be stored at room temperature for at least 24 hours before they are laid out.

• Do not perform any improper operations, for example, dropping cables directly from a vehicle. Otherwise, the cable performance may deteriorate due to cable damage, which affects the current-carrying capacity and temperature rise.

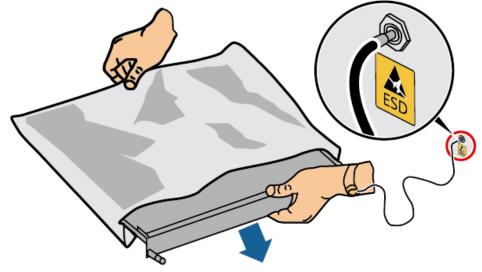
ESD

NOTICE

The static electricity generated by human bodies may damage the electrostaticsensitive components on boards, for example, the large-scale integrated (LSI) circuits.

• When touching the equipment and handling boards, modules with exposed circuit boards, or application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs), observe ESD protection regulations and wear ESD clothing and ESD gloves or a well-grounded ESD wrist strap.

Figure 1-1 Wearing an ESD wrist strap



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- When holding a board or a module with exposed circuit boards, hold its edge without touching any components. Do not touch the components with bare hands.
- Package boards or modules with ESD packaging materials before storing or transporting them.

1.3 Environment Requirements

A DANGER

Do not expose the equipment to flammable or explosive gas or smoke. Do not perform any operation on the equipment in such environments.

▲ DANGER

Do not store any flammable or explosive materials in the equipment area.

DANGER

Do not place the equipment near heat sources or fire sources, such as smoke, candles, heaters, or other heating devices. Overheat may damage the equipment or cause a fire.

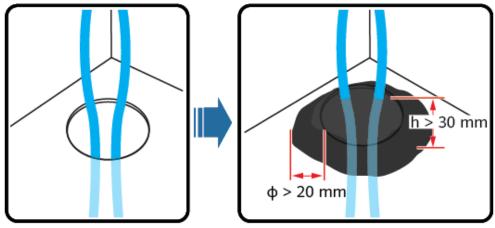
Install the equipment in an area far away from liquids. Do not install it under areas prone to condensation, such as under water pipes and air exhaust vents, or areas prone to water leakage, such as air conditioner vents, ventilation vents, or feeder windows of the equipment room. Ensure that no liquid enters the equipment to prevent faults or short circuits.

To prevent damage or fire due to high temperature, ensure that the ventilation vents or heat dissipation systems are not obstructed or covered by other objects while the equipment is running.

General Requirements

- Ensure that the equipment is stored in a clean, dry, and well ventilated area with proper temperature and humidity and is protected from dust and condensation.
- Keep the installation and operating environments of the equipment within the allowed ranges. Otherwise, its performance and safety will be compromised.
- Do not install, use, or operate outdoor equipment and cables (including but not limited to moving equipment, operating equipment and cables, inserting connectors to or removing connectors from signal ports connected to outdoor facilities, working at heights, performing outdoor installation, and opening doors) in harsh weather conditions such as lightning, rain, snow, and level 6 or stronger wind.
- Do not install the equipment in an environment with dust, smoke, volatile or corrosive gases, infrared and other radiations, organic solvents, or salty air.
- Do not install the equipment in an environment with conductive metal or magnetic dust.
- Do not install the equipment in an area conducive to the growth of microorganisms such as fungus or mildew.
- Do not install the equipment in an area with strong vibration, noise, or electromagnetic interference.

- Ensure that the site complies with local laws, regulations, and related standards.
- Ensure that the ground in the installation environment is solid, free from spongy or soft soil, and not prone to subsidence. The site must not be located in a low-lying land prone to water or snow accumulation, and the horizontal level of the site must be above the highest water level of that area in history.
- Do not install the equipment in a position that may be submerged in water.
- If the equipment is installed in a place with abundant vegetation, in addition to routine weeding, harden the ground underneath the equipment using cement or gravel.
- Before opening doors during the installation, operation, and maintenance of the equipment, clean up any water, ice, snow, or other foreign objects on the top of the equipment to prevent foreign objects from falling into the equipment.
- When installing the equipment, ensure that the installation surface is solid enough to bear the weight of the equipment.
- All cable holes must be sealed. Seal the used cable holes with sealing putty. Seal the unused cable holes with the caps delivered with the equipment. The following figure shows the criteria for correct sealing with sealing putty.



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• After installing the equipment, remove the packing materials such as cartons, foam, plastics, and cable ties from the equipment area.

1.4 Mechanical Safety

▲ DANGER

When working at heights, wear a safety helmet and safety harness or waist belt and fasten it to a solid structure. Do not mount it on an insecure moveable object or metal object with sharp edges. Make sure that the hooks will not slide off.

Ensure that all necessary tools are ready and inspected by a professional organization. Do not use tools that have signs of scratches or fail to pass the inspection or whose inspection validity period has expired. Ensure that the tools are secure and not overloaded.

Before installing equipment in a cabinet, ensure that the cabinet is securely fastened with a balanced center of gravity. Otherwise, tipping or falling cabinets may cause bodily injury and equipment damage.

MARNING

When pulling equipment out of a cabinet, be aware of unstable or heavy objects in the cabinet to prevent injury.

Do not drill holes into the equipment. Doing so may affect the sealing performance and electromagnetic containment of the equipment and damage components or cables inside. Metal shavings from drilling may short-circuit boards inside the equipment.

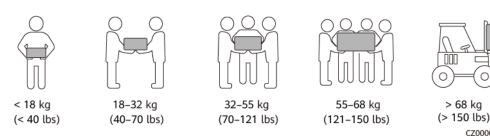
General Requirements

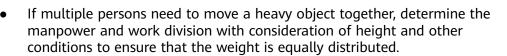
- Repaint any paint scratches caused during equipment transportation or installation in a timely manner. Equipment with scratches must not be exposed for an extended period of time.
- Do not perform operations such as arc welding and cutting on the equipment without evaluation by the Company.
- Do not install other devices on the top of the equipment without evaluation by the Company.
- When performing operations over the top of the equipment, take measures to protect the equipment against damage.
- Use correct tools and operate them in the correct way.

Moving Heavy Objects

• Be cautious to prevent injury when moving heavy objects.

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- If two persons or more move a heavy object together, ensure that the object is lifted and landed simultaneously and moved at a uniform pace under the supervision of one person.
- Wear personal protective gears such as protective gloves and shoes when manually moving the equipment.
- To move an object by hand, approach to the object, squat down, and then lift the object gently and stably by the force of the legs instead of your back. Do not lift it suddenly or turn your body around.
- Move or lift the equipment by holding its handles or lower edges. Do not hold the handles of modules that are installed in the equipment.
- Do not quickly lift a heavy object above your waist. Place the object on a workbench that is half-waist high or any other appropriate place, adjust the positions of your palms, and then lift it.
- Move a heavy object stably with balanced force at an even and low speed. Put down the object stably and slowly to prevent any collision or drop from scratching the surface of the equipment or damaging the components and cables.
- When moving a heavy object, be aware of the workbench, slope, staircase, • and slippery places. When moving a heavy object through a door, ensure that the door is wide enough to move the object and avoid bumping or injury.
- When transferring a heavy object, move your feet instead of turning your • waist around. When lifting and transferring a heavy object, ensure that your feet point to the target direction of movement.
- When transporting the equipment using a pallet truck or forklift, ensure that the types are properly positioned so that the equipment does not topple. Before moving the equipment, secure it to the pallet truck or forklift using ropes. When moving the equipment, assign dedicated personnel to take care of it.
- Choose sea or roads in good conditions for transportation. Do not transport the equipment by railway or air. Avoid tilt or jolt during transportation.

Working at Heights

- Any operations performed 2 m or higher above the ground shall be supervised properly.
- Only trained and qualified personnel are allowed to work at heights.
- Do not work at heights when steel pipes are wet or other risky situations • exist. After the preceding conditions no longer exist, the safety owner and

relevant technical personnel need to check the involved equipment. Operators can begin working only after safety is confirmed.

- Set a restricted area and prominent signs for working at heights to warn away irrelevant personnel.
- Set guard rails and warning signs at the edges and openings of the area involving working at heights to prevent falls.
- Do not pile up scaffolding, springboards, or other objects on the ground under the area involving working at heights. Do not allow people to stay or pass under the area involving working at heights.
- Carry operation machines and tools properly to prevent equipment damage or personal injury caused by falling objects.
- Personnel involving working at heights are not allowed to throw objects from the height to the ground, or vice versa. Objects shall be transported by slings, hanging baskets, highline trolleys, or cranes.
- Do not perform operations on the upper and lower layers at the same time. If unavoidable, install a dedicated protective shelter between the upper and lower layers or take other protective measures. Do not pile up tools or materials on the upper layer.
- Dismantle the scaffolding from top down after finishing the job. Do not dismantle the upper and lower layers at the same time. When removing a part, ensure that other parts will not collapse.
- Ensure that personnel working at heights strictly comply with the safety regulations. The Company is not responsible for any accident caused by violation of the safety regulations on working at heights.
- Behave cautiously when working at heights. Do not rest at heights.

Using Ladders

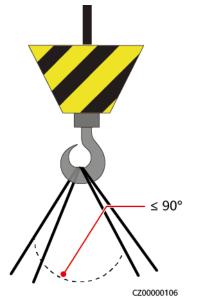
- Use wooden or insulated ladders when you need to perform live-line working at heights.
- Platform ladders with protective rails are preferred. Do not use single ladders.
- Before using a ladder, check that it is intact and confirm its load bearing capacity. Do not overload it.
- Ensure that the ladder is securely positioned and held firm.



- When climbing up the ladder, keep your body stable and your center of gravity between the side rails, and do not overreach to the sides.
- When a step ladder is used, ensure that the pull ropes are secured.

Hoisting

- Only trained and qualified personnel are allowed to perform hoisting operations.
- Install temporary warning signs or fences to isolate the hoisting area.
- Ensure that the foundation where hoisting is performed on meets the loadbearing requirements.
- Before hoisting objects, ensure that hoisting tools are firmly secured onto a fixed object or wall that meets the load-bearing requirements.
- During hoisting, do not stand or walk under the crane or the hoisted objects.
- Do not drag steel ropes and hoisting tools or bump the hoisted objects against hard objects during hoisting.
- Ensure that the angle between two hoisting ropes is no more than 90 degrees, as shown in the following figure.



Drilling Holes

- Obtain consent from the customer and contractor before drilling holes.
- Wear protective equipment such as safety goggles and protective gloves when drilling holes.
- To avoid short circuits or other risks, do not drill holes into buried pipes or cables.
- When drilling holes, protect the equipment from shavings. After drilling, clean up any shavings.

1.5 Equipment Safety

1.5.1 ESS Safety

▲ DANGER

Do not open cabinet doors when the system is running.

DANGER

If the ESS is faulty, do not stand within the opening range of the cabinet doors.

▲ CAUTION

Evacuate from the site immediately once the fire alarm horn/strobe is triggered.

NOTICE

Take protection and isolation measures for the ESS, such as installing fences, walls, and safety warning signs to prevent personal injury or property damage caused by unauthorized access during operations.

- When installing the ESS, comply with the fire separation distance or fire wall requirements specified in local standards, including but not limited to *GB* 51048-2014 Design Code for Electrochemical Energy Storage Station and NFPA 855 Standard for the Installation of Stationary Energy Storage Systems.
- Check the fire safety of the ESS regularly, at least once a month.
- When inspecting the system with power on, pay attention to the hazard warning signs on the equipment. Do not stand at the battery cabin doors.
- After power components of the ESS are replaced or cable connections are changed, you need to manually start cable connection detection and topology identification to prevent system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you prepare a camera to record the detailed processes of equipment installation, operation, and maintenance.

1.5.2 Battery Safety

DANGER

Do not connect the positive and negative poles of a battery together. Otherwise, the battery may be short-circuited. Battery short circuits can generate high instantaneous current and releases a large amount of energy, which may cause battery leakage, smoke, flammable gas release, thermal runaway, fire, or explosion. To avoid battery short circuits, do not maintain batteries with power on.

DANGER

Do not expose batteries at high temperatures or around heat sources, such as scorching sunlight, fire sources, transformers, and heaters. Battery overheating may cause leakage, smoke, flammable gas release, thermal runaway, fire, or explosion.

A DANGER

Protect batteries from mechanical vibration, falling, collision, punctures, and strong impact. Otherwise, the batteries may be damaged or catch fire.

▲ DANGER

To avoid leakage, smoke, flammable gas release, thermal runaway, fire, or explosion, do not disassemble, alter, or damage batteries, for example, insert foreign objects into batteries, squeeze batteries, or immerse batteries in water or other liquids.

▲ DANGER

Do not touch battery terminals with other metal objects, which may cause heat or electrolyte leakage.

A DANGER

There is a risk of fire or explosion if the model of the battery in use or used for replacement is incorrect. Use a battery of the model recommended by the manufacturer.

DANGER

Battery electrolyte is toxic and volatile. Do not get contact with leaked liquids or inhale gases in the case of battery leakage or odor. In such cases, stay away from the battery and contact professionals immediately. Professionals must wear safety goggles, rubber gloves, gas masks, and protective clothing, power off the equipment, remove the battery, and contact technical engineers.

DANGER

A battery is an enclosed system and will not release any gases under normal operations. If a battery is improperly treated, for example, burnt, needle-pricked, squeezed, struck by lightning, overcharged, or subject to other adverse conditions that may cause battery thermal runaway, the battery may be damaged or an abnormal chemical reaction may occur inside the battery, resulting in electrolyte leakage or production of gases such as CO and H_2 . To prevent fire or device corrosion, ensure that flammable gas is properly exhausted.

▲ DANGER

The gas generated by a burning battery may irritate your eyes, skin, and throat. Take protective measures promptly.

Install batteries in a dry area. Do not install them under areas prone to water leakage, such as air conditioner vents, ventilation vents, feeder windows of the equipment room, or water pipes. Ensure that no liquid enters the equipment to prevent faults or short circuits.

Before installing and commissioning batteries, prepare fire fighting facilities, such as fire sand and carbon dioxide fire extinguishers, according to construction standards and regulations. Before putting into operation, ensure that fire fighting facilities that comply with local laws and regulations are installed.

Before unpacking, storage, and transportation, ensure that the packing cases are intact and the batteries are correctly placed according to the labels on the packing cases. Do not place a battery upside down or vertically, lay it on one side, or tilt it. Stack the batteries according to the stacking requirements on the packing cases. Ensure that the batteries do not fall or get damaged. Otherwise, they will need to be scrapped.

After unpacking batteries, place them in the required direction. Do not place a battery upside down or vertically, lay it on one side, tilt it, or stack it. Ensure that the batteries do not fall or get damaged. Otherwise, they will need to be scrapped.

Tighten the screws on copper bars or cables to the torque specified in this document. Periodically confirm whether the screws are tightened, check for rust, corrosion, or other foreign objects, and clean them up if any. Loose screw connections will result in excessive voltage drops and batteries may catch fire when the current is high.

After batteries are discharged, charge them in time to avoid damage due to overdischarge.

Statement

The Company shall not be liable for any damage or other consequences to the batteries it provides due to the following reasons:

- Batteries are damaged due to force majeure such as earthquakes, floods, volcanic eruptions, debris flows, lightning strikes, fires, wars, armed conflicts, typhoons, hurricanes, tornadoes, and other extreme weather conditions.
- Batteries are damaged because the onsite equipment operating environment or external power parameters do not meet the environment requirements for normal operation, for example, the actual operating temperature of batteries is too high or too low, or the power grid is unstable and experiences outages frequently.
- Batteries are damaged, fall, leak, or crack due to improper operations or incorrect connection.
- After being installed and connected to the system, the batteries are not powered on in time due to your reasons, which causes damage to the batteries due to overdischarge.
- Batteries are damaged because they are not accepted in time due to your reasons.
- You set battery operating parameters incorrectly.
- You use batteries of different types together, causing acceleration of capacity attenuation. For example, you use our batteries together with batteries of other vendors or with batteries of different rated capacity.
- You maintain batteries improperly, causing frequent overdischarge; you expand the load capacity without notifying us; or you have not fully charged the batteries for a long time.
- You do not perform battery maintenance based on the operation guide, such as failure to check battery terminals regularly.
- Batteries are damaged because you do not store them in accordance with storage requirements (for example, in an environment that is damp or prone to rain).
- Batteries are not charged as required during storage due to your reasons, resulting in capacity loss or other irreversible damages to the batteries.

- Batteries are damaged due to your or a third party's reasons, for example, relocating or reinstalling the batteries without complying with the Company's requirements.
- You change the battery use scenarios without notifying the Company.
- You connect extra loads to the batteries.
- The battery storage period has exceeded the upper limit.
- The battery warranty period has expired. You are advised not to use a battery whose warranty period has expired, as this poses safety risks.

General Requirements

NOTICE

To ensure battery safety and battery management accuracy, use batteries provided by the Company. The Company is not responsible for any faults of batteries not provided by it.

- Before installing, operating, and maintaining batteries, read the battery manufacturer's instructions and comply with their requirements. The safety precautions specified in this document are highly important and require special attention. For additional safety precautions, see the instructions provided by the battery manufacturer.
- Use batteries within the specified temperature range. When the ambient temperature of the batteries is lower than the allowed range, do not charge the batteries to prevent internal short circuits caused during low-temperature charging.
- Before unpacking batteries, check whether the packaging is intact. Do not use batteries with damaged packaging. If any damage is found, notify the carrier and manufacturer immediately.
- Install batteries within 24 hours after unpacking. If the batteries cannot be installed in time, put them in the original packaging and place them in a dry indoor environment without corrosive gases. Power on the ESS within 24 hours after installation. The process from unpacking batteries to powering on the system must be completed within 72 hours. During routine maintenance, ensure that the power-off time does not exceed 24 hours.
- Do not use a damaged battery (such as damage caused when a battery is dropped, bumped, bulged, or dented on the enclosure), because the damage may cause electrolyte leakage or flammable gas release. In the case of electrolyte leakage or structural deformation, contact the installer or professional O&M personnel immediately to remove or replace the battery. Do not store the damaged battery near other devices or flammable materials and keep it away from non-professionals.
- Before working on a battery, ensure that there is no irritant or scorched smell around the battery.
- When installing batteries, do not place installation tools, metal parts, or sundries on the batteries. After the installation is complete, clean up the objects on the batteries and the surrounding area.

- Do not install battery packs on rainy, snowy, or foggy days. Otherwise, the battery packs may be corroded by moisture or rain.
- If batteries are exposed to water accidentally, do not install them. Instead, transport the batteries to a safe isolation point and dispose of them in a timely manner.
- Before installing battery packs, check whether they are abnormal. A battery pack is deemed abnormal when any of the following symptoms occurs:
 - The enclosure of the battery pack is obviously deformed or damaged.
 - The voltage between the positive and negative electrodes of the battery pack is far below the specified range.
- Check whether the positive and negative battery terminals are grounded unexpectedly. If so, disconnect the battery terminals from the ground.
- Do not perform welding or grinding work around batteries to prevent fire caused by electric sparks or arcs.
- If batteries are left unused for a long period of time, store and charge them according to the battery requirements.
- Do not charge or discharge batteries by using a device that does not comply with local laws and regulations.
- Keep the battery loop disconnected during installation and maintenance.
- Monitor damaged batteries during storage for signs of smoke, flame, electrolyte leakage, or heat.
- If a battery is faulty, its surface temperature may be high. Do not touch the battery to avoid scalds.
- Do not stand on, lean on, or sit on the top of the equipment.
- In backup power scenarios, do not use the batteries for the following situations:
 - Medical devices substantially important to human life
 - Control equipment such as trains and elevators, as this may cause personal injury
 - Computer systems of social and public importance
 - Locations near medical devices
 - Other devices similar to those described above

Short-Circuit Protection

- When installing and maintaining batteries, wrap the exposed cable terminals on the batteries with insulation tape.
- Avoid foreign objects (such as conductive objects, screws, and liquids) from entering a battery, as this may cause short circuits.

Leakage Handling

NOTICE

Electrolyte leakage may damage the equipment. It will corrode metal parts and boards, and ultimately damage the boards.

Electrolyte is corrosive and can cause irritation and chemical burns. If you come into direct contact with the battery electrolyte, do as follows:

- Inhalation: Evacuate from contaminated areas, get fresh air immediately, and seek immediate medical attention.
- Eye contact: Immediately wash your eyes with water for at least 15 minutes, do not rub your eyes, and seek immediate medical attention.
- Skin contact: Wash the affected areas immediately with soap and water and seek immediate medical attention.
- Intake: Seek immediate medical attention.

Recycling

- Dispose of waste batteries in accordance with local laws and regulations. Do not dispose of batteries as household waste. Improper disposal of batteries may result in environmental pollution or an explosion.
- If a battery leaks or is damaged, contact technical support or a battery recycling company for disposal.
- If batteries are out of service life, contact a battery recycling company for disposal.
- Do not expose waste batteries to high temperatures or direct sunlight.
- Do not place waste batteries in environments with high humidity or corrosive substances.
- Do not use faulty batteries. Contact a battery recycling company to scrap them as soon as possible to avoid environmental pollution.

2 Product Description

The ESS consists of a power control module and lithium battery modules. It stores and releases electricity controlled by the Smart Rack Controller (also referred to as rack controller). The input and output ports of the ESS are high-voltage direct current (HVDC) ports.

- Battery charge: The Smart Power Control System (also referred to as Smart PCS) is connected to the rack controller and send commands to charge batteries.
- Battery discharge: When the grid power is insufficient for the loads, the system controls the batteries to supply power to the loads through the Smart PCS.

2.1 Model Description

This document involves the following product model:

LUNA2000-97KWH-1H1

LUNA2000-129KWH-2H1

LUNA2000-161KWH-2H1

LUNA2000-200KWH-2H1

Figure 2-1 Model number (example)

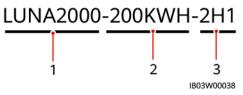


Table 2-1 Model number description

No.	Meaning	Description
1	Product family name	LUNA2000: Smart String ESS

No.	Meaning	Description
2	Capacity level	200KWH: nominal energy of 193.5 kWh 161KWH: nominal energy of 161.3 kWh 129KWH: nominal energy of 129.0 kWh 97KWH: nominal energy of 96.8 kWh
3	Backup power	200KWH-2H1: Applies to scenarios where the backup duration is greater than or equal to 2 hours. 161KWH-2H1: Applies to scenarios where the backup duration is greater than or equal to 1.5 hours. 129KWH-2H1: Applies to scenarios where the backup duration is greater than or equal to 1.25 hours.
		97KWH-1H1: Applies to scenarios where the backup duration is greater than or equal to 1 hour.

2.2 Appearance

NOTE

This document uses the 200 kWh model as an example. The actual structure of a model may vary.

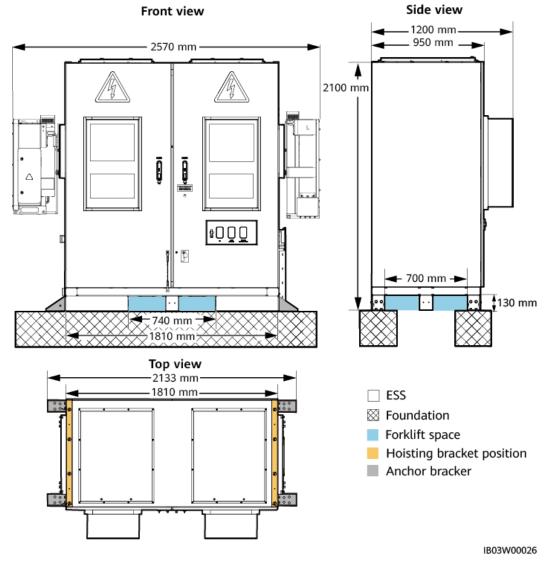
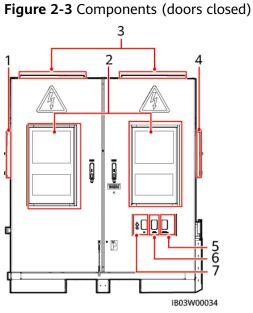


Figure 2-2 Appearance and dimensions

NOTE

The site foundation must be designed by professional technical personnel such as those from a design institute. The technical personnel can refer to the foundation drawings of the Company. Contact the product manager of the Company to obtain the drawings.

2.3 Components



(1) Installation position of the (2) Air conditioners (3) Pressure relief windows Smart PCS

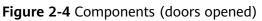
(4) Installation position of the (5) Emergency stop switch (6) Fire alarm horn/strobe rack controller

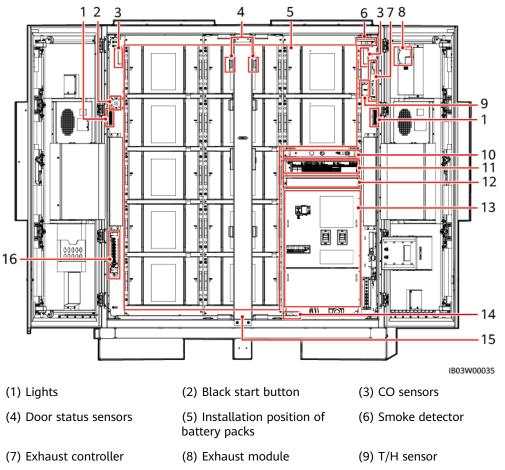
(7) USB port

Table 2-2 Component	configuration (1)
---------------------	-------------------

No.	ltem	Maximum Quantity Configured for an ESS	Description
1	Installation position of the Smart PCS	1	Where the Smart PCS is installed.
2	Air conditioner	2	Air conditioners on the ESS cabinet door.
3	Pressure relief window	2	If an explosion occurs inside the equipment, the windows are open to release pressure.
4	Installation position of the rack controller	1	Where the rack controller is installed.

No.	Item	Maximum Quantity Configured for an ESS	Description
5	Emergency stop switch	1	Used for emergency stop of the rack controller.
6	Fire alarm/horn strobe	1	Generates alarms for internal devices when abnormal temperature or smoke occurs.
7	USB	1	Where a smart USB- WLAN adapter (USB-Adapter2000- C) is installed for local maintenance.





(10) Installation position of the rack mounted fire extinguishing system	(12) CMU and installation position of the SmartModule	
(13) Power distribution area	(14) Water sensor	(15) Adjustable column

-

(16) I/O expansion board

Table 2-3 Component configuration (2)

-

No. Item Maximum Description			
NO.	Item	Quantity Configured for an ESS	Description
1	Light	2	Used for lighting inside the cabinet.
2	Black start button	1	Triggers the ESS black start.
3	CO sensor	2	Checks the concentration of CO in combustible gases.
4	Door status sensor	2	Monitors the door opening and closing status.
5	Battery pack	12	A battery pack is a combination of batteries connected in series and output through a pair of positive and negative terminals. It contains a battery management module. The battery management module consists of the battery management unit (BMU), battery optimization module, and module fan.
6	Smoke detector	1	Photoelectric smoke detector, used for smoke detection.
7	Exhaust controller	1	Works with the CO sensor and exhaust fan to control air exhaust.
8	Exhaust module	1	Exhausts combustible gases from the cabinet.
9	T/H sensor	1	Measures the real-time ambient temperature and humidity in the cabinet.
10	Rack mounted fire extinguishing system	1	Used for fire alarm and automatic fire extinguishing control.
11	Embedded power subrack	1	Provides installation positions for components.

No.	Item	Maximum Quantity Configured for an ESS	Description
	Installation position of the PSU	5	Where the PSU is installed. The PSU converts AC input power into stable DC power.
	SMU11B	1	Collects PSU information and controls PSU output.
12	СМU	1	Converges interfaces, converts protocols, collects and stores data, centrally monitors and maintains devices in the ESS.
	Installation position of the SmartModule	1	Where the SmartModule is installed. The SmartModule aggregates interfaces, converts protocols, and collects data for devices in the ESS, and provides additional ports for the CMU.
13	Power distribution area	-	For details, see Figure 2-5 .
14	Water sensor	1	Detects water based on the resistance change between both electrodes.
15	Adjustable column	1	Used to support the installation of the cabinet door.
16	I/O expansion board	1	Controls and monitors the door status sensor, sensors, and air conditioners in the ESS, connects cables to the fire suppression system, and black starts the system.

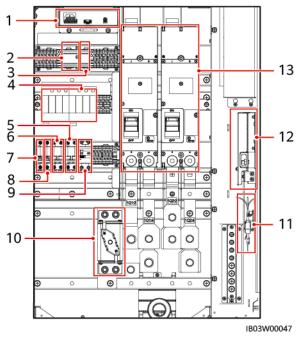


Figure 2-5 Components in the power distribution area

(1) 12 V adapter (1TB1)	(2) Installation position of the 220 V maintenance socket (1XD1)	(3) Installation position of the Smart Power Sensor
(4) AC surge protective devices (SPDs) (1FA1 and 1FA2)	(5) UPS switch (5FCB)	(6) AC main switch (1FCB)
(7) 12 V adapter switch (1FCB1)	(8) PSU switch (1FCB2)	(9) 220 V maintenance socket switch (1FB1)
(10) Fuse (1F1) ^[1]	(11) Fiber adapter	(12) Fiber management tray
(13) DC switches (1Q1 and 1Q2)	-	-

Note [1]: The 97 kWh, 129 kWh, and 161 kWh models have two fuses.

Table 2-4 Component configuration (3)

No.	Item	Maximum Quantity Configured for an ESS	Description
1	12 V adapter	1	Supplies power to components such as the CMU, SmartModule, I/O expansion board, and rack mounted fire extinguishing system.
2	(Optional) 220 V maintenance socket	1	Used to obtain power during maintenance.
3	(Optional) Smart Power Sensor	1	Measures the voltage and current of the 220 V AC auxiliary power supply.
4	AC SPD	2	Provides AC surge protection.
5	UPS switch	1	Switch of the UPS.
6	AC main switch	1	Main switch for AC power distribution.
7	12 V adapter switch	1	Switch of the 12 V adapter.
8	PSU switch	1	Switch of the PSU.
9	220 V maintenance socket switch	1	Switch of the maintenance socket.
10	Fuse	1	Provides short-circuit protection.
11	Fiber adapter	1	Used to connect optical fibers.
12	Fiber management tray	1	Holds optical fibers.
13	DC switch	2	Used to protect against short circuits and disconnect the DC bus.

2.3.1 Power Supply and Distribution System

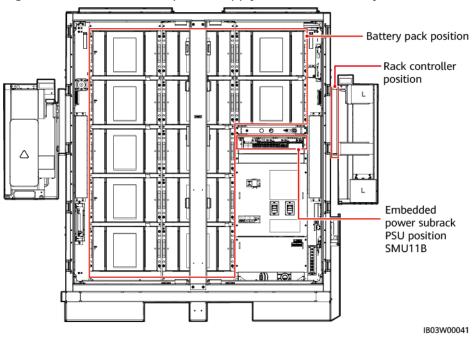
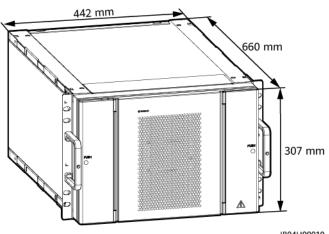


Figure 2-6 Position of the power supply and distribution system

2.3.1.1 Battery Pack



IB04H00010

Table 2-5 Battery pack technical specifications

Technical Specifications	Battery Pack (ESM51320AS1)	Battery Pack (ESM57280AS1)
Cell capacity	3.2 V/320 Ah	3.2 V/280 Ah
Cell material	Lithium iron phosphate	Lithium iron phosphate
Combination mode	16S 1P	18S 1P
Rated voltage	51.2 V	57.6 V

Technical Specifications	Battery Pack (ESM51320AS1)	Battery Pack (ESM57280AS1)
Charge and discharge rate	≤ 1C	≤ 1C
Nominal capacity	16.38 kWh	16.13 kWh
Weight	≤ 140 kg	≤ 140 kg
Dimensions (H x W x D)	307 mm x 442 mm x 660 mm	307 mm x 442 mm x 660 mm
Cooling mode	Air cooling	Air cooling
IP rating	IP20+	IP20+
Storage temperature	0°C to 40°C	0°C to 40°C
Transportation temperature	–40°C to +60°C	-40°C to +60°C
Balancing mode	Passive cell balancing	Passive cell balancing
Communications port	CAN 2.0	CAN 2.0

2.3.1.2 Smart Rack Controller

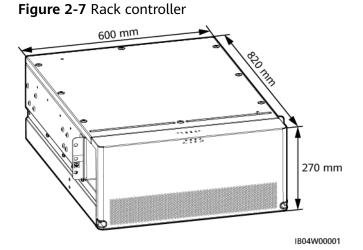


Table 2-6 Efficiency

Technical Specifications	Rack Controller
Maximum efficiency	≥ 98.5%
Full-load efficiency	≥ 98.5%

Technical Specifications	Rack Controller
Number of battery racks	1
Rated operating voltage	614.4 V@320 Ah cell
	691.2 V@280 Ah cell
Rated operating current of a single battery rack	80 A
Maximum operating current of a single battery rack	95 A
Operating voltage	40-1050 V
Constant power voltage range	655–760 V
Constant current voltage range	560–655 V
Minimum startup voltage	350 V
Rated power of a single battery rack	52 kW
Rated power of a rack controller	104 kW
Operating current of a single battery rack	80 A

Table 2-8	Bus side
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Technical Specifications	Rack Controller
Number of battery racks connected to the bus	2
Maximum DC voltage	1100 V
Rated operating voltage	665 V
Full-load voltage range	595–810 V
Rated operating current of a single battery rack	76.3 A
Maximum operating current of a single battery rack	92 A

Table	2-9	Protection
		11000001011

Technical Specifications	Rack Controller
Reverse connection protection	Supported

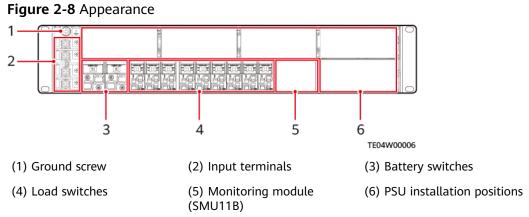
Technical Specifications	Rack Controller
Surge protection	Supported (bus side)
Insulation resistance detection	Supported
Overtemperature protection	Supported
Overcurrent protection on the battery side	Supported
Short circuit protection on the battery side	Supported
Short circuit protection on the bus side	Supported

Table 2-10 General specifications

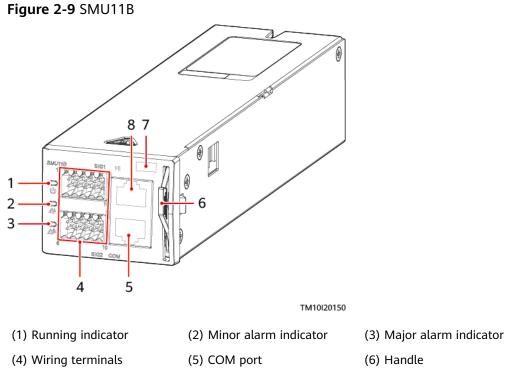
Technical Specifications	Rack Controller
Parallel mode	Two rack controllers connected in parallel on the battery side and two on the bus side
Power overload	Long-term running at 1.1 times the rated power
Overvoltage category	Bus side DC II
Dimensions (H x W x D)	270 mm x 600 mm x 820 mm
Weight	≤ 90 kg
DC surge protection on the bus side	Type II
Operating temperature range	-30°C to +60°C (The rack controller can be started at -40°C.)
Operating humidity range	0%~100%
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C
Storage humidity	5%-95% RH
Cooling mode	Smart air cooling
IP rating	IP66
Maximum operating altitude	4000 m
Input and output terminals	OT terminals
Power response time (from no load to full load)	< 30 ms

Technical Specifications	Rack Controller
Standby power consumption	7 W in shutdown mode, 48 V external power supply
	30 W in shutdown mode, battery power supply, contactor not closed
	70 W in standby mode, battery power supply, contactor closed
Environmental protection requirement	RoHS 6
Communications port	CAN, RS485, FE

2.3.1.3 Embedded Power Subrack



2.3.1.4 Monitoring Module (SMU11B)



(6)	Handle	

(7) Position of the SN	(8) FE port	-
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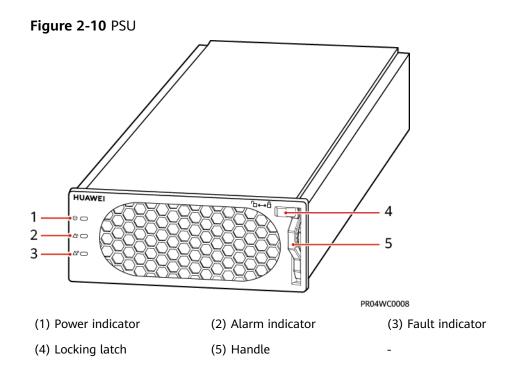
Table 2-11	Indicator description
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Indicator	Colo r	Status	Description
Running indicator	Gree n	Off	The SMU is faulty or has no power input.
		Blinking slowly (0.5 Hz)	The SMU is running properly and communicating with the host properly.
		Blinking fast (4 Hz)	The SMU is running properly but fails to communicate with the host.
Minor alarm indicator	Yello w	Off	No minor alarm or warning is generated.
		Steady on	A minor alarm or warning is generated.
Major alarm indicator	Red	Off	No critical or major alarm is generated.
		Steady on	A critical or major alarm is generated.

2.3.1.5 PSU

The PSU (R4830G) converts AC input power into stable DC power.

Appearance



Indicators

Table 2-12 Indicator description

Indicator	Color	Status	Description
Power	Green	Steady on	The PSU has AC input.
indicator		Off	The PSU has no AC input.
			The PSU is damaged.
		Blinking (0.5 Hz)	Querying is in progress.
		Blinking (4 Hz)	The PSU is loading an application program.
Alarm indicator	Yellow	Off	The PSU has no protection alarm.

Indicator	Color	Status	Description
		Steady on	• A warning is generated due to ambient overtemperature.
			 A shutdown protection alarm is generated due to ambient overtemperature or undertemperature.
			AC input overvoltage or undervoltage protection is triggered.
			The PSU is hibernating.
		Blinking (0.5 Hz)	The communication between the PSU and an external device is interrupted.
Fault	Red	Off	The PSU is normal.
indicator		Steady on	The module locks out due to output overvoltage.
			The PSU has no output due to internal faults.

2.3.2 Monitoring System

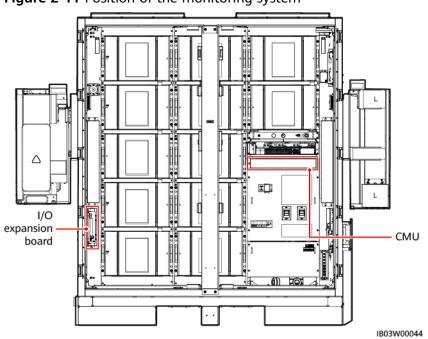
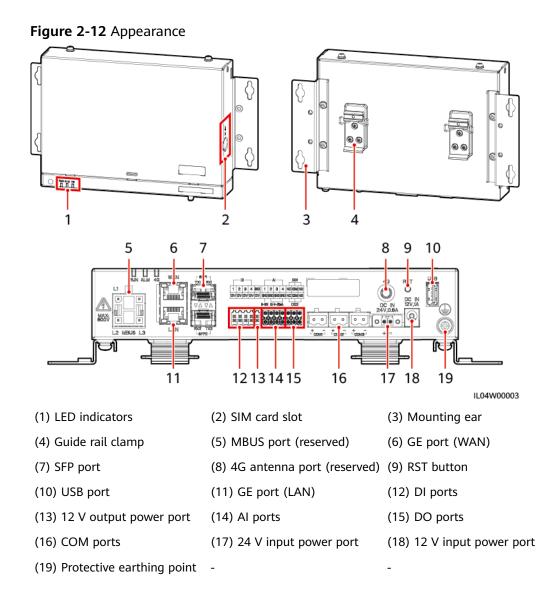


Figure 2-11 Position of the monitoring system

2.3.2.1 Central Monitoring Unit (CMU)

Appearance



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Indicators

 Table 2-13 Indicator description

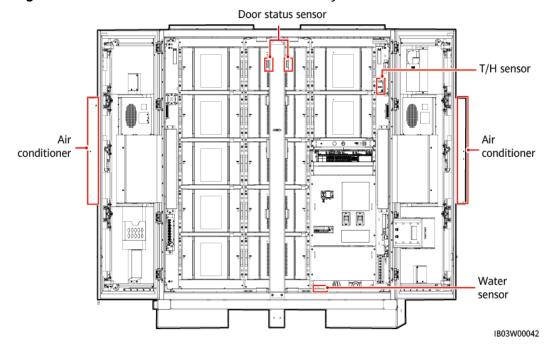
Indicator	Status		Description
Running	Green off		Not powered on
indicator (RUN) RUN	Blinking green s and then off fo	slowly (on for 1s r 1s)	The communication with the management system is normal.
1-1	Blinking green fast (on for 0.125s and then off for 0.125s)		The communication with the management system is interrupted.
Alarm/ Maintenance	Alarm status	Red off	No system alarm is generated.
		Blinking red slowly (on for 1s and then off for 4s)	The system raises a warning alarm.
		Blinking red fast (on for 0.5s and then off for 0.5s)	The system raises a minor alarm.
		Steady red	The system raises a major alarm.
	Maintenance status	Green off	No local maintenance is in progress.
		Blinking green slowly (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	Local maintenance is in progress.
		Blinking green fast (on for 0.125s and then off for 0.125s)	Local maintenance fails or the connection to the app is to be set up.
		Steady green	Local maintenance succeeded.

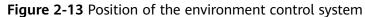
2.3.2.2 I/O Expansion Board

The I/O expansion board controls and monitors the door status sensor, sensors, and air conditioners in the ESS, connects cables to the fire suppression system, and black starts the system.

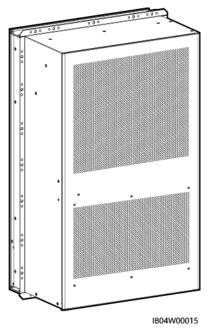
Technical Specifications	I/O Expansion Board
Model	ENF1DETC
Operating voltage	220 V AC/12 V DC/24 V DC
Operating current	≤ 1 A
Operating temperature	-30°C to +55°C
Humidity	≤ 95% RH (non-condensing)
Dimensions (H x W x D)	113.7 mm x 251 mm x 54.5 mm

2.3.3 Environment Control System





2.3.3.1 Air Conditioner

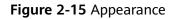


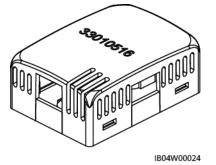
Technical Specifications	Air Conditioner
Power specifications	Operating voltage range: -42 V DC to -57 V DC; rated voltage: -48 V DC
Temperature control range	15-35°C
Temperature control precision	±1°C
Sensible cooling capacity (L25/45)	2000 W
Rated power	1050 W
Maximum power	1200 W
Air volume	700 m ³ /h
Heating capacity	1200 W
Dimensions (H x W x D)	746 mm x 446 mm x 300 mm
Weight	38.4 kg
IP rating	IP55 (between the internal air circulation and the external air circulation)
Operating temperature range	-30°C to +55°C

Figure 2-14 Appearance

Technical Specifications	Air Conditioner
Refrigerant	R134a
Variable-frequency or not	Variable-frequency air conditioner

2.3.3.2 T/H Sensor





NOTE

- The appearance of the T/H sensor delivered onsite may vary.
- The T/H sensor belongs to the environment control system and fire suppression system in the ESS.

Technical Specifications	T/H Sensor
Temperature measurement range	-20°C to +80°C
Measurement range and precision	Temperature: -20° C to $+80^{\circ}$ C, error $\leq \pm 1^{\circ}$ C Humidity: 0% RH to 100% RH, error $\leq \pm 8\%$ RH
Operating temperature	-20°C to +80°C
Operating voltage	9–16 V DC
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C
Signal output	Two RJ45 ports, bidirectional cascading

The T/H sensor uses an RJ45 connector.

Figure 2-16 Pins of an RJ45 connector

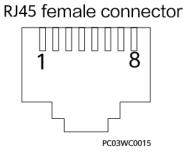
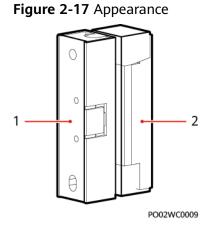


Table 2-14 Pin definitions of an RJ45 connector

Pin	Description
Pin 1 or pin 4	A
Pin 2 or pin 5	В
Pin 3	V+
Pin 6	Reserved
Pin 7	Reserved
Pin 8	V-

2.3.3.3 Door Status Sensor



(1) Switch

(2) Magnet

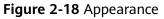
Technical Specifications	Door Status Sensor
Connection method	Wiring terminals
Rated current	500 mA

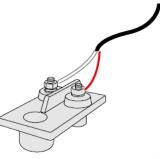
Technical Specifications	Door Status Sensor
Startup distance	25–45 mm
Rated Power	10 W
Securing method	Screw
Hole spacing	40 mm±0.8 mm
Switch voltage	100 V DC (Max)
Contact withstand voltage	150 V DC (Max)
Impedance	0.3 Ω
Switch status	Steady on
Outer material	White acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) engineering plastic

2.3.3.4 Electrode Water Sensor

The water sensor detects water based on the resistance change between both electrodes.

When the electrodes detect water, they are short-circuited and the CMU reports an alarm.





PO01WC0769

Technical Specifications	Electrode Water Sensor
Operating temperature	-40°C to +80°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C

2.3.4 Fire Suppression System

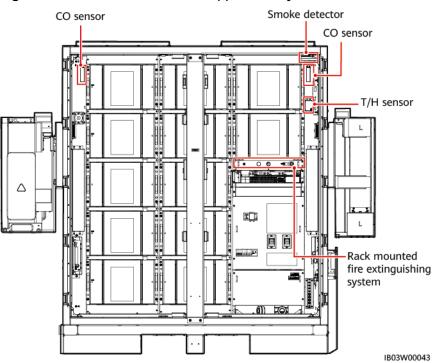


Figure 2-19 Position of the fire suppression system

2.3.4.1 Rack Mounted Fire Extinguishing System

- 1. The rack mounted fire extinguishing system is pre-integrated in the cabinet.
- 2. The extinguishant is perfluorohexanone which features high insulation, environment friendly, and quick fire extinguishing and cooling.

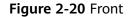
Working Principles

The rack mounted fire extinguishing system adopts the thermo bulb and electric startup mode.

- When the temperature inside the cabinet is higher than the temperature of the thermo bulb for a certain period of time, the thermo bulb breaks to start the rack mounted fire extinguishing system.
- When the external fire suppression system detects a fire, it triggers the electric start signal of the rack mounted fire suppression system and opens the storage device of the extinguishant. The extinguishant is released through the nozzle to cool down and put out the fire.

D NOTE

- The thermo bulb can also work normally during electric startup.
- When a fire occurs, the thermo bulb can start the rack mounted fire extinguishing system even if the electric startup mode fails. This ensures that the rack mounted fire extinguishing system can be started reliably.



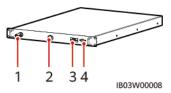
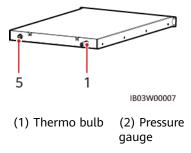


Figure 2-21 Rear



(3) Wiring port (4) Signal for electric startup feedback

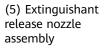
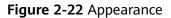
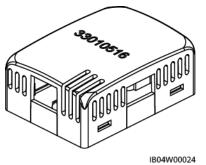


Table 2-15 Technical	specifications
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Technical Specifications Rack Mounted Fire Extinguishing System		Rack Mounted Fire Extinguishing System
Storage press 20°C)	sure (at	1.6 MPa±0.2 MPa
Startup mod bulb)	e (thermo	Startup at a constant temperature: 79°C±3°C
Startup mod startup)	e (electric	External 12 V power, started by the solenoid valve
Alarming mo	ode	Dry contact signal feedback
Operating environme nt	Safe operating temperatur e	-30°C to +55°C
	Transportat ion temperatur e	-40°C to +60°C
	Storage temperatur e	-40°C to +60°C
	Relative humidity	≤ 97% RH (40°C, non-condensing)
Dimensions		\leq 1 U (height) x 700 mm (depth) x 482 mm±1 mm (width)

2.3.4.2 T/H Sensor





NOTE

- The appearance of the T/H sensor delivered onsite may vary.
- The T/H sensor belongs to the environment control system and fire suppression system in the ESS.

Technical Specifications	T/H Sensor
Temperature measurement range	-20°C to +80°C
Measurement range and precision	Temperature: -20° C to $+80^{\circ}$ C, error $\leq \pm 1^{\circ}$ C
	Humidity: 0% RH to 100% RH, error \leq ±8% RH
Operating temperature	-20°C to +80°C
Operating voltage	9–16 V DC
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C
Signal output	Two RJ45 ports, bidirectional cascading

The T/H sensor uses an RJ45 connector.

Figure 2-23 Pins of an RJ45 connector RJ45 female connector

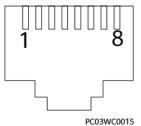
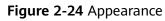
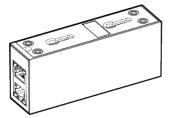


Table 2-16 Pin definitions of an RJ45 connector

Pin	Description
Pin 1 or pin 4	A
Pin 2 or pin 5	В
Pin 3	V+
Pin 6	Reserved
Pin 7	Reserved
Pin 8	V-

2.3.4.3 CO Sensor





Technical Specifications	CO Sensor
Dimensions (H x W x D)	40 mm x 97 mm x 25 mm
Operating voltage	8-30 V DC
Stability	≤ ±3% FS/year
Precision	≤ ±10% FS
Power consumption	0.12 W
Output signal	RS485
Operating temperature	-25°C to +55°C
Humidity	5%–95% RH (non-condensing)
Resolution	≤ 30 ppm
Response time	≤ 60s
Cabling mode	RJ45 network port
Installation mode	Gourd-shaped mounting hole/nut/magnet

Figure 2-25 Pins of an RJ45 connector

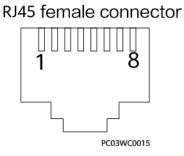


Table 2-17 Pin definitions of an RJ45 connector

Pin	Description
Pin 1 or pin 4	A
Pin 2 or pin 5	В
Pin 3	V+
Pin 6	Reserved
Pin 7	Reserved
Pin 8	V-

2.3.4.4 Smoke Detector

The smoke detector can detect the smoke concentration in the environment.



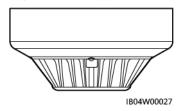


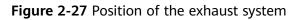
Table 2-18 Indicator description

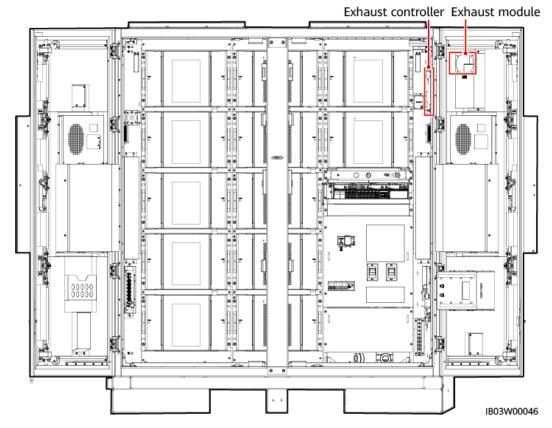
Name	Color	Status	Description
Indicator	Red	Steady on	The detector enters the alarm state.
		Blinking	The detector enters the monitoring state.

Table 2-19 Technical	specifications
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Technical Specifications	Smoke Detector	
Operating voltage	12 V (9–16 V DC)	
Quiescent current	< 8 mA	
Alarm current	< 35 mA	
Output mode	Relay output	
Polarity	None	
Output contact capacity	3 A/120 V AC or 3 A/24 V AC	
Operating temperature	-20°C to +60°C	
Ambient humidity	< 95% RH (non-condensing)	

2.3.5 Exhaust System

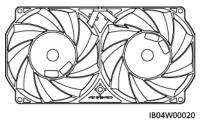




2.3.5.1 Exhaust Module

The exhaust module is the actuator of the active air exhaust system. When the combustible gas is released from the battery, the exhaust module reduces the concentration of combustible gas in the battery cabin.

Figure 2-28 Appearance



Technical Specifications	Exhaust Module
Dimensions (H x W x D)	38 mm x 194 mm x 99 mm
Operating voltage	36-72 V DC
Rated rotating speed	9500 RPM±10%
Operating temperature	-25°C to +70°C

2.3.5.2 Exhaust Controller

The exhaust controller TCUE receives commands from the CMU and adjusts the fan speed.

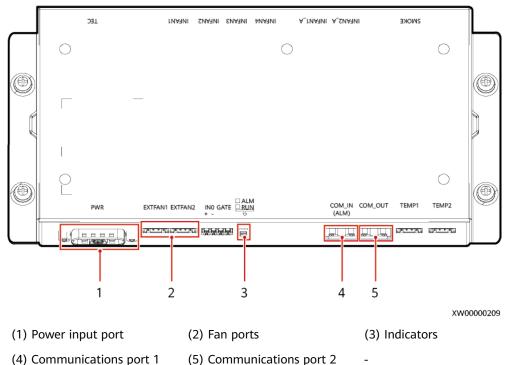


Figure 2-29 Appearance

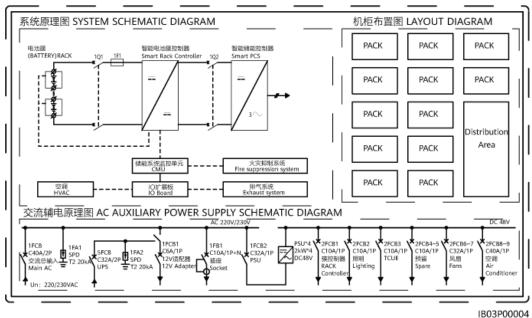
Table 2-20 Indicator description

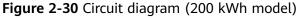
Indica tor	Color	Status	Description
RUN	Green	Steady on	Power supply to the board is normal but no program is running.
		Blinking (0.5 Hz)	The system is running properly.
		Blinking (4 Hz)	Serial port communication is interrupted or the board is not registered.
		Off	The system is not powered on.
ALM	Red	Steady on	Power supply to the board is normal but no program is running.
		Blinking (0.5 Hz)	An alarm is generated.
		Off	No alarm is generated.

2.4 Working Principle

2.4.1 Circuit Diagram

The 97 kWh, 129 kWh, and 161 kWh models require two fuses: 1F1 and 1F2. The 200 kWh model requires only fuse 1F1. The following figure shows the circuit diagram of the 200 kWh model.





2.4.2 Device Status

The ESS has six states: running, hibernating, self-checking, fault, offline, and loading.

Status	Description
Running	The ESS is charging from an external DC source or discharging for external devices.
Hibernating	The ESS stops charging and discharging and shuts down the rack controllers.
	 In the running state, if the ESS receives a hibernation command, it enters the hibernation state.
	 In the hibernation state, if the ESS receives a running command, it enters the running state.
Self-checking	The ESS is in progress of a self-check.
Fault	If a rack controller or battery pack is faulty, the system enters the fault state.
Offline	A rack controller is disconnected from the CMU.

Table 2-21 Device status description

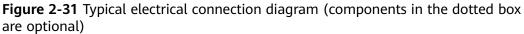
Status	Description
Loading	After the CMU starts, the system is waiting for battery packs to be connected.

2.5 Networking Application

2.5.1 On-Grid Scenario

NOTE

In a PV+ESS scenario, one SmartLogger supports a maximum of 20 ESSs in parallel and 30 PV inverters.



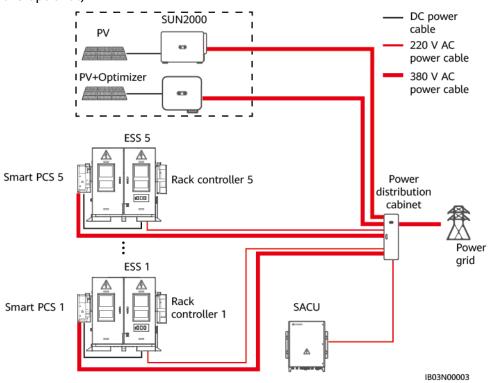


Table 2-22 1.0 MWh/500 kW	V standard solution configurations
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No.	Name	Recommended Model/ Specifications	Quantity	Source
1	Smart String Energy Storage System (ESS)	LUNA2000-200KWH-2H1	5	Purchased from the Company

No.	Name	Recommended Model/ Specifications	Quantity	Source
2	Smart Power Control System (PCS)	LUNA2000-100KTL-M1	5	Purchased from the Company
3	Smart Rack Controller (rack controller)	-	5	Purchased from the Company
4	Smart Array Controller (SACU)	SmartACU2000D-D-00	1	Purchased from the Company
5	Power distribution cabinet	The specifications shall comply with the Smart PCS specifications, auxiliary power supply specifications, actual application scenarios, and local laws and regulations.	1	Prepared by the customer
6	Inverter	 SUN2000-(100KTL, 110KTL, 115KTL)-M2 SUN2000-(20KTL, 29.9KTL, 30KTL, 36KTL, 40KTL)-M3 SUN2000-(50KTL- ZHM3, 50KTL-M3) SUN2000-(20KTL-M3, 33KTL-NH, 40KTL-NH) SUN2000-(20KTL- NHM3 SUN2000-(75KTL, 100KTL, 110KTL, 125KTL) series SUN2000-111KTL- NHM0 	Configured based on the capacity requireme nts	Prepared by the customer

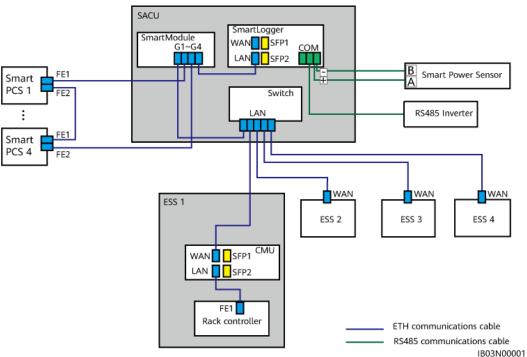
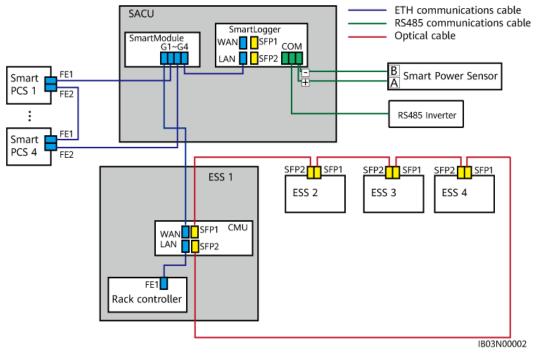


Figure 2-32 Typical communication networking diagram (FE)

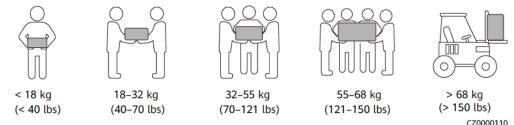




2 Product Description

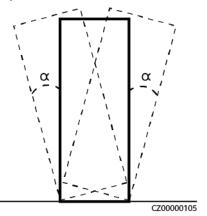
3 Transportation Requirements

• Be cautious to prevent injury when moving heavy objects.



- If multiple persons need to move a heavy object together, determine the manpower and work division with consideration of height and other conditions to ensure that the weight is equally distributed.
- If two persons or more move a heavy object together, ensure that the object is lifted and landed simultaneously and moved at a uniform pace under the supervision of one person.
- Wear personal protective gears such as protective gloves and shoes when manually moving the equipment.
- To move an object by hand, approach to the object, squat down, and then lift the object gently and stably by the force of the legs instead of your back. Do not lift it suddenly or turn your body around.
- Move or lift the equipment by holding its handles or lower edges. Do not hold the handles of modules that are installed in the equipment.
- Do not quickly lift a heavy object above your waist. Place the object on a workbench that is half-waist high or any other appropriate place, adjust the positions of your palms, and then lift it.
- Move a heavy object stably with balanced force at an even and low speed. Put down the object stably and slowly to prevent any collision or drop from scratching the surface of the equipment or damaging the components and cables.
- When moving a heavy object, be aware of the workbench, slope, staircase, and slippery places. When moving a heavy object through a door, ensure that the door is wide enough to move the object and avoid bumping or injury.
- When transferring a heavy object, move your feet instead of turning your waist around. When lifting and transferring a heavy object, ensure that your feet point to the target direction of movement.

- When transporting the equipment using a pallet truck or forklift, ensure that the tynes are properly positioned so that the equipment does not topple. Before moving the equipment, secure it to the pallet truck or forklift using ropes. When moving the equipment, assign dedicated personnel to take care of it.
- Ensure that tilt angle of the cabinet meets the requirements shown in the figure. The tilt angle α of a cabinet with packaging must be less than or equal to 15°. After the cabinet is unpacked, its tilt angle α must be less than or equal to 10°.



Transportation Requirements

▲ DANGER

Load or unload batteries with caution. Otherwise, the batteries may be shortcircuited or damaged (such as leakage and crack), catch fire, or explode.

Do not move a battery by holding its terminals, bolts, or cables. Otherwise, the battery may be damaged.

Keep batteries in the correct direction during transportation. They must not be placed upside down or tilted, and must be protected against falling down, mechanical impact, rains, snows, and falling into water during transportation.

Batteries must be transported separately. Do not transport a cabinet with batteries installed. If the cabinet needs to be transported or moved, remove the batteries first.

- Batteries have obtained the certifications of the UN38.3 (UN38.3: section 38.3 of the sixth Revised Edition of the Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria) and SN/T 0370.2-2009 (Part 2: Performance Test of the Rules for the Inspection of Packaging for Exporting Dangerous Goods). The batteries belong to class 9 dangerous goods.
- The transportation service provider must be qualified to transport dangerous goods. Open truck transportation is not allowed.

- Batteries are delivered to the site directly and the road or sea transportation requirements shall be met.
- Comply with the international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods and meet the requirements of the transportation regulatory authorities in the countries of departure, route, and destination.
- Choose sea or roads in good conditions for transportation. Do not transport the equipment by railway or air. Avoid tilt or jolt during transportation.
- Maritime transport must comply with the *International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code* (IMDG Code).
- Road transport must comply with the *Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road* (ADR) or JT/T 617.
- Before transportation, check that the battery package is intact and that there is no abnormal odor, leakage, smoke, or sign of burning. Otherwise, the batteries must not be transported.
- The packing case must be secured for transportation. Handle the case with care during loading and unloading, and take moisture-proof measures during transportation.
- Exercise caution when moving batteries to prevent bumping and ensure personal safety.
- Unless otherwise specified, dangerous goods must not be mixed with goods containing food, medicine, animal feed, or their additives in the same vehicle or container.
- Unless otherwise specified, when dangerous goods packages are loaded in the same vehicle or container as ordinary goods, they shall be separated in either of the following ways:
 - Use a spacer that is as high as the packages.
 - Keep a distance of at least 0.8 m around.
- Before transporting a faulty battery (with scorch, leakage, bulge, or water intrusion), insulate its positive and negative terminals, pack it, and place it in an insulated explosion-proof box as soon as possible. Record information such as the site name, address, time, and fault symptom on the box.
- When transporting faulty batteries, avoid approaching flammable material storage areas, residential areas, or other densely populated places, such as mass transit facilities or elevators.

4 Storage Requirements

General Requirements

NOTE

- Proof that the product is stored according to the requirements must be available, such as temperature and humidity log data, storage environment photos, and inspection reports.
- Do not store battery packs for extended periods. Long-term storage of lithium batteries may cause capacity loss. Generally, the irreversible capacity loss is 3% to 10% after the lithium batteries are stored at the recommended storage temperature range for 12 months.
- The storage environment must be clean and dry. The product must be protected against rain and water.
- The air must not contain corrosive or flammable gases.
- Do not tilt the product or place it upside down.
- If equipment except battery packs has been stored for more than two years, it must be checked and tested by professionals before use.

4.1 ESS (Excluding Battery Packs) Storage

- Do not unpack an ESS if it will be stored for a long time.
- Do not stack the ESSs.
- Ensure that the ground surface is flat (for long-term or temporary storage).
- Close the cabinet door.
- Storage temperature: -40°C to +60°C; relative humidity: 5%-95% RH

4.2 Battery Pack Storage and Single Battery Pack Charge

Material Delivery Check

There must be a battery charge label on the packing case. The charge label must specify the latest charge time and the next charge time.

Figure 4-1 Battery charge label



Storage Requirements

- Ensure that batteries are stored in a dry, clean, and ventilated indoor environment that is free from sources of strong infrared or other radiations, organic solvents, corrosive gases, and conductive metal dust. Do not expose batteries to direct sunlight or rain and keep them far away from sources of heat and ignition.
- If a battery is faulty (with scorch, leakage, bulge, or water intrusion), move it to a dangerous goods warehouse for separate storage. The distance between the battery and any combustible materials must be at least 3 m. The battery must be scrapped as soon as possible.
- Place batteries correctly according to the signs on the packing case during storage. Do not place batteries upside down, lay them on one side, or tilt them. Stack batteries in accordance with the stacking requirements on the packing cases.
- Store batteries in a separate place. Do not store batteries together with other devices. Do not stack batteries too high. The site must be equipped with qualified fire fighting facilities, such as fire sand and fire extinguishers.

It is recommended that batteries be used soon after being deployed onsite. Batteries that have been stored for an extended period shall be charged periodically. Otherwise, they may be damaged.

Picture	Description
	This way up: The package shall be vertically oriented during transport and storage.
	Fragile: The package contains fragile objects and shall be handled with care.
	Keep dry: The package shall be kept away from rain.
	Stacking limit by number: The packages shall not be vertically stacked beyond the specified number. The actual label may vary.

Table 4-1 Packaging label description

- The storage environment requirements are as follows:
 - Ambient temperature: -40°C to +60°C (recommended: 20°C to 30°C)
 - Relative humidity: 5%–95% RH (recommended: about 45% RH)
 - Dry, clean, and well-ventilated
 - Away from corrosive organic solvents and gases
 - Away from direct sunlight
 - At least 2 meters away from heat sources
- The batteries in storage must be disconnected from external devices. The indicators (if any) on the batteries must be off.
- The storage duration starts from the latest charge time labeled on the battery package. If a battery is qualified after charge, update the latest charge time (recommended format: YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM) and the next charge time (Next charge time = Latest charge time + Charge interval) on the label.
- The total storage and transportation time of the battery packs shall not exceed eight months (starting from delivery). If it exceeds eight months, charge the batteries and calibrate the SOC to at least 50%. Otherwise, the battery performance and service life may be deteriorated.

- Do not unpack batteries. If charging is necessary, they must be charged by professionals as required and then returned to their original packaging after charging.
- The warehouse keeper shall collect battery storage information every month and periodically report the battery inventory information. The batteries in long-term storage shall be charged in a timely manner.

- Only trained and qualified personnel are allowed to charge batteries. Wear insulated gloves and use dedicated insulated tools during the operation.
- Observe onsite during charge and handle any exceptions in a timely manner.
- If a battery experiences an abnormality such as bulging or smoking during charge, stop charging immediately and dispose of it.
- AC mains input voltage requirements for charging:
 - 220 V (three-phase 260–530 V AC or single-phase 176–300 V AC)
 - 110 V (three-phase 130–265 V AC or single-phase 90–175 V AC)
 - AC input power cables used for charging in the warehouse must have a through-current capacity greater than 23 A.
- If batteries have been stored for longer than allowed, promptly report the event to the person in charge.
- Ensure that batteries are delivered based on the "first in, first out" rule.
- Handle batteries with caution to avoid damage.

Conditions for Determining Overdue Storage of Battery Packs

- Do not store batteries for extended periods.
- The total storage and transportation time of the battery packs shall not exceed eight months (starting from delivery). If it exceeds eight months, charge the batteries and calibrate the SOC to at least 50%. Otherwise, the battery performance and service life may be deteriorated.
- If batteries have been stored for longer than allowed, promptly report the event to the person in charge.
- Dispose of deformed, damaged, or leaking batteries directly irrespective of how long they have been stored.
- The storage duration starts from the latest charge time labeled on the battery package. If a battery is qualified after charge, update the latest charge time (recommended format: YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM) and the next charge time (Next charge time = Latest charge time + Charge interval) on the label.
- Charge batteries during storage once every eight months for a maximum of three times. Dispose of batteries if the maximum charge times are exceeded.

Preparing Charging Devices

• Multimeter

- Clamp meter
- Insulated torque socket wrench
- Charger

Inspection Before Charge

- 1. Before charging a battery, you need to check its appearance. Charge the qualified battery or dispose of the unqualified one.
- 2. The battery is qualified if it is free from the following symptoms:
 - Deformation
 - Shell damage
 - Leakage
- 3. Check that the accessories are complete based on the packing list delivered with the charger.

Full Charge Strategy

The charging ambient temperature ranges from 15°C to 40°C.

Charge and Discharge Current (Unit: Ampere)	Charging Duration (Excluding Equalization)	
20	24 hours (fully discharge the battery and then charge the battery to 50% SOC)	
40 ^[1]	12 hours (fully discharge the battery and then charge the battery to 50% SOC)	
Note 1: In customized mode, use the AC 220 V/20 A (6 mm ²) power cable delivered with the charger.		

Charging Procedure

NOTE

Prepare the battery qualified for charge.

- **Step 1** Connect the communications port on the charger to the COM-2 and 48V-2 ports on the battery using the CAN communications cable (48 V) delivered with the charger.
- **Step 2** Connect the positive and negative cable ports on the charger to the positive and negative ports on the battery using the positive and negative DC input power cables delivered with the charger.
- **Step 3** Connect the AC INPUT port on the charger to the utility power source using the power cable delivered with the charger.
- **Step 4** Turn on the AC circuit breaker of the charger.

- **Step 5** Turn on the DC circuit breaker of the charger.
- **Step 6** Operate the charger according to its manual.
- **Step 7** After the charge and discharge are complete, wait until the fan in the charger keeps running for about 5 minutes to dissipate the residual heat, turn off the AC and DC circuit breakers, and remove the cables.

----End

4.3 Smart Rack Controller Storage

If a Smart Rack Controller will not be used immediately, store it according to the following requirements:

- Do not remove the packaging. Check the packaging regularly (recommended: once every three months). Replace any packing materials that become damaged during storage. If the Smart Rack Controller is unpacked but will not be used immediately, put it back to the original packaging with the desiccant, and seal with tape.
- Storage temperature: -40°C to +70°C; relative humidity: 5%-95% RH
- Stack Smart Rack Controllers with caution to prevent them from falling over, resulting in personal injury or equipment damage.

5 Site Requirements

5.1 Site Selection Requirements

NOTICE

Refer to the *NFPA 855 Standard for the Installation of Stationary Energy Storage Systems* and local laws and regulations.

5.1.1 General Requirements

- The horizontal level of the installation site shall be above the highest water level of that area in history and at least 300 mm above the ground. The site must not be located in a low-lying land.
- For safety purposes, the distance between the ESS and residential buildings must be greater than or equal to 12 m, and the distance between the ESS and densely populated buildings such as schools and hospitals must be greater than 30.5 m. If the distance does not meet the requirement, fire walls shall be installed between the ESS and the buildings.
- The ESS and the site must be in an environment free from explosion risks.
- Transportation to the site shall be convenient and fire suppression facilities shall be reliable.

NOTE

- When installing, commissioning, and operating the ESS, ensure that at least two gas fire extinguishers are provided near each unit to ensure fire safety.
- Reserve sockets for the water fire suppression system at the ESS site.
- The site area must meet the requirements and there shall be space for capacity expansion.
- The ESS shall be installed more than 30 m away from the third-party wireless communication facilities.
- The site shall be in a well-ventilated place.

Do not select the sites that are not recommended by industry standards and regulations, including but not limited to the following areas:

- Areas with sources of strong vibration, loud noises, and strong electromagnetic interference
- Areas with dust, oil fumes, harmful gases, corrosive gases, etc.
- Areas with corrosive, flammable, and explosive materials
- Areas with existing underground facilities
- Areas with adverse geological conditions such as rubbery soil and soft soil layer, or prone to waterlogging and land subsidence
- Under a reservoir, water landscape, and water room

NOTE

- If areas prone to waterlogging cannot be avoided, install water blocking and drainage facilities or raise the ground.
- Cable trenches shall not be used for drainage. Fire retardant sealing shall be implemented at cable holes (such as holes through partition walls and floors).
- Areas prone to earthquakes and with seismic fortification intensity higher than 9
- Areas prone to debris flow, landslide, quicksand, karst caves, and other direct hazards
- Areas within the mining land subsidence (dislocation) zone
- Areas within the scope of blasting hazard
- Areas prone to flood due to a dam or levee failure
- Protection areas for important water supply sources
- Protection areas for historic relics
- Populated areas, high-rise buildings, and underground buildings
- Intersections and busy roads of urban main roads

Requirements for flood and waterlogging prevention in site selection:

- The site design elevation of a large-scale electrochemical energy storage system (power ≥ 100 MW) shall be higher than the flood level with a probability of 1% or the historical highest waterlogging level.
- The site design elevation of a medium- or small-scale electrochemical energy storage system (power < 100 MW) shall be higher than the flood level with a probability of 2% or the historical highest waterlogging level.
- If the site design elevation cannot meet the preceding requirements, change the site location or take different flood and waterlogging prevention measures based on the site requirements.
- For energy storage plants prone to wind and waves from rivers, lakes, and seas, the elevation of flood prevention facilities shall consider the wind and wave height with a probability of 2% and an additional safety height of 0.5 m.
- When a large amount of catchment water flows into or passes through the site, it is recommended that side ditches or drainage ditches be built to drain water from the ground in an organized manner.

5.1.2 Outdoor Requirements

The general requirements for selecting an outdoor ESS site are as follows:

- There must be no vegetation, especially flammable plants within 3 m of the ESS or the site to protect the ESS from possible fires. (Exemption: Single specimens of trees, shrubbery, or cultivated ground cover such as green grass, ivy, succulents, or similar plants used as ground covers shall be permitted to be exempt provided that they do not form a means of readily transmitting fire.)
- No obstacle shall be above the ESS. For example, the ESS must not be installed under a parking shed and PV modules must not be installed on the top of the ESS.
- The safety distances between the ESS and production buildings must comply with local fire protection regulations or standards.
 - The ESS located outdoors must be at least 10 ft (3.048 m) away from lot lines, public ways, buildings, combustible materials, hazardous materials, high-piled stock, parking spaces, and other exposure hazards not associated with electrical grid infrastructure.
 - If either of the following conditions is met, the distance between the ESS and the production building shall be permitted to be reduced to 3 ft (0.914 m). In addition, clearance requirements for equipment transportation, installation, and maintenance shall be considered.
 - There are 1-hour freestanding fire walls, extending 5 ft (1.5 m) above and extending 5 ft (1.5 m) beyond the physical boundary of the ESS installation.
 - Non-combustible exterior walls with no openings or combustible overhangs are provided on the walls adjacent to the ESS and the fire resistance rating of the exterior walls complies with 2-hour fire resistance rating of ASTM E119 or UL 263.
- The distance between the exhaust device of an ESS and the heating and ventilation vents, air intake vents of air conditioners, windows, doors, unloading platforms, and fire sources of other buildings or facilities must be greater than 4.6 m.
- The ESS cannot be installed in salt-affected or polluted areas because this will cause corrosion. The ESS can be used in the following or better environments:
 - Outdoor environment more than 2000 m away from the coast. You are advised not to use the ESS in an area 500 m to 2000 m away from the coast. (If you need to use it, confirm with the vendor or the Company's engineers.) If the site is less than 500 m away from the coast, outdoor deployment is not allowed. Install the ESS indoors according to 5.1.3 Indoor Requirements.
 - More than 1500–3000 m away from heavy pollution sources such as smelteries, coal mines, and thermal power plants
 - More than 1000–2000 m away from medium pollution sources such as chemical, rubber, and electroplating industries
 - More than 500–1000 m away from light pollution sources such as packing houses, tanneries, boiler rooms, slaughterhouses, landfill sites, and sewage treatment plants

You are advised to select another site if the safety distance for a site cannot meet the requirements of relevant national standards.

Security fencing:

It is recommended that physical walls or fences be used for isolation and protection in the energy storage equipment area. The fences shall be equipped with a door lock and the recommended fence height is greater than 2.2 m. Fire walls shall be permitted to be substituted for part or all of the fences, depending on the actual design plans.

5.1.3 Indoor Requirements

The fire safety of the ESS dedicated-use buildings or structures must comply with local laws and regulations. Refer to standards including but not limited to NFPA 855 and comply with the following requirements:

- An ESS dedicated-use building or structure is required, with a 2-hour fire resistance rating for the walls and a maximum of 600 kWh lithium batteries stored per fire protection unit. The building or structure shall meet relevant requirements.
 - The building or structure shall only be used for the operation of the ESS equipment.
 - Occupants in the rooms and areas containing the ESS shall be limited to personnel that operate, maintain, service, test, and repair the ESS and other energy systems.
 - No other occupancy types shall be permitted in the building or structure.
- The distance between the ESS dedicated-use building or structure and the following places shall be greater than or equal to 3.0 m: lot lines, stored combustible materials, hazardous materials, high-piled stock, electrical infrastructure, public ways, buildings, and parking spaces.
- The layout in the ESS dedicated-use building or structure shall comply with local fire protection laws, regulations, and standards, such as the safe distance and layout of buildings and materials in various production scenarios.
- Combustible materials shall not be stored in the ESS dedicated-use building or structure. The distance between the combustible materials and the building or structure shall be greater than or equal to 3 m.
- The ESS dedicated-use building or structure shall be equipped with fire extinguishers filled with halogenatedane, heptafluoropropane, perfluorohexanone, carbon dioxide, or dry powder. Each fire protection unit shall be equipped with at least two fire extinguishers, which shall be checked and replaced periodically.
- The ESS dedicated-use building or structure shall be configured with roomlevel smoke detectors. At least two detectors of each type shall be configured, and the automatic fire alarm system shall be enabled.
- The ESS dedicated-use building or structure shall be equipped with independent ventilation devices. The ventilation devices shall interact with the fire alarm system and limit the concentration of flammable gas to below 25% of the lower flammability limit (LFL). The mechanical exhaust ventilation rate shall be greater than or equal to 1 ft³/min/ft² (5.1 L/sec/m²).

- The ESS dedicated-use building or structure shall be equipped with room-level flammable gas detection devices. Rooms containing the ESS shall be protected by an approved continuous gas detection system that complies with the following:
 - The gas detection system shall be designed to activate the mechanical exhaust ventilation system when the level of flammable gas detected in the rooms exceeds 25% of the LFL.
 - The mechanical exhaust ventilation system shall remain on until the flammable gas detected is less than 25% of the LFL.
 - The gas detection system shall be provided with a minimum of 2 hours of standby power.
 - Failure of the gas detection system shall annunciate a trouble signal at the monitoring center.
- The ESS dedicated-use building or structure shall be equipped with fire suppression facilities such as water spray or sprinkler systems. The water stored shall be able to supply for more than 2 hours at the designed water flow rate and the surrounding water source shall be able to supply water continuously for 12 hours to cope with the risk of reignition or fire spreading after a battery fire is extinguished. The water spray or sprinkler systems shall be designed using a minimum density of 0.3 gpm/ft² (12.2 mm/min) based over the area of the room or 2500 ft² (230 m²) design area, whichever is smaller.
- The ESS dedicated-use building or structure shall be equipped with pressure relief explosion-proof devices or pressure relief channels (such as glass windows and magnetic lock doors) with equivalent areas. According to the NFPA 68 standard, if side pressure relief is adopted, a protective fence or wall shall be installed outside the pressure relief channels, and the fence or wall shall be at least 3 m away from the pressure relief wall.
- The ambient temperature inside the building where the ESS is located shall be lower than 55°C when the ESS is running.
- The indoor ceiling height of the building or structure shall be at least 4.5 m. A minimum of 2 m clearance above the ESS shall be reserved for pressure relief and no flammable materials shall be placed above the ESS.
- Maintenance clearances:
 - The entrance and exit doors shall meet the clearance requirements for installing the ESS using a forklift.
 - The indoor area of the building shall meet the clearance requirements for the ESS maintenance and forklift operations.
- Exits and aisles:
 - Safety exits and aisles shall be set for all areas containing the ESS in accordance with the local building code.
 - Emergency lighting shall be provided for all exit doors and aisles in accordance with the local building code.
 - All exit doors shall be opened toward the exit direction.
- Exemption conditions:
 - The preceding installation requirements shall be in line with the requirements approved by the local fire department. On the premise that the fire department approval is obtained, the requirements on water

sprinkler systems, smoke detection, flammable gas detection, and explosion-proof can be exempt. However, the requirements on mechanical exhaust ventilation, pressure relief clearance above the ESS, heat dissipation, and maintenance clearance shall be met.

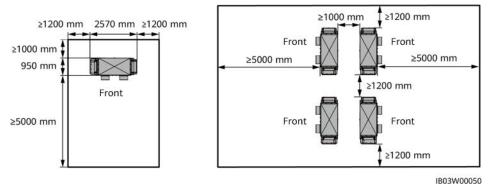
- When approved by the fire department, the fire control and suppression systems, size and separation requirements, and the water supply shall be permitted to be omitted in ESS dedicated-use buildings located more than 100 ft (30.5 m) from buildings, lot lines that can be built upon, public ways, stored combustible materials, hazardous materials, highpiled stock, and other exposure hazards not associated with electrical grid infrastructure.
- Requirements for offshore indoor applications:
 - If the ESS is less than 500 m away from the coast, ensure that it is located in an indoor environment within a dedicated protective building that has controllable temperature and humidity using air conditioners. The indoor environment must meet the C4 or higher level specified in ISO 12944/ISO 9223. In addition, the preceding site selection requirements for indoor applications must be met.
 - Anti-salt fog measures must be taken for outdoor air conditioners and mechanical ventilation devices. Anti-salt fog filters must be installed at the air intake and exhaust vents, or anti-salt fog air conditioners or ventilation devices must be used. The filters must be maintained and replaced periodically.

5.2 Clearance Requirements

NOTICE

The following figure shows the minimum clearance requirements for installation and O&M. The equipment clearances must also meet the site selection requirements (see **5.1 Site Selection Requirements**).





5.3 Foundation Requirements

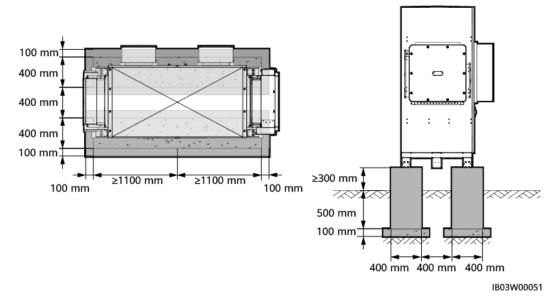


Figure 5-2 Foundation requirements

Requirements for foundation design solution:

- The ESS must be installed on concrete or other non-combustible surfaces. Ensure that the installation surface is horizontal, secure, flat, and has sufficient load-bearing capacity. Subsidence or slope is not allowed.
- The foundation shall sustain the total weight of the equipment. If the loadbearing capacity of the foundation does not meet the requirement, a review is required.
- The bottom of the excavated foundation must be compacted and flat.
- After the foundation is excavated, prevent water from entering the foundation. If water enters the foundation, excavate and refill the affected parts.
- The level tolerance between the foundation and the contact surface of the cabinet must be less than or equal to 3 mm.
- The foundation must be above the highest water level of the local area in history and at least 300 mm above the ground.
- Construct drainage facilities based on the local geological conditions and municipal drainage requirements to ensure that no water will accumulate at the equipment foundation. The foundation construction must meet the local drainage requirements for the maximum historical rainfall. The drained water must be disposed of in accordance with local laws and regulations.
- Reserve trenches or cable inlets for the ESS during foundation construction.
- The reserved holes on the foundation and the cable inlets at the bottom of the equipment shall be sealed.
- The foundation diagram is for reference only and cannot be used as the final construction drawing. The design specifications of the ESS foundation shall be

reviewed based on the installation environment, geological features, and seismic resistant requirements of the project site.

5.4 Forklift Requirements

- Do not move the ESS after battery packs are installed.
- Before using a forklift, ensure that the forklift has a load-bearing capacity of at least 2 t.
- It is recommended that the length of the tynes be greater than or equal to 1.2 m, the width be 80 cm to 160 cm, and the thickness be 25 cm to 70 cm.
- Lifting height of a forklift: If the foundation is less than or equal to 0.3 m high, the lifting height shall be greater than or equal to 2 m. If the foundation is greater than 0.3 m high, the lifting height shall be increased accordingly.

5.5 Hoisting Requirements

- Before hoisting, ensure that the crane and hoisting ropes meet the loadbearing requirements.
- When installing or removing the hoisting equipment, do not drag it on the cabinet to prevent scratches.

Stage	Precautions
Before hoisting	Crane hoisting capacity ≥ 2 t, working radius ≥ 2 m. If the onsite environment does not meet the required working conditions, ask a professional to assess the conditions.
	Only trained and qualified personnel are allowed to perform hoisting operations.
	Check that hoisting tools are complete and in good condition.
	Ensure that the hoisting tools are secured to a load-bearing object or wall.
	When the equipment is used outdoors, it is recommended that you hoist the equipment when the weather is good and there is no wind.
	Ensure that the crane and steel ropes meet the requirements before the hoisting.
	All doors of the equipment are closed and locked.
	Ensure that the steel hoisting ropes are securely connected.
	It is recommended that the equipment be hoisted from left to right or from right to left.

Stage	Precautions
During hoisting	Do not allow any unauthorized person to enter the hoisting areas and do not stand under the crane arm.
	Ensure that the crane is properly located and avoid long- distance hoisting.
	Keep the cabinet stable and horizontal during hoisting, and ensure that the diagonal gradient of the cabinet is less than or equal to 5 degrees.
	Ensure that the angle between two ropes is less than or equal to 90 degrees.
	Lift and land the cabinet slowly to prevent shock to equipment inside it.
	Remove the ropes after ensuring that the cabinet is placed evenly on the cabinet base.
	Do not drag steel ropes or lifting appliances. Do not collide with the equipment.
	Secure the cabinet you have hoisted before hoisting another cabinet.

6 Unpacking and Acceptance

NOTICE

- To prevent the equipment from falling over, secure it to a pallet truck or forklift using ropes before moving it. Move the equipment with caution to avoid bumping or falling, which may damage the equipment.
- After placing the equipment in the installation position, unpack it with care to prevent scratches. Keep the equipment stable during unpacking.
- After unpacking, check whether the fastening components and removable components are loose. If they are loose, notify the carrier and manufacturer immediately.
- Before unpacking batteries, check whether the packaging is intact. Do not use batteries with damaged packaging. If any damage is found, notify the carrier and manufacturer immediately.
- If the installation environment is poor, take dustproof and anti-condensation measures (for example, use a dust cover, plastic film, or fabric cloth) after unpacking batteries to prevent condensation and dust buildup, which may corrode the batteries.

7 Installation

- Ensure that the power circuit breaker is OFF before installing batteries.
- When installing batteries, do not place installation tools, metal parts, or sundries on the batteries. After the installation is complete, clean up the objects on the batteries and the surrounding area.
- When moving batteries, do not remove protective components such as protective covers or waterproof caps from battery terminals.
- Do not move or operate under the forklift tynes.
- You can operate the battery pack installation kit only after the forklift stops moving.

7.1 Installation Preparations

7.1.1 Preparing Tools

NOTE

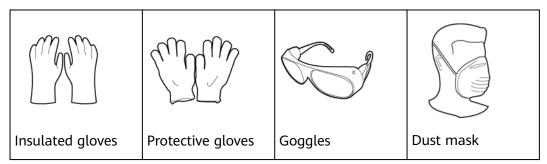
- The tool pictures are for reference only.
- The tool tables may not list out some tools required onsite. Onsite installation personnel and the customer need to prepare the tools based on the site requirements.

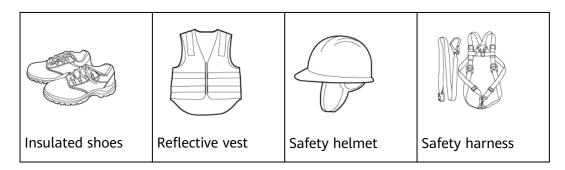
Installation Tools

Phillips insulated torque screwdriver	 Insulated torque socket wrench (including an extension bar) Socket specifications: 7–19 mm Socket depth ≥ 32 mm The socket connector matches the torque wrench. Torque range: 1.2–45 N·m 	Flat-head insulated torque screwdriver	Diagonal pliers
Wire stripper	Cable cutter	Rubber mallet	Utility knife
			•
RJ45 crimping tool	Hydraulic pliers	Multimeter DC voltage measurement range ≥ 1500 V DC	Marker

	<u></u>	A	
Steel measuring tape	Level	Vacuum cleaner	Hammer drill
			0>
Hammer drill bit	Heat shrink tubing	Heat gun	Cable tie
Φ16 mm			
A	8		
Insulated ladder	Crane	Lifting rope	Electric forklift
		Rope length ≥ 1845 mm x 4	
	-	-	-
Pallet truck			

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)





7.1.2 Pre-installation Check

Checking the Outer Packing

Before unpacking the equipment, check the outer packing for damage, such as holes and cracks, and check the equipment model. If any damage is found or the equipment model is not what you requested, do not unpack the product and contact your dealer as soon as possible.

NOTE

You are advised to remove the outer packing within 24 hours before installing the equipment.

If the cabinet is higher than 2 m, take protective measures for working at heights during unpacking.

Checking Deliverables

After unpacking the equipment, check that the deliverables are intact and complete, and free from any obvious damage. If any item is missing or damaged, contact your dealer.

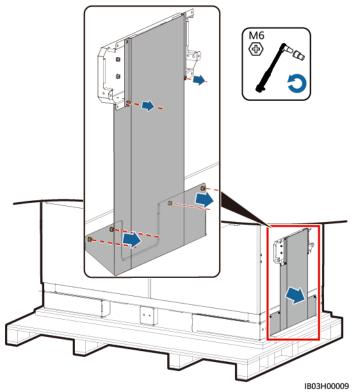
NOTE

For details about the number of accessories delivered with the equipment, see the *Packing List* in the packing case.

7.2 Installing the ESS

Step 1 Remove the baffle plate from the bottom of the ESS.





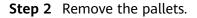
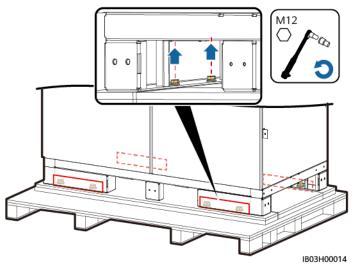
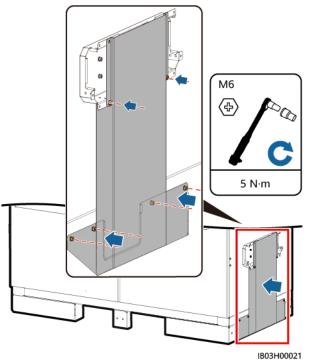


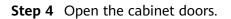
Figure 7-2 Removing the pallets



Step 3 Install the baffle plate to the bottom of the ESS.

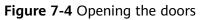


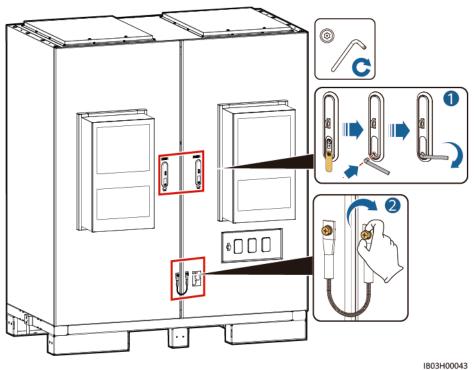


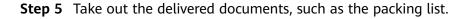


NOTE

Keep the keys properly after use.







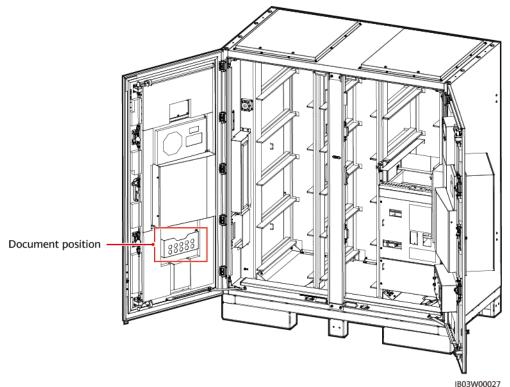
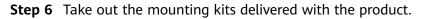


Figure 7-5 Document position



NOTE

After opening the door, check the number of deliverables based on the packing list. If any deliverable is missing, contact your dealer immediately.

Hoisting conversion bracket and screw	Anchor bracket, anchor bracket screw, and expansion bolt		Leveling spacer
			â

 Table 7-1 List of mounting kits

Step 7 After closing the cabinet doors, move the ESS to the specified position.

NOTE

If a forklift cannot be used on the transport route (for example, there is a slope), use a crane to move the ESS.

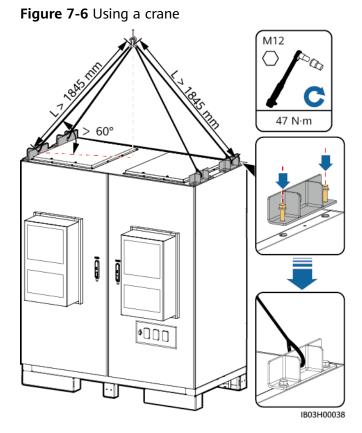
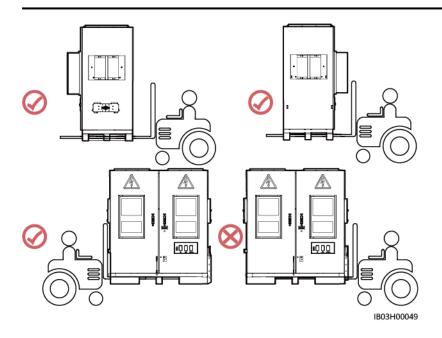


Figure 7-7 Using a forklift

NOTICE

When a forklift is used, bind and secure the ESS based on the site requirements to ensure there is no risk of falling.

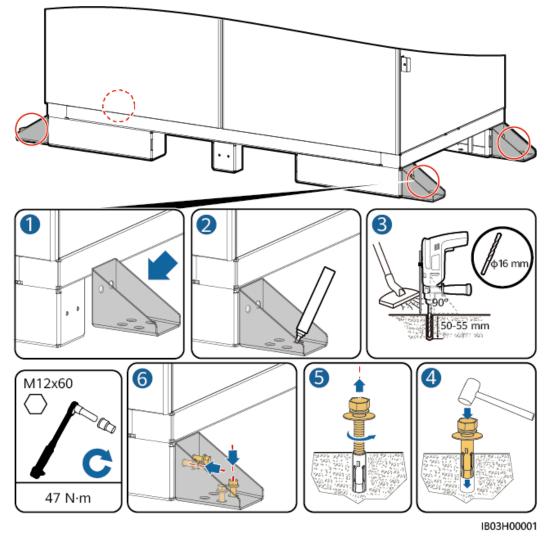


Step 8 Secure the ESS.

NOTE

If the ESS is not positioned stably, use a spacer to level the ESS before securing it.

Figure 7-8 Securing the ESS



----End

7.3 Connecting a Ground Cable for the ESS

NOTE

Ensure that the grounding impedance of the equipment complies with GB 50054 and local electrical standards.

7.3.1 Inside the Cabinet

Prerequisites

For details about how to crimp OT/DT terminals, see **A Crimping an OT or DT** Terminal.

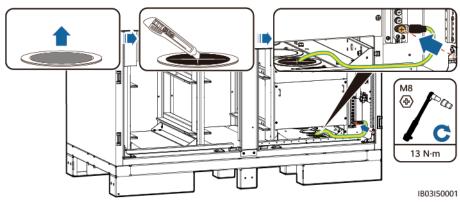
Name	Туре	Conductor Cross-Sectional Area	Outer Diameter	Terminal	Source
Ground cable	Single-core outdoor copper/ copper-clad aluminum/ aluminum alloy cable	25–50 mm ²	15–17.6 mm	M8 OT/DT terminal	Prepared by the customer
The specifications of the ground cable are subject to this table or calculated according to IEC					

60364-5-54.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Open the ESS cabinet doors.
- **Step 2** Connect the ground cable.

Figure 7-9 Connecting a ground cable

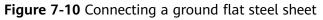


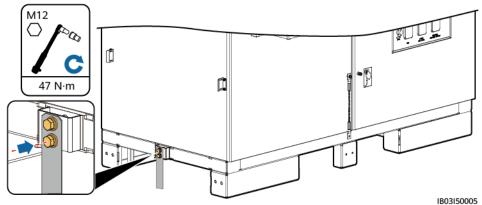
----End

7.3.2 (Optional) Outside the Cabinet

Using a Flat Steel Sheet

The hot-dip zinc-coated flat steel sheet needs to be prepared by the customer (recommended specification: $\geq -40 \times 4$). The specific dimensions depend on the onsite fault current and are subject to the design of the design institute.



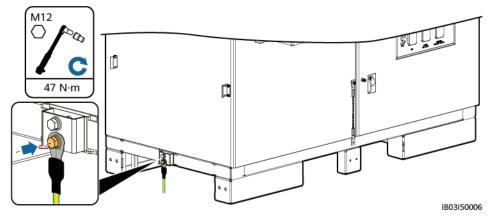


Using a Ground Cable

For details about how to crimp OT/DT terminals, see **A Crimping an OT or DT** Terminal.

Name	Туре	Conductor Cross-Sectional Area	Outer Diameter	Terminal	Source
Ground cable	Single-core outdoor copper/ copper-clad aluminum/ aluminum alloy cable	25–50 mm ²	15–17.6 mm	M12 OT/DT terminal	Prepared by the customer
The specifications of the ground cable are subject to this table or calculated according to IEC 60364-5-54.					

Figure 7-11 Connecting a ground cable



7.4 Installing Components

Component	Installation Position	Quantity		
Rack mounted fire extinguishing system	Above the power distribution area in the ESS	1		
Battery pack	Battery guide rails in the ESS	6/8/10/12 ^[1]		
Rack controller	Right side of the ESS	1		
Smart PCS	Left side of the ESS	1		
(Optional) Maintenance socket	Power distribution area in the ESS	1		
(Optional) Smart Power Sensor (DDSU666-H)	Power distribution area in the ESS	1		
Noto [1]:	•			

Table 7-2 Component installation list

Note [1]:

- Six dummy battery packs are preinstalled in the LUNA2000-97KWH-1H1 ESS, in which six battery packs are required.
- Four dummy battery packs are preinstalled in the LUNA2000-129KWH-2H1 ESS, in which eight battery packs are required.
- Two dummy battery packs are preinstalled in the LUNA2000-161KWH-2H1 ESS, in which ten battery packs are required.
- Twelve battery packs are required in the LUNA2000-200KWH-2H1 ESS.

NOTICE

Before installing components, ensure that the ESS is securely installed.

7.4.1 Installing the Rack Mounted Fire Extinguishing System

Prerequisites

- Ensure that the rack mounted fire extinguishing system is intact.
- Before installation, read the documents delivered with the rack mounted fire extinguishing system to understand the installation requirements and precautions.

Procedure

Install the rack mounted fire extinguishing system.

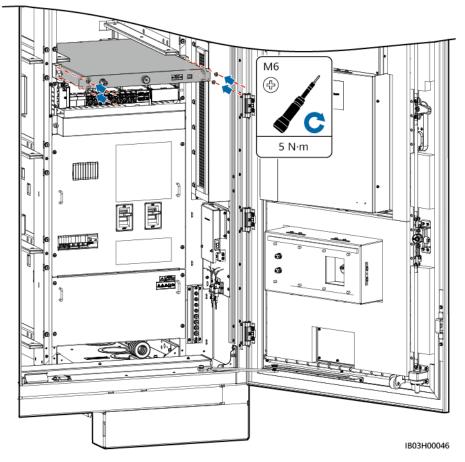


Figure 7-12 Installing the rack mounted fire extinguishing system

7.4.2 Installing Battery Packs

Context

- You are advised to use a forklift and battery installation tray kit (installation kit for short) to install battery packs. The installation kit is not delivered with the product and needs to be purchased separately from the Company.
- The appearance of the battery pack installation kit in this document is for reference only.

- Ensure that the power circuit breaker is OFF before installing batteries.
- When installing batteries, do not place installation tools, metal parts, or sundries on the batteries. After the installation is complete, clean up the objects on the batteries and the surrounding area.
- When moving batteries, do not remove protective components such as protective covers or waterproof caps from battery terminals.
- Do not move or operate under the forklift tynes.
- You can operate the battery pack installation kit only after the forklift stops moving.

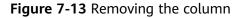
- Slowly push or move battery packs to prevent damage and collision.
- To prevent battery packs from falling off, start the pallet truck or forklift after confirming that battery packs are securely bound.

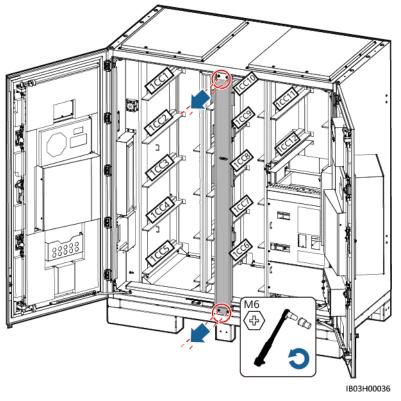
NOTICE

- Before installation, ensure that battery packs are stored indoors and that other storage requirements specified in the user manual are met.
- Before installation, check the status of the battery packs. Do not use the battery packs if the packing cases are exposed to rain, damaged, or deformed, or if the battery packs leak or fall.
- Install batteries within 24 hours after unpacking. If the batteries cannot be installed in time, put them in the original packaging and place them in a dry indoor environment without corrosive gases. Power on the ESS within 24 hours after installation. The process from unpacking batteries to powering on the system must be completed within 72 hours. During routine maintenance, ensure that the power-off time does not exceed 24 hours.
- Do not install battery packs on rainy, snowy, or foggy days. Otherwise, the battery packs may be corroded by moisture or rain.

Procedure

Step 1 Remove the column in the middle.





Step 2 Use a forklift to transport the installation kit to the vicinity of the ESS.

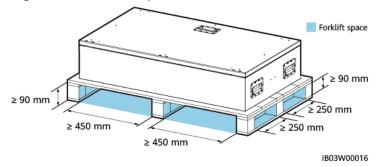
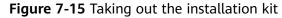
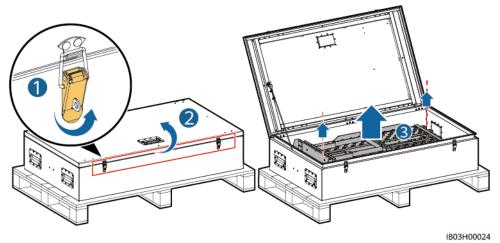
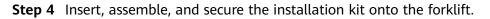


Figure 7-14 Forklift space dimensions

Step 3 Take out the installation kit.







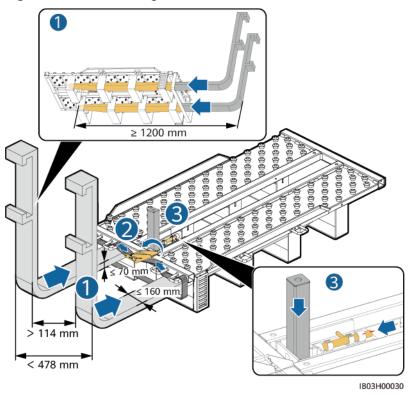
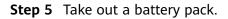


Figure 7-16 Assembling the installation kit



D NOTE

- At least four persons are required to move a battery pack.
- Secure the lifting handles (with the steel washers of the lifting handles closely fitted to the battery pack).
- If the stud of a lifting handle is bent, replace the lifting handle in time.
- When using the lifting handles delivered with the product, hold the end closer to the device.



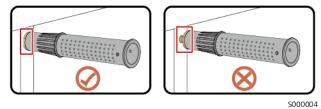
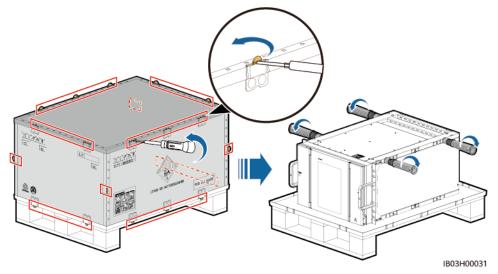
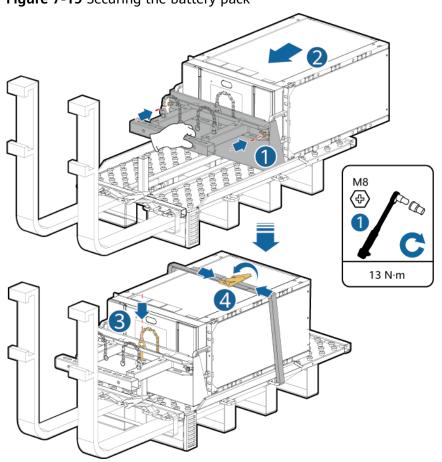


Figure 7-18 Taking out the battery pack



Step 6 Install the operating handle on the battery pack, place the battery pack on the installation kit, and secure the battery pack.



IB03H00023

Step 7 Install the battery pack in the ESS.

NOTE

Dummy battery packs have been preinstalled in the 97 kWh, 129 kWh, and 161 kWh ESSs to separate air channels and must not be removed.

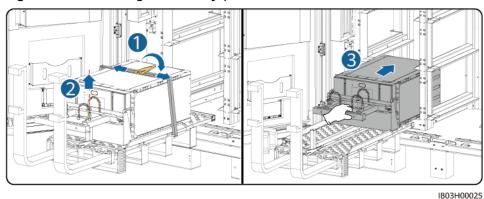


Figure 7-20 Installing the battery pack in the ESS

Step 8 Secure the battery pack.

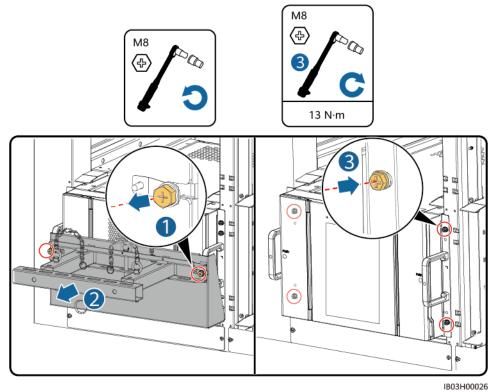


Figure 7-21 Securing the battery pack

Step 9 Install air channel plates between battery packs based on the label on the air channel plates. The air channel plates are delivered with the product.

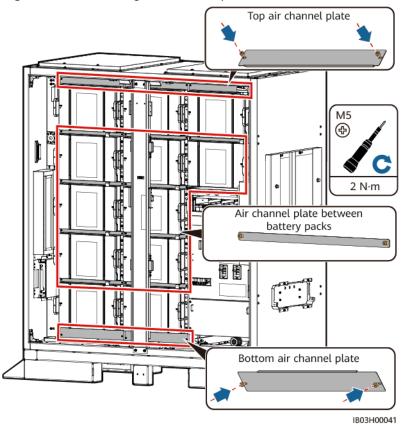


Figure 7-22 Installing air channel plates

Step 10 Install the column to the ESS.

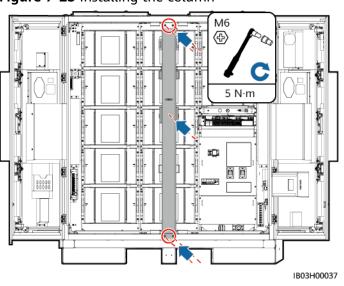


Figure 7-23 Installing the column

----End

Follow-up Procedure

After using the installation kit, pack it back to the iron box and place it in a dry indoor place.

7.4.3 Installing the Smart Rack Controller

Prerequisites

Unpack and check the rack controller delivered to the site to ensure that it is intact.

Procedure

Step 1 Remove the decorative cover and maintenance compartment cover from the rack controller.

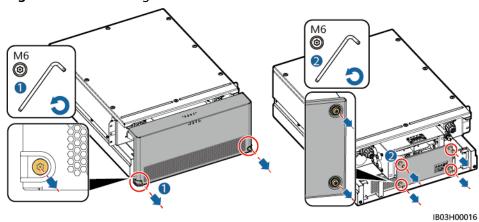


Figure 7-24 Removing covers

Step 2 Install short-circuiting copper bars that are delivered with the product.

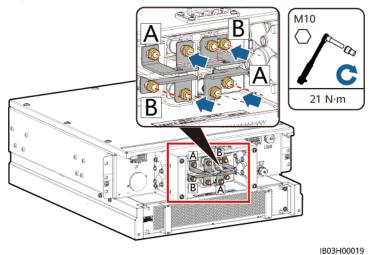


Figure 7-25 Installing short-circuiting copper bars (200 kWh model)

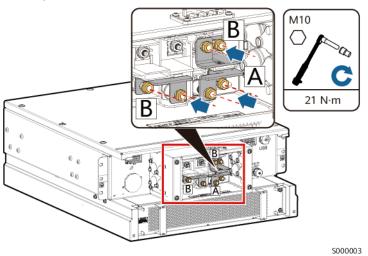
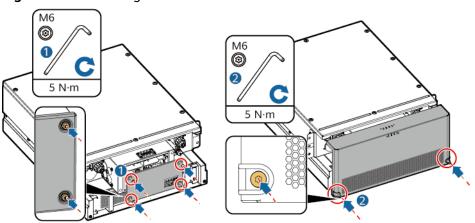


Figure 7-26 Installing short-circuiting copper bars (97 kWh/129 kWh/161 kWh model)

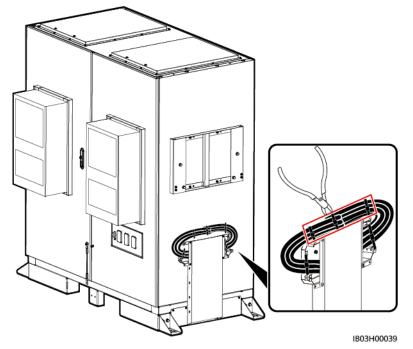
Step 3 Install the maintenance compartment cover and the decorative cover to the rack controller.



Step 4 Remove cables bound on the outside of the ESS.

Figure 7-27 Installing covers

Figure 7-28 Removing bound cables



Step 5 Install the upper bracket, lower bracket, rainproof canopy, and lifting handles to the rack controller.

NOTE

- The upper bracket, lower bracket, rainproof canopy, and lifting handles are delivered with the product.
- The screws for securing the upper and lower brackets are preinstalled on the rack controller. Remove the screws before installing the upper and lower brackets.
- The screws for securing the rainproof canopy are preinstalled on the upper bracket. Remove the screws before installing the rainproof canopy.
- When using the lifting handles, hold the handle end closer to the device.

Má Mí 1.2 N·m S N·m 2 S N·m 3 S N·m 4 S N·m 5 N·m 4 S N·m 5 N·m 5 N·m 5 S N·m 5 S N·m 5 S N·m 6 S N·m 7 S N·m 6 S N·m 7 S N·m 9 S N·m</

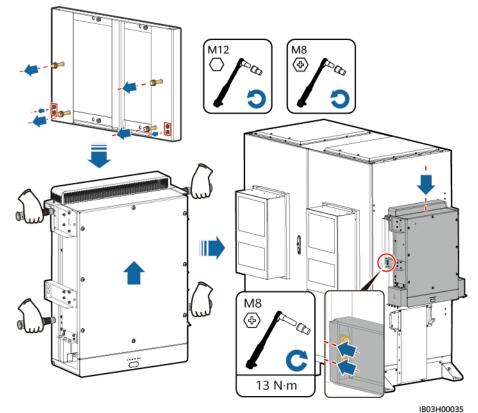
Figure 7-29 Installing mounting kits

Step 6 Install the rack controller to the mounting bracket on the ESS.

NOTE

- The M8 screws are used to secure the rack controller. Keep them properly after removing them.
- At least three persons are required to install the rack controller.

Figure 7-30 Installing the rack controller



----End

7.4.4 Installing the Smart PCS

Prerequisites

Unpack and check the Smart PCS delivered to the site to ensure that the Smart PCS is complete and intact.

Procedure

Step 1 Install the mounting bracket. The mounting bracket is delivered with the Smart PCS.

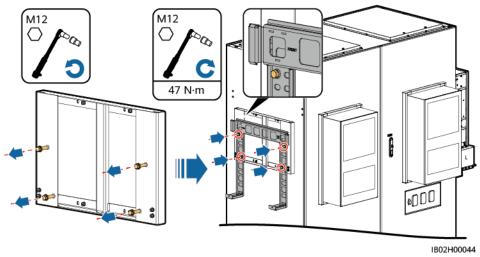


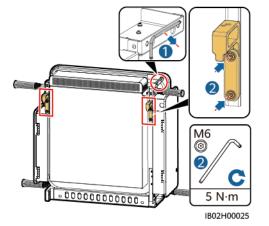
Figure 7-31 Installing a mounting bracket

Step 2 Install mounting ears and lifting handles. The mounting ears are delivered with the Smart PCS, and the lifting handles are delivered with the ESS.

NOTE

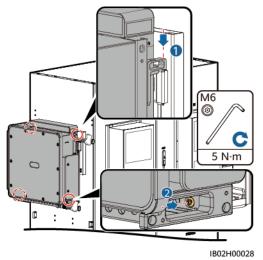
- At least four persons are required to install the Smart PCS.
- When using the lifting handles, hold the handle end closer to the device.

Figure 7-32 Installing mounting ears and lifting handles



Step 3 Secure the Smart PCS.

Figure 7-33 Securing the Smart PCS



----End

7.4.5 (Optional) Installing a Maintenance Socket

Context

The 220 V socket is prepared by the customer. The actual socket appearance may vary. This section describes only the installation method.

Procedure

Step 1 Remove the baffle plate in front of the power distribution area.

Step 2 Install the maintenance socket.

----End

Figure 7-34 Installing the socket

7.4.6 (Optional) Installing a DDSU666-H

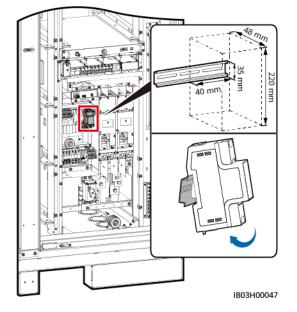
Context

The DDSU666-H meter is purchased from the Company.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Remove the baffle plate in front of the power distribution area.
- Step 2 Install the DDSU666-H.

Figure 7-35 Installing the DDSU666-H



----End

8 Installing Cables

Note the polarities when installing batteries. Do not connect the positive and negative poles of a battery or battery string together. Otherwise, the battery may be short-circuited.

DANGER

- Do not smoke or have an open flame around batteries.
- The site must be equipped with qualified fire fighting facilities, such as fire sand and carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.
- Wear personal protective equipment and use dedicated insulated tools to avoid electric shocks or short circuits.

Tighten the screws on copper bars or cables to the torque specified in this document. Periodically confirm whether the screws are tightened, check for rust, corrosion, or other foreign objects, and clean them up if any. Loose screw connections will result in excessive voltage drops and batteries may catch fire when the current is high.

- When connecting batteries, ensure that the spring washer on the screw is leveled, that the protruding part of the terminal on the cable faces outwards, and that the cable is intact.
- Do not connect two or more cables to the positive or negative power port of a battery in parallel.
- Stay away from the equipment when preparing cables to prevent cable scraps from entering the equipment. Cable scraps may cause sparks and result in personal injury and equipment damage.

The cable colors shown in the electrical connection diagrams provided in this section are for reference only. Select cables in accordance with local cable specifications. (Green-and-yellow cables are only used for protective earthing.)

8.1 Preparing Cables

D NOTE

The cable diameter must comply with local cable standards. The factors that affect cable selection include the rated current, cable type, routing mode, ambient temperature, and maximum expected line loss.

Name	Туре	Conducto r Cross- Sectional Area	Outer Diameter	Terminal	Source
Ground cable for the rack controller	Single-core outdoor copper cable	≥ 25 mm ²	-	M6 OT/DT terminal	Prepared by the customer
DC power cable	Prefabricated DC power cable (with a corrugated pipe)	-	-	-	Delivered with the product
Auxiliary AC power cable (with external grid power supply)	Two-core (L, N)/ Three-core (L, N, PE) outdoor copper/copper-clad aluminum/ aluminum alloy cable	6–25 mm ²	12.7–27 mm	Cord end terminal with an insertion depth of 12 mm, M8 OT/DT terminal	Prepared by the customer

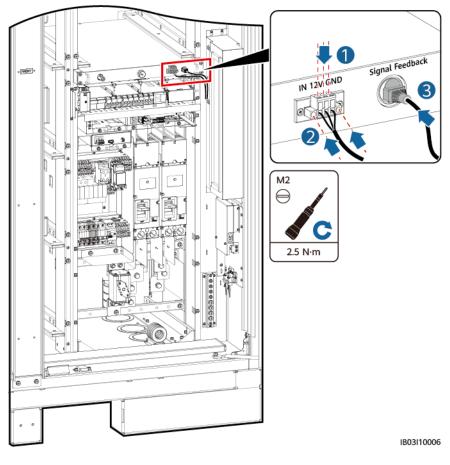
Name		Туре	Conducto r Cross- Sectional Area	Outer Diameter	Terminal	Source
Single-phase AC input power cable (without external grid power supply)		Two-core/Three- core outdoor copper/copper-clad aluminum/ aluminum alloy cable	6–25 mm ²	12.7–27 mm	Cord end terminal with an insertion depth of 12 mm, M8 OT/DT terminal	Prepared by the customer
Network ca	ble	CAT 5E outdoor shielded network cable, internal resistance ≤ 1.5 ohms/10 m	-	≤ 9 mm	Shielded RJ45 connector	Prepared by the customer
Optical fibe	r cable	Four-core or eight- core single-mode armored cable with the transmission wavelength of 1310 nm	-	≤ 18 mm	-	Prepared by the customer
(Optional) Cable to the DDSU666- H	RS485 comm unicati ons cable	-	-	-	-	Preinstalle d before delivery
	Curren t transf ormer cable and power cable	-	-	-	-	Delivered with the product
(Optional) Cable to the maintena nce socket	Power cable and groun d cable	-	-	-	-	Delivered with the product

8.2 Installing Cables for the Rack Mounted Fire Extinguishing System

Step 1 Take out the reserved cables and install them to the rack mounted fire extinguishing system.

Ensure that the cables are correctly installed. If a fire occurs when cables are not connected or incorrectly connected, the ESS cannot actively extinguish the fire.

Figure 8-1 Connecting cables



----End

8.3 Installing Battery Pack Cables

Step 1 Install copper bars for battery packs, and connect the battery rack general output power cable and black start cable.

D NOTE

- One ends of the battery rack general output power cable and black start cable are preinstalled before delivery.
- No copper bar is required for the preinstalled dummy battery packs of 97 kWh, 129 kWh, and 161 kWh models.
- There are four types of copper bars delivered with the product: A, B, C, and D.
- Keep the redundant copper bars of the 97 kWh, 129 kWh, and 161 kWh models properly for later use.
- Copper bar D must be installed before copper bar B.
- There are two types of M10 nuts for securing copper bars. Select a 15 mm or 16 mm socket based on the site requirements.
- When installing a nut, manually insert the nut into the screw plate, and then use a socket wrench to completely secure the nut in place. This prevents the screw thread from being stuck or stripped due to the deviation of the nut position.
- Preinstall nuts according to the recommended torque of 27 N·m.
- Verify the torque of the installed nuts using a torque socket wrench set to 27 N·m.
- Mark the nuts whose torque has been verified using a marker.

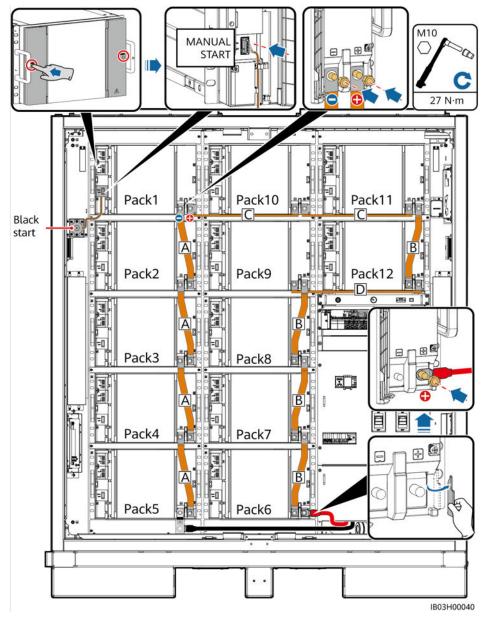
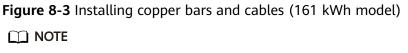


Figure 8-2 Installing copper bars and cables (200 kWh model)



Connect the black start cable to Pack1.

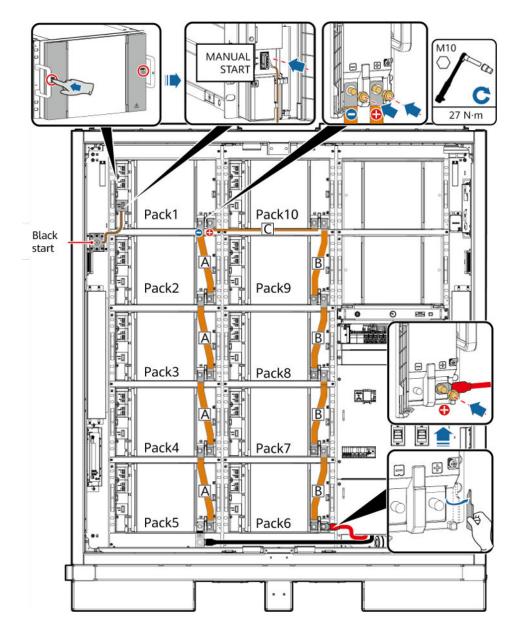


Figure 8-4 Installing copper bars and cables (129 kWh model)

D NOTE

Connect the black start cable to Pack2.

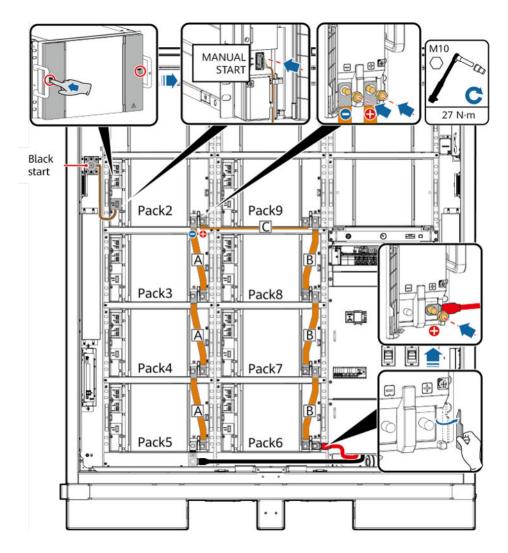
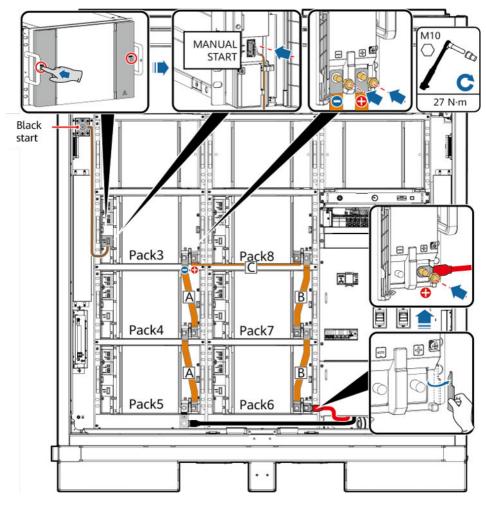


Figure 8-5 Installing copper bars and cables (97 kWh model)

NOTE

Connect the black start cable to Pack3.



Step 2 Connect 48 V cables to the battery packs.

D NOTE

- The 48 V cables of all models are connected in the same way.
- Cables to 2FCB6 and 2FCB7 are preinstalled before delivery.
- Other 48 V cables are delivered with the product.
- The cable between Pack10 and Pack11 is 04097837-10 or 04098675-10, and the other cables are 04097837-07 or 04098675-07.
- The cable sequence is as follows: 2FCB6-Pack1-2-3-4-5, 2FCB7-Pack12-11-10-9-8-7-6.
- Keep redundant cables properly for later use.

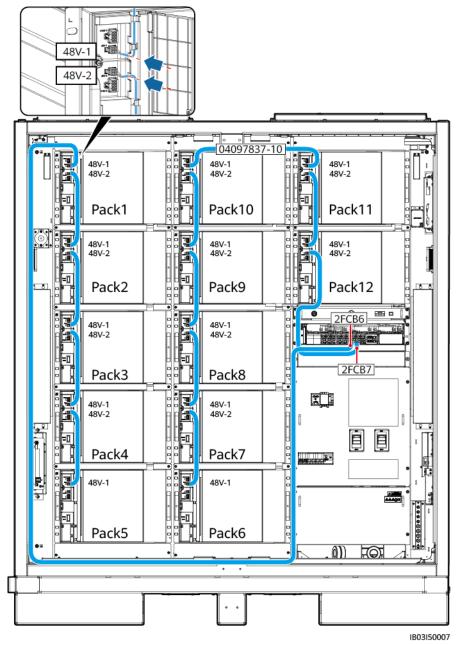


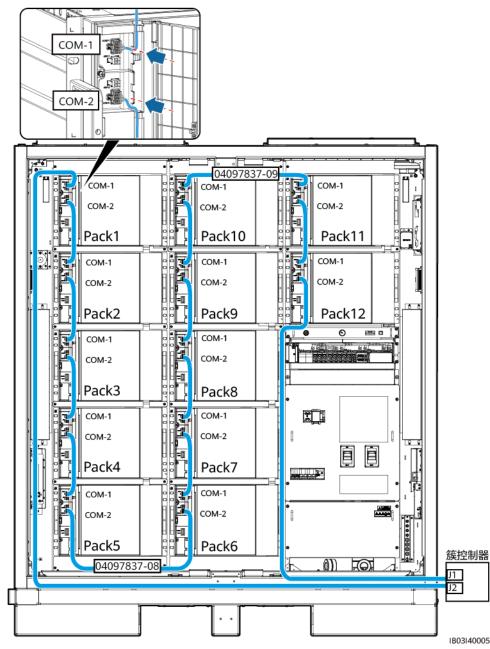
Figure 8-6 Connecting 48 V cables to battery packs

Step 3 Connect cables to the COM ports on the battery packs.

D NOTE

- The COM cables of all models are connected in the same way.
- Cables to COM-1 on Pack1 and COM-2 on Pack12 are reserved before delivery. After connecting the cables to the battery packs, bind the cables inside the cabinet. Connect the other ends of the cables after installing the rack controller.
- Other COM port cables are delivered with the product.
- The cable sequence is as follows: Pack1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12.
- The cable between Pack5 and Pack6 is 04097837-08 or 04098675-08, the cable between Pack10 and Pack11 is 04097837-09 or 04098675-09, and the other cables are 04097837-06 or 04098675-06.
- Keep redundant cables properly for later use.

Figure 8-7 Connecting cables to the COM ports on the battery packs



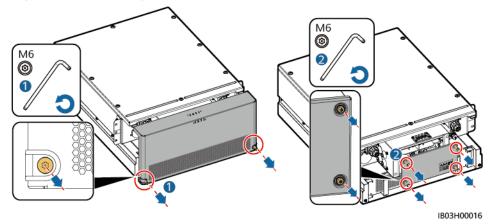
Step 4 Close the terminal covers of the battery packs.

----End

8.4 Installing Rack Controller Cables

Step 1 Remove the decorative cover and maintenance compartment cover from the rack controller.

Figure 8-8 Removing covers



Step 2 Connect the preinstalled cables to the BAT/BUS ports. Magnetic rings are delivered with the product.

NOTICE

- The black magnetic ring is installed on the left side of the rack controller, and the green magnetic ring is installed on the right side of the rack controller.
- Do not remove the cover from an unused pagoda connector.

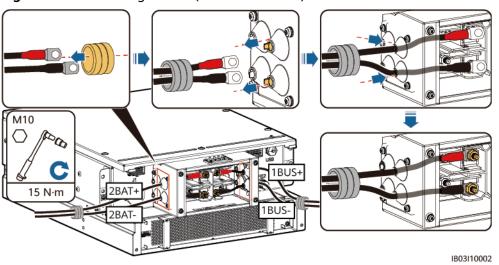
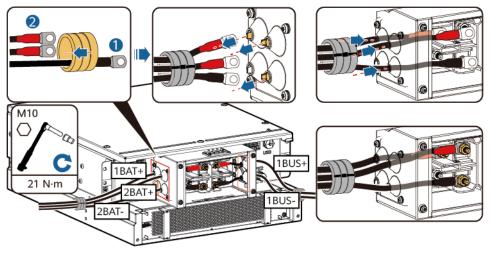


Figure 8-9 Connecting cables (200 kWh model)

Cable Label	Wiring Terminal
107-1F1:2>TA1:2BAT+	2BAT+
108-1Q2:1>TA1:1BUS+	1BUS+
109-1Q1:4>TA1:2BAT-	2BAT-
111-1Q2:3>TA1:1BUS-	1BUS-

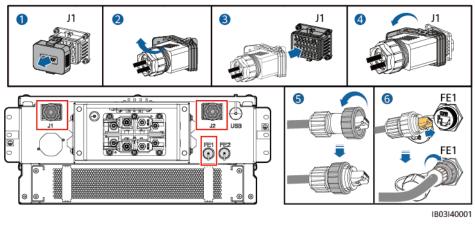
Figure 8-10 Connecting cables (97 kWh/129 kWh/161 kWh model)



Cable Label	Wiring Terminal
110-1F2:2>TA1:1BAT+	1BAT+
107-1F1:2>TA1:2BAT+	2BAT+
108-1Q2:1>TA1:1BUS+	1BUS+
109-1Q1:4>TA1:2BAT-	2BAT-
111-1Q2:3>TA1:1BUS-	1BUS-

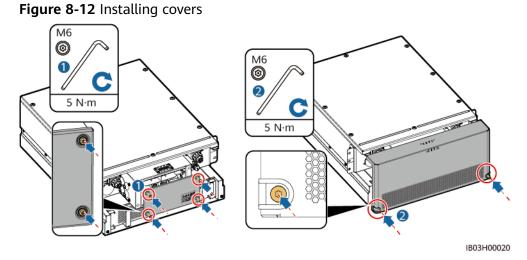
Step 3 Connect the preinstalled cables to J1 (left), J2 (right), and FE1.





NOTE

- When securing the network cable (as shown by ⁽⁶⁾) in the figure), hold the cable and align it with the FE network port. After the network cable is properly installed, do not release it. Use the other hand to tighten the nut of the RJ45 connector.
- After the network cable is installed, gently pull it down to check that it is properly installed.
- **Step 4** Install the maintenance compartment cover and decorative cover to the rack controller, and place the magnetic rings.



Step 5 Install the protective covers delivered with the product, connect a ground cable to the protective cover on the left or right side, and bind the cable.

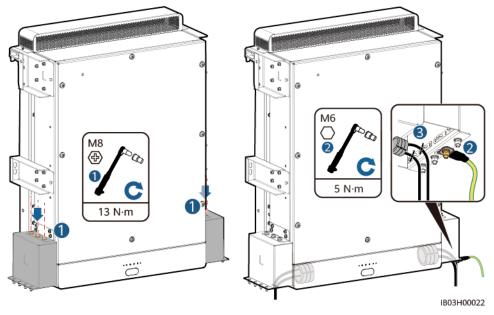


Figure 8-13 Connecting a ground cable

----End

8.5 Installing a DC Power Cable

Prerequisites

The DC power cable has been pre-buried.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Remove the baffle plate in front of the power distribution area.
- **Step 2** Route the DC power cable through the cable hole at the bottom and connect it to the DC circuit breaker.

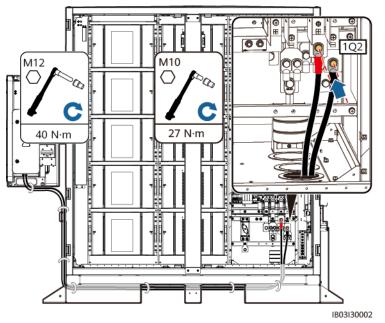


Figure 8-14 Connecting the DC power cable

NOTE

- Reserve sufficient length of the cable and add angle steel in the middle of the foundation to support the cable and reduce the stress on the cable.
- The prefabricated DC power cables are delivered with the product. The terminals at two ends of a DC power cable are applicable to M10 and M12 screws respectively. Connect the M10 terminal to the DC circuit breaker 1Q2 in the cabinet, and connect the M12 terminal to the DC side of the Smart PCS.
- For details about how to install other cables for the Smart PCS, see the corresponding quick guide.

----End

8.6 Installing an Auxiliary AC Power Cable (with External Grid Power Supply)

Prerequisites

The AC power cable has been pre-buried.

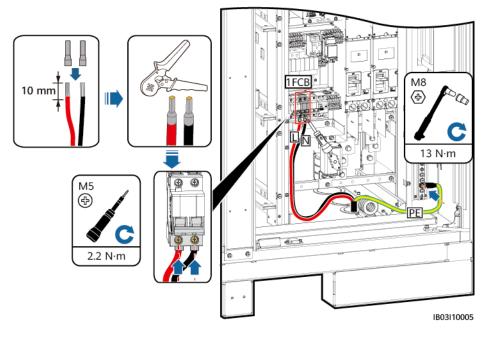
NOTICE

Obtain the AC auxiliary power from the mains or a reliable power supply. Do not directly obtain power from the AC side of renewable energy inverters such as PV inverters and wind power converters.

Procedure

Step 1 Route the AC power cable through the cable hole at the bottom and connect it to the MCB.

Figure 8-15 Connecting the AC power cable



----End

8.7 Installing a Single-Phase AC Input Power Cable (Without External Grid Power Supply)

NOTICE

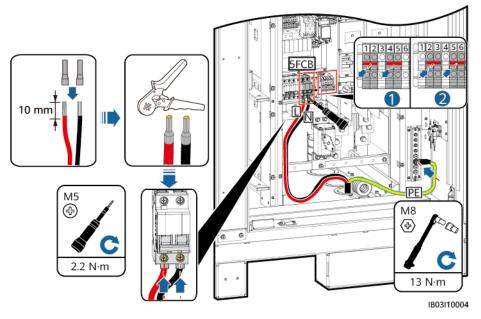
Obtain the AC auxiliary power from the mains or a reliable power supply. Do not directly obtain power from the AC side of renewable energy inverters such as PV inverters and wind power converters.

NOTE

- If a UPS or other reliable backup power supply is used, perform the following steps to connect a single-phase AC input power cable.
- Recommended UPS input switch specifications: 230/400 V AC 32 A/2P.
- **Step 1** Remove the short-circuiting bar from 1–2 and insert it to 2–3 on the XU terminal block.
- **Step 2** Remove the short-circuiting bar from 4–5 and insert it to 5–6 on the XU terminal block.

Step 3 Connect the cable.

Figure 8-16 Connecting the cable



----End

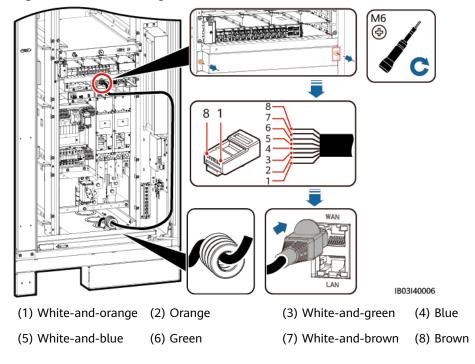
8.8 Installing Communications Cables

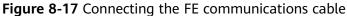
8.8.1 Installing an FE Communications Cable

Step 1 Connect the FE communications cable to the **WAN** port on the CMU.

NOTE

Route the FE communications cable through the magnetic rings at the cable hole to improve signal quality.





Step 2 Bind the cable.

----End

8.8.2 Installing Fiber Ring Network Communications Cables

NOTICE

Only professionals are allowed to connect optical fiber cables and splice fibers.

NOTE

In the optical fiber ring topology, two optical fiber cables are required.

(3) Cable clip

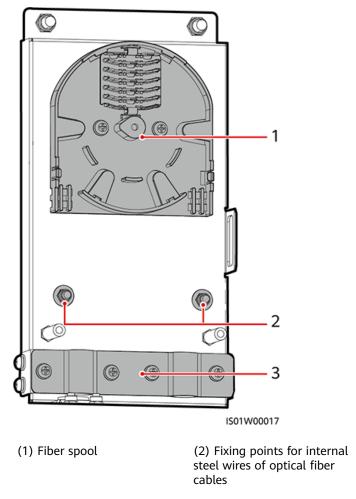


Figure 8-18 Access terminal box (ATB) interior



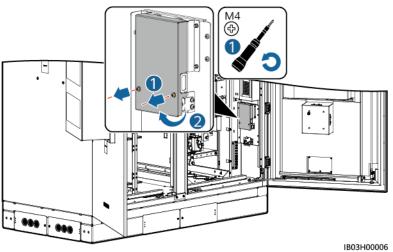
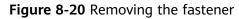
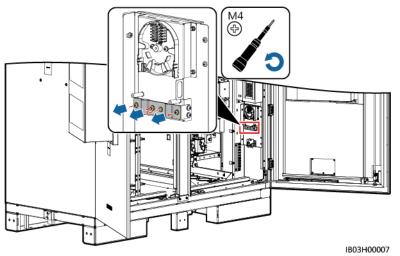


Figure 8-19 Removing external mechanical parts

Step 2 Remove the optical fiber cable fastener.





- **Step 3** Connect one end of the optical jumper to the fiber adapter.
- **Step 4** Route the other end of the optical jumper through the cable hole on the side of the ATB, and connect the cable to the ATB.
- **Step 5** Connect the peripheral optical fiber cable to the ATB, splice the optical fiber cable and the optical jumper, and then wind the spliced cable around the fiber spool on the ATB.

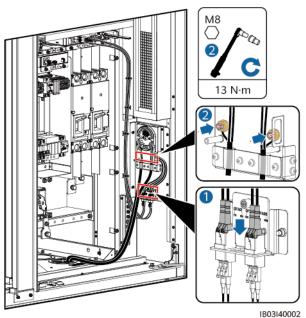


Figure 8-21 Connecting optical fiber cables

Step 6 Check that the cables are connected correctly and securely. Then reinstall the optical fiber cable fastener and external mechanical parts.

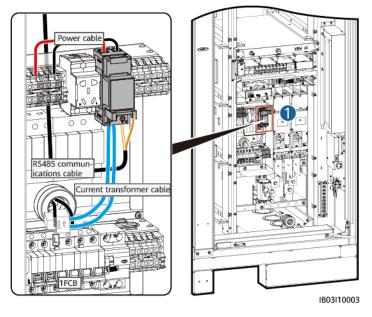
----End

8.9 (Optional) Installing DDSU666-H Cables

Name	DDSU666-H Side	ESS Side
RS485 communications cable	485A	K1-COM1:+>1PGH1:485A (preinstalled before delivery)
	485B	K1-COM1:->1PGH1:485B (preinstalled before delivery)
Current transformer cable	CT:5 I* (white) CT:6 I (blue)	XT1:1:2>1FCB:1
Power cable	L	XT1:3:1>1PGH1:L
	Ν	XT2:3:1>1PGH1:N

Table 8-1 Cable connection

Figure 8-22 Connecting cables



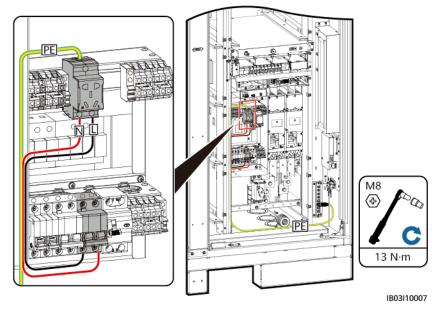
NOTE

If the ESS is connected to an external UPS, the connection method is the same. However, in this scenario, the DDSU666-H cannot measure the power consumption of the 12 V adapter and there is a maximum error of 0.024 kWh per hour.

8.10 (Optional) Installing Maintenance Socket Cables

The actual appearance of the maintenance socket may vary. The figure shows only the installation method.

Figure 8-23 Connecting cables



8.11 Sealing Cable Holes

After cables are installed, seal the cable holes using the delivered sealing putty.

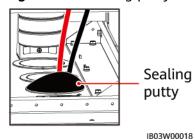


Figure 8-24 Sealing putty

9 Powering On the ESS

9.1 Check Before Power-On

9.1.1 General Check

No.	Check Item	Expected Result
1	Appearance	 The equipment is intact and free from rust or paint flake-off. If the paint flakes off, repair the damaged paint. The labels on the device are clear. Damaged labels must be replaced.
2	Cable appearance	 Cable sheathings are properly wrapped and not damaged. Cable hoses are intact.
3	Cable connection	 Cables are connected in the designed positions. Terminals are prepared as required and securely connected. Labels on both ends of each cable are clear and specific, and attached in the same direction.
4	Cable routing	 Electrical and extra low voltage (ELV) cables are routed separately. Cables are neat and tidy. Cable tie joints are evenly cut without burrs. Cables are placed properly and with slack at bending points to avoid stress. Cables are routed neatly without twists or crossovers in the cabinets.
5	Battery pack copper bar	The copper bar is not deformed, and the plastic dip coating is not damaged.

No.	Check Item	Expected Result	
6	Switch	• The DC LV Panel switch is set to OFF.	
		• The battery rack switch is set to OFF.	

9.1.2 ESS Installation Check

Cabinet

No.	Check Item	Expected Result
1	Installation	 The installation meets the design requirements. The cabinet is level, and each door opens normally.
2	Appearance	The cabinet surface is free from cracks, dents, and scratches. If the paint flakes off, repair the damaged paint.
3	Cabinet grounding	Each cabinet has at least two ground points and is grounded securely. The resistance of a bond shall be less than or equal to 0.1 ohms.
4	Accessory	The number and positions of external accessories installed meet design requirements.
5	Label	All labels are correct, clear, and complete.

Interior

No.	Check Item	Expected Result	
1	Circuit breaker	The circuit breakers are OFF.	
2	Copper bar	The copper bars are not deformed, and there are no foreign objects on the copper bars.	
3	Cable	The bolts for installing the cables are tightened and the cables are not loose.	
4	Cable hole sealing	Cable holes are sealed.	
5	Battery pack	All battery packs are intact.	

No.	Check Item	Expected Result	
6	Foreign object	Foreign objects such as tools and remaining materials are cleared.	
7	Baffle plate for the power distribution area	The baffle plate in the power distributio area is free from cracks, dents, scratches openings, and looseness.	
8	SPD	The SPD indicator is green.	
9	Subcomponent (CMU, adapter, and rack mounted fire extinguishing system)	All components are intact.	
10	Cabinet grounding	The ground conductor is reliably connected to the ground terminal board or copper bar of the cabinet.	

9.2 Installing a PSU

Prerequisites

The PSU is secured inside the ESS during transportation and installed onsite.

NOTICE

- If a PSU is damaged, contact the local office.
- Do not put your hands into the PSU slot to avoid electric shock.
- In an outdoor scenario, you are advised to power on the PSU within 24 hours after unpacking. If the PSU cannot be powered on in time, place it in a dry indoor environment without corrosive gas.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Push the locking latch leftwards.
- **Step 2** Pull out the handle.
- **Step 3** Gently push the PSU into its slot along the guide rails.
- **Step 4** Push the handle upwards.
- **Step 5** Push the locking latch rightwards to lock the handle.

Figure 9-1 Installing the PSU

----End

9.3 Power-On Operations

A DANGER

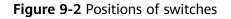
Wear insulated gloves and use insulated tools to prevent electric shocks or short circuits.

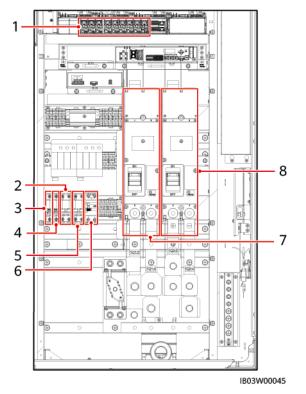
- During the power-on procedure, power off the batteries immediately if any fault is detected. Rectify the fault before proceeding with the procedure.
- After batteries are used for system commissioning or batteries have discharged, charge the batteries in time. Otherwise, batteries may be damaged due to overdischarge.
- Battery overdischarge and damage may occur if batteries with low SOC are stored. Batteries shall be recharged in a timely manner.

NOTICE

If the ESS has not been used for six months or longer after being installed, it must be checked and tested by professionals before operation.

Procedure





(1) 48 V DC power distribution switches	(2) AC main switch (1FCB)	(3) 12 V adapter switch (1FCB1)
(4) PSU switch (1FCB2)	(5) UPS switch (5FCB)	(6) 220 V maintenance socket switch (1FB1)
(7) DC switch (1Q1, on the battery rack side)	(8) DC switch (1Q2, on the Smart PCS DC side)	-

- **Step 1** Turn on the switch between the AC side of the ESS and the power grid.
- **Step 2** Turn on the DC switch 1Q1. (As shown by 7 in Figure 9-2)
- **Step 3** Use a multimeter to check whether the AC voltage is within the allowed range (220 V±10%). (As shown by 2 in Figure 9-2)
- Step 4 (Optional) Turn on the UPS cable inlet switch 5FCB (as shown by 5 in Figure 9-2).
- **Step 5** Turn on the AC main switch 1FCB. (As shown by 2 in Figure 9-2)
- **Step 6** Turn on all switches in the power distribution system of the ESS.
 - 1. Turn on the 12 V adapter switch 1FCB1. (As shown by 3 in Figure 9-2)
 - 2. Turn on the PSU switch 1FCB2. (As shown by 4 in Figure 9-2)
 - 3. (Optional) Turn on the 220 V maintenance socket switch 1FB1. (As shown by 6 in Figure 9-2)
 - 4. On the embedded power subrack (SK1), turn on the DC/DC switch 2FCB1, DC light power switch 2FCB2, TCUE power switch 2FCB3, fan 1 switch 2FCB6, fan

2 switch 2FCB7, air conditioner 1 switch 2FCB8, and air conditioner 2 switch 2FCB9 in sequence.

NOTE

Use a multimeter to check that the output voltage at position 1 in the preceding figure is 53 V±5 V.

Step 7 Turn on the DC switch 1Q2. (As shown by 8 in Figure 9-2)

----End

10 Commissioning the ESS (SmartLogger WebUI)

For details about deployment commissioning in microgrid scenarios, see the **Commercial and Industrial Microgrid Energy Storage Solution Quick Guide**. This section describes deployment commissioning in the on-grid scenario.

Prerequisites

- 1. All devices onsite have been commissioned.
- 2. The system is powered on and alarms are cleared.
- 3. The commissioning equipment is available onsite.
- 4. Before the deployment, wait until the air conditioners adjust the temperature inside the cabinet and the temperatures of all batteries to the specified temperature range (5°C to 45°C).

NOTE

The screenshots in this section correspond to FusionSolar V800R021C10SPC010. The screenshots are for reference only.

10.1 Preparations and WebUI Login

Prerequisites

- The operating system of Windows 7 or later is supported.
- Browser: Chrome 52, Firefox 58, or Internet Explorer 9, or a later version is recommended.
- It is recommended that a maximum of two users log in to the WebUI at the same time.

Procedure

Step 1 Connect the network cable between the network port of the PC and the WAN or LAN port of the SmartLogger. It is recommended that the PC be connected to the LAN port of the SmartLogger.

Step 2 Set the IP address for the PC on the same network segment as the SmartLogger IP address.

Connected Port	Item	SmartLogger Default Value	Example PC Setting
LAN port	IP address	192.168.8.10	192.168.8.11
	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
	Default gateway	192.168.8.1	192.168.8.1
WAN port	IP address	192.168.0.10	192.168.0.11
	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
	Default gateway	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1

NOTE

- When the IP address of the WAN port is in the network segment from 192.168.8.1 to 192.168.8.255, set the default gateway to 192.168.8.1 and the IP address of the LAN port to 192.168.3.10. If the connected port is a LAN port, you need to adjust the network configuration of the PC.
- It is recommended that the PC be connected to the LAN port of the SmartLogger or the GE port of the SmartModule. When the PC is connected to the GE port of the SmartModule, adjust the network configuration of the PC to the configuration mode when the PC is connected to the LAN port of the SmartLogger.

Step 3 Set LAN parameters.

NOTICE

- If the SmartLogger is connected to a LAN and a proxy server has been configured, you need to cancel the proxy server configurations.
- If the SmartLogger is connected to the Internet and the PC is connected to the LAN, do not cancel the proxy server configurations.
- 1. Open Internet Explorer.
- 2. Choose **Tools** > **Internet Options**.
- 3. Click the **Connections** tab and then click **LAN settings**.
- 4. Clear Use a proxy server for your LAN.

Figure 10-1 LAN settings

Local Area Network (LAN) Settings
Automatic configuration Automatic configuration may override manual settings. To ensure the use of manual settings, disable automatic configuration.
Automatically detect settings
Add <u>r</u> ess
Proxy server
Jse a proxy server for your LAN (These settings will not apply to fial-up or VPN connections).
Addr <u>e</u> ss: Por <u>t</u> : 80 Advanced
✓ Bypass proxy server for local addresses
OK Cancel

- 5. Click OK.
- **Step 4** Log in to the SmartLogger WebUI.
 - 1. In the address box of a browser, enter **https://XX.XX.XX.XX** (*XX.XX.XX.XX* is the IP address of the SmartLogger) and press **Enter**. The login page is displayed.

If you log in to the WebUI for the first time, a security risk warning is displayed. Click **Continue to this website** to log in to the WebUI.

NOTE

- It is recommended that users use their own certificates. If the certificate is not replaced, the security risk warning will be displayed during each login.
- After logging in to the WebUI, you can import a certificate under Maintenance > Security Settings > Network Security Certificate.
- The imported security certificate needs to be bound to the SmartLogger IP address. Otherwise, the security risk warning will still be displayed during login.

Figure 10-2 Security risk warning

8	There is a problem with this website's security certificate.
	The security certificate presented by this website was not issued by a trusted certificate authority. The security certificate presented by this website was issued for a different website's address.
	Security certificate problems may indicate an attempt to fool you or intercept any data you send to the server.
	We recommend that you close this webpage and do not continue to this website.
	Olick here to close this webpage.
	Solution to this website (not recommended).
	More information

- 2. Select a desired language.
- 3. Select the **User Name** and enter the **Password** according to the following table, and then click **Log In**.

If	Then
On the login page, the User Name is	 Enter the initial password Changeme in the Password and click Log In.
admin by default.	2. Change the initial password as prompted and use the admin user name and new password to log in again.
On the login page, the User Name is empty by default.	Select installer in the User Name , set the login password as prompted, and click Log In .

- Update the SmartLogger software as required.
- To ensure account security, protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. Your password might be stolen or cracked if it is left unchanged for extended periods. If you lose the password, the device must be restored to its factory settings. In these cases, the Company shall not be liable for any loss caused to the plant.
- You will be locked out for 10 minutes after five consecutive failed password attempts in 5 minutes.
- A dialog box with recent login information is displayed after login. Click **OK**.
- If the password of a non-administrator account is lost, you must reset the
 password using an administrator account. The administrator resets the password
 and enters the initial password. The non-administrator user logs in to the system
 using the initial password provided by the administrator. After the login, the user is
 forced to change the password.
- If the password of an administrator account is lost, hold down the RST button on the SmartLogger for 10–20s to enter the safe mode. After the SmartLogger enters the safe mode, the device parameter settings are retained. Personal privacy and sensitive data, including login passwords and email addresses, will be deleted. SmartLogger V300R023C00 and later versions support this function.
- 4. Choose **Monitoring** > **Logger(Local)** > **About** to view the SmartLogger software version and check whether software upgrade is needed.
- 5. (Optional) To upgrade the SmartLogger software version, contact the Company's engineers to obtain the upgrade package and guide and complete the upgrade accordingly.

NOTE

- After the software upgrade is complete, the SmartLogger automatically restarts.
 Log in to the SmartLogger WebUI again 3 minutes later.
- If the SmartLogger is upgraded from V300R001C00, the original admin user becomes an advanced user, and the login password remains unchanged. If administrator rights are required, log in to the SmartLogger as the installer user. The password is the same as that for logging in to the mobile app (the initial password is 00000a).

----End

Follow-up Procedure

If any page is blank or a menu cannot be accessed after you log in to the WebUI, clear the cache, refresh the page, or log in again.

10.2 Checking the SmartLogger Software Version

Choose **Monitoring** > **Logger (Local)** > **About** and check that the software version is SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC120 or later.

Enspire			English v 🔞 🛙
SmartLogger3000	Deployment Wizard Overview Monitoring Qu Running Info. Active Alarm About	uery Settings Maintenance	
 Logger(Local) 	No. Signal Name	Value	Unit
sts ³	1 SN	102110049940	om
STS(COM2-1)	2 Software version	Smartlogger V300R023C10B705	
PCS	3 Hardware Version	c	
	4 IP address	10.160.77.170	
PCS-1	5 Software package	Smartlogger_V300R023C10B705	
Meter Meter(COM1-1)			

Figure 10-3 Checking the version

10.3 Upgrading the SmartLogger

NOTE

- If the SmartLogger software version is not SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC120 or later, upgrade the SmartLogger.
- Obtain the SmartLogger upgrade package from the Company.
- **Step 1** Choose **Maintenance** > **Software Upgrade**, upload the SmartLogger upgrade package, select the device, and upgrade the SmartLogger.

Product Information Select an upgrade File: No file: Choose File: No file chose Upgrade Security Settings Bevice Bevice Status	Software Upgrade	Software U	Deployment Wizard Overv		y Settings Maintenance		
Security Setting Device Device statu Biglicate His: [Under Hig Value Hidder] Depoid System Maint.	2-	Software 0	pgrade				
System Maint. Image: System Maint. Smartlogger Device Log Image: Im				Select an u	pgrade file: Choose File No file chosen	Upload	
System Maine Improvedupe Device Log Improvedupe Smartlogger V300R023C108705 Improvedupe Onsite Test Improvedupe V300R023C108605 Improvedupe User Management VS/Improvedupe VS/Improvedupe Improvedupe Device Log VS/Improvedupe VS/Improvedupe Improvedupe Device Log VS/Improvedupe VS/Improvedupe Improvedupe Device Log VS/Improvedupe VS/Improvedupe VS/Improvedupe Device Log VS/Improvedupe	Security Settings			Device status	Curr. ver.	Target ver.	Upgrade Progress
Dayle Cody Dayle Cody <thdayle cody<="" th=""> Dayle Cody Dayle Co</thdayle>	System Maint.		SmartLogger				
Onsite Fett one License Management Device Management Connect Device SmartModule Device List Clear Amm Data Re-collection Force Start (null)	Device Log		Logger(Local)	•	Smartlogger V300R023C10B705		
Lienes Management User Management Sevice Mgmt. Connect Device SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Forea Start (null)	Onsite Test		Logger(Local)_BSP	•	V300R023C10B605		
User Management Device Mgmt. Connect Device SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Force Start (null)	License Management	− □	PCS/Inverter				
Device Mgmt. Connect Device SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Force Start (null)	-						
Connect Device SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Force Start (nul)		-					
SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-celloction Force Start (riul)							
Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Foce Start (rull)		1					
Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Force Start (null)							
Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Force Start (null)							
Data Re-collection Force Start (null)							
Force Start (routi)							
(rull)							
	(null) Transparent Data Transm						

Figure 10-4 Upgrading the SmartLogger

Step 2 After the software upgrade is complete, the SmartLogger automatically restarts. Log in to the SmartLogger WebUI again 2 minutes later.

----End

10.4 Upgrading the ESS

- **Step 1** Choose **Monitoring** > **ESU** > **Running Info.**, click in the upper right corner, and wait for 2 minutes.
- Step 2 Choose Monitoring > ESR, click +, and check that all ESM status indicators under the ESR are green or yellow.

NOTE

The quantity of ESMs displayed must be the same as the actual quantity of installed battery packs.

Figure 10-5 Checking the status

Enspire		eployme	nt Wizard Overview Monitoring	Query Settings Maintenance		English	× @€
🗆 🖲 ESU-1	Runn	ing Info.	Performance Data Energy Running	g Param. Optimization unit status			
e ESC-1	Settin	ig Ene	rgy yield calibration				
ESR-1		No.	Signal Name	Value			Unit
ESM-1		1	Battery working mode	Running	~		
ESM-2		2	Charging cutoff SOC	100	[90, 100]		%
ESM-3		3	Discharge cutoff SOC	5	[0, 15]		%
		4	Quantity of battery packs	12	[1, 21]		
ESM-4		5	Insulation resistance diagnosis	stop it	~		
ESM-5		6	Battery pack position detection	stop it	~		
ESM-6							
ESM-7	Submit	Batch	configurations			44 4 1 P PP 1	/1 Page

Step 3 Choose Monitoring > ESR > Running Param. > Setting and set Quantity of battery packs to the actual quantity of installed battery packs.

ESS	Quantity of Battery Packs
LUNA2000-97KWH-1H1	6
LUNA2000-129KWH-2H1	8
LUNA2000-161KWH-2H1	10
LUNA2000-200KWH-2H1	12

Table 10-1 Setting the quantity of battery packs

Figure 10-6 Setting the quantity of battery packs

E @ power system					E	English v 🔞 🕞
Lnspire	De	ploymen	t Wizard Overview Monitoring	Query Settings Main	ntenance	il 🛕 🛄 😲
SmartLogger3000	Runn	ing Info.	Performance Data Energy Runr	ing Param. Optimization unit stat	us	
STS	Settir	ng En	ergy yield calibration			
■ PCS		No.	Signal Name	Value		Unit
ESS		1	Battery working mode	Running	~	
ESS(Net.17.12)		2	Charging cutoff SOC	100	[90, 100]	%
• CMU		3	Discharge cutoff SOC Quantity of battery packs	5 21	[0, 15]	%
ESU-1		4	Insulation resistance diagnosis	stop it	[1, 21]	
• ESC-1		6	Battery pack position detection	stop it	•	
ESC 1	-					
= • ESR-1						
E ESK-1						
	Submit	Batc	n configurations		≪(∢ 1)	₩ 1/1 Page Go to

Step 4 Choose **Monitoring** > **ESM** > **About** and check all ESM software versions.

Figure 10-7 Checking the ESM software version

Enspire		Deployment Wizard Overview	Monitoring Query Settings Maintenance	English v () []->
SmartLogger3000	î 🦾	Running Info. 🗡 Cell data 🎽 Running P	Param. About	
ESS	No.	Signal Name	Value	Unit
= ESS(Net.17.12)	1	Software version	LUNA2000B V100R023C00SPC020	
CMU	2	SN	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	
🗆 🔹 ESU-1				
e ESC-1				
😑 😑 ESR-1				
ESM-1				
e ESM-2	1			

NOTE

- If the software version of an ESM is not LUNA2000B V100R023C00SPC100 or later, upgrade the ESS.
- If an alarm Version Inconsistent Between Rack Controller and Battery Packs or Version Incompatible Between Rack Controller and Battery Packs is generated, upgrade the ESS.
- Obtain the upgrade package from the Company.

Step 5 Choose **Maintenance** > **Software Upgrade**, upload the upgrade package, select the CMU, CMU_BSP, and ESU, and upgrade the software.

Figure	10-8	Upgrading	the ESU	
--------	------	-----------	---------	--

Enspire		Deplo	oyment Wizard Overview	Monitoring Query	Settings Maintenance	English - () 🕞
 Software Upgrade 	Softwa	are Up	ograde			
Product Information				Select an upgrade file:	Choose File No file chosen Upload	
 Security Settings 	~		Device	Device status	Curr. ver.	Target ver.
System Maint.	~		SmartLogger			
Device Log			Logger(Local)	٠	Smartlogger V300R023C00SPC153	
Onsite Test			Logger(Local)_BSP	•	V300R022C10SPC350	
	- ~		ESS(Net.17.12)			
License Management			CMU	•	LUNA2000B V100R023C00SPC020	
User Management	1		CMU_BSP	•	V300R022C10SPC300	
Device Mgmt.			ESU-1	•	LUNA2000B V100R023C00SPC020	
Connect Device						
SmartModule	* Soft	vara II	Jpgrade Stop Upgrade			

Step 6 Choose **Monitoring** > **ESM** and check ^M in the upper right corner to ensure that no major alarm is generated.

----End

10.5 System Startup

Context

Start up the system when needed.

Procedure

- Step 1 On the SmartLogger WebUI, choose Maintenance > Device Mgmt. > Connect Device.
- **Step 2** Click **I** in the upper right corner to start devices in batches.

							English	~ (0 B
Enspire		Deplo	oyment Wizard Overvie	ew Monitoring Query	Settings Maintenance			2 🕛 0 🕐 0
Software Upgrade	Total D	evice Qty.:	3					00
Product Information	Conn	ect Device						
Security Settings				Device disconnection time	5 [5, 30]min			
System Maint.					Submit			
Device Log		No.	Device 0		Port-Comm Addr./IP address 🗢	SN ¢	Device status 🗘	4
- Onsite Test		1	PCS-1		192.168.21.1	PCS7B0107000	0	
		2	Meter(COM1-1)		COM1-1	AM00102110049940	0	
License Management		3	STS(COM2-1)		COM2-1	TF00102110049940	•	
Connect Device SmartModule								
SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm								
SmartModule Device List Export Param.								
SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection								
SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Force Start								
SmartModule Device List Export Param. Clear Alarm Data Re-collection Force Start (null)								

Figure 10-9 System startup

----End

10.6 Deployment Wizard

NOTE

During parameter setting, click **Previous**, **Next**, or **Skip** as required.

Step 1 Log in as **installer** to access the deployment wizard page.

Step 2 Click **Deployment Wizard** and set basic parameters.

• Set basic parameters.

Figure 10-10 Setting basic parameters

		0							English	~ @E
Enspire	Deploy	ment Wizard	Overview Me	onitoring Qu	ery Settings	Maintenan	ce		- III	🔔 2. 💶 2. 🔮
Deployment Wizard	0	2			5	6	7	8		
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI	Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices										
Power Meter	▼ Date&Time									😮 He
EMI				Country/Re	-	a, People's Rej 🛩				
Huawei NMS				Time		:00) Belgrade 💙				
Third-party NMS				DST e		~				
Third-party Devices					Date 2023-07-		YYYY-MM-DD)			
Configuration Completed					Time 09:46:3		HH:MM:SS)			
	1			Clock se		~	NTP synchronization	on test		
-					erver					
]				rver2					
			6 m 1	hronization time in	Port 123 terval 1440		[1, 65535] [1, 1440] min			
				st synchronization s		nnection failed	[1, 1440] min			
			Lates	Synchronization s		nnection failed				
			Lati	est synchronization		24 21:19:17				
			200	est synemented	COLD OF					
										Next Ski

• Select a communication mode based on site requirements.

Step 3 Connect Huawei devices.

 Click Search for Device to check the cable connections and allocate addresses.

Deployment Wizard	0-		2				6	7			
Basic parameters	Basic	Hua Dev		Power Meter	EMI	Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party	Configuration		
Huawei Devices	parameters	Dev	lices				NINS	Devices	Completed		
Power Meter	1			Number of STSs:	1				Number of PCS/Inve	arters: 1	
EMI				Humber of 5155.					Humber of Feby mite		😌 🛍 🗹
Huawei NMS	0	No.	Device			Port	Comm Address	SN		Device st	atus
Third-party NMS	_	1	PCS-1			LAN	192.168.21.1		780107000	۲	
Third-party Devices		2	STS(COM	M2-1)		COM2	1	TFO	0102110049940	0	
	2										
							0				
	4						1 Sourch far Davies	1			
	4					Ū	O Search for Device]			
	4					I]			
	*					ū]			
						[]			
						Ū]			

Figure 10-11 Searching for devices

NOTE

- During the process of **Search for Device**, do not perform upgrade operations (such as upgrading through the app, management system, or WebUI).
- When you click Search for Device, cable connections (DC and AC) will be checked before device search (not applicable to third-party devices), and device addresses will be automatically allocated.
- After the cable connection check and device search are complete, if a cable

connection alarm is generated, you can click the alarm icon **4** to view the corresponding alarm information.

- If an alarm is generated when the cable connection check fails, click the alarm icon

to view the alarm cause and handling suggestions. After the fault is rectified, check the cable connections again.

- After the cable connection check and device search are complete, click is to view the corresponding topology information.
- After a device is added or deleted, you need to click Search for Device again in Deployment Wizard. Otherwise, the system topology will not be updated.
- Set parameters such as microgrid adaptability and Grid Code.

 Table 10-2 Parameter settings after device search (for versions earlier than

 SmartLogger V300R023C10)

Parameter	Description
Running under Grid connection state	Set this parameter only for the PCS, but not for the SUN2000.
	 In the on-grid scenario, set this parameter to On-grid(PQ).
	 In the off-grid scenario, set this parameter to Off-grid(VSG).
Microgrid compatibility	 In the on-grid scenario, set this parameter to Disable.
	 In the off-grid scenario, set this parameter to Enable.
Grid Code	Set this parameter based on the grid code of the country or region where the devices are used.

NOTICE

For PCSs on the same DC bus, ensure that the settings of **Running** under **Grid connection state** and **Microgrid compatibility** are the same.

Table 10-3 Parameter settings after device search (SmartLoggerV300R023C10 and later versions)

Parameter	Description
Scenario under Arrays Operation Scenario	Set this parameter only for the PCS, but not for the SUN2000.
	 In the on-grid scenario, set this parameter to On-grid.
	 In the off-grid scenario, set this parameter to Off-grid.
Grid Code	Set this parameter based on the grid code of the country or region where the devices are used.
Working mode under Parameter Configuration	 Set this parameter to PQ for the current source mode.
	 Set this parameter to VSG for the voltage source mode.

Parameter	Description
microgrid adaptability under Parameter Configuration	 In the on-grid scenario, set this parameter to Disable. In the off-grid scenario, set this parameter to Enable.
Active Power Baseline (kW) under Parameter Configuration	Set the lower limit of the maximum apparent power, which is also used as the baseline for active power scheduling.
Apparent Power Baseline (kVA) under Parameter Configuration	Set the upper limit of the maximum active power, which is also used as the baseline for reactive power scheduling.
Maximum Overload Active Power (kW) under Parameter Configuration	Set the maximum overload active power for grid forming.
Maximum Overload Apparent Power (kVA) under Parameter Configuration	Set the maximum overload apparent power for grid forming.

NOTICE

For PCSs on the same DC bus, ensure that the settings of **Scenario** under **Arrays Operation Scenario** and **microgrid adaptability** are the same.

Step 4 Connect to a power meter, and set **Meter usage** to **Export+import meter**.

Enspire									English 🗸 🔞
Enspire	Deploy	ment Wizard	Overview M	onitoring Query	Setting	s Maintenance			iil 🔼 🛄 🛛
Deployment Wizard	0	-0		4	- 5	6	7	8	
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI F	luawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed	
Huawei Devices									
Power Meter	Modbus RTU								😮 Hel
EMI				Por	t COM1	~			
Huawei NMS				Protoco		~			
Third-party NMS				Baud rat		~			
Third-party Devices				Parit		~			
Configuration Completed				Stop B		~			
				Addres	s 1	[1, 24	[7]		
	-				Add Devi	ces			
	• Power Meter F	Running Paramet	ters						
				Devic	e Meter(CC	OM1-1) ▼			
			Intell	igent Power Meter Typ	Janitza-U	JMG604 ✓			
				Voltage change ration	1.0	[0.1,	55535.0]		
				Current change ration		[0.1,	55535.0]		
				Meter usag	Export+i	mport meter 🗙			
					Submit				
	• Power Meter F	Running Informa	tion						
	Meter(COM1-1)	v	Signal Name				Value		Unit
			Device status				NA		
			Meter usage				NA		
			Line voltage be	tween phases A and B			NA		v
			Line voltage be	tween phases B and C			NA		V
									Previous Next Sk

Figure 10-12 Setting meter parameters

Step 5 Connect to EMIs.

Enspire										English	* (0e)
Enspire	Deploy	ment Wizard	Overview Me	onitoring	Query	Settings	Maintenance			, all 🔾	<u>^2 🕛 0 🕦)</u>
Deployment Wizard	0	-0	-0	-0-		5	6	7	8		
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI	Huaw	rei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices											
Power Meter	Modbus RTU										😮 Help
EMI					Port	COM1	~				
Huawei NMS					Baud rate	9600	~				
Third-party NMS					Parity	None	~				
Third-party Devices					Stop Bit EMI model	1	♥ nen SMPx ♥				
Configuration Completed					Address	t t		247]			
	1				_			2471			
	•					Add Devic	es				
	EMI Running In	nformation									
	Device		Signal Name					Value		Un	it
										 Previous 1	Next Skip
										rievious	Vext Skip

Figure 10-13 Setting EMI parameters

Step 6 Set battery control.

• Set the battery control working mode.

Table 10-4 Battery control working modes

Working Mode	Mode Description
No control	The SmartLogger directly delivers the external scheduling power limit. No other power scheduling control is performed. The power is automatically controlled by the device.
Maximum self- consumption	 This mode applies to areas where the electricity price is high, or areas where the FIT subsidy is low or unavailable.
	 PV energy is preferentially supplied to loads, and the surplus energy is used to charge the batteries. If the batteries are fully charged or are being charged at full power, the surplus energy is fed to the grid. When PV energy is insufficient or no PV energy can be generated at night, the batteries discharge energy to loads. This improves the self-consumption rate and energy self-sufficiency rate, and reduces electricity costs. The grid cannot charge the batteries. The SmartLogger performs battery scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.

Working Mode	Mode Description
Fully fed to grid	 This parameter applies only to distributed scenarios.
	 This mode maximizes the PV energy fed to the grid. When the generated PV energy in the daytime is greater than the maximum output capability of the inverter, the surplus energy is used to charge batteries. When the generated PV energy is less than the maximum output capability of the inverter, the batteries discharge energy to the inverter to maximize the energy fed from the inverter to the grid. The grid cannot charge the batteries.
	 The SmartLogger directly delivers the external scheduling power limit.
	NOTE If the CMU is connected, the Fully fed to grid working mode is not displayed.
ΤΟυ	 It is applicable to the PV+ESS system and ESS- only system where peak to valley electricity prices are different and power meters are available.
	- You can manually set the charge and discharge time segments. For example, if you set the low electricity price period at night as the charge time, the system charges the batteries at the maximum power during the charge time. If you set the high electricity price period as the discharge time, batteries can discharge only during the discharge time based on the actual load power, reducing electricity costs.
	- Click Add to set the charge and discharge time segments. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. During the charge time, the grid can charge the batteries. During the discharge time, the batteries can supply power to the loads. In other time segments, the batteries do not discharge. The PV system and grid supply power to loads, and the PV system can charge the batteries. (In grid-tied/off-grid mode, if the grid fails, the batteries can discharge power at any time.)
	 In some countries, the grid is not allowed to charge batteries. In such case, this mode cannot be used.
	 The SmartLogger performs battery scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.

Working Mode	Mode Description
TOU (fixed power) ^[1]	 It is applicable to the PV+ESS system and ESS- only system where peak to valley electricity prices are different and power meters are unavailable.
	 You can manually set the charge and discharge time segments. For example, if you set the low electricity price period at night as the charge time, the system charges the batteries at the fixed power during the charge time. If you set the high electricity price period as the discharge time, batteries can discharge only during the discharge time at the fixed power, reducing electricity costs.
	 Click Add to set the charge and discharge time segments. A maximum of 14 time segments can be set. During the charge time, the grid can charge the batteries. During the discharge time, the batteries can supply power to the loads. In other time segments, the batteries do not discharge and are not charged.
	 In some countries, the grid is not allowed to charge batteries. In such case, this mode cannot be used.
	 The SmartLogger performs battery scheduling based on the external scheduling power limit and the preceding policies.

Working Mode	Mode Description
Charge/Discharge based on grid dispatch	 This mode applies to utility-scale plant scheduling scenarios where a third-party controller delivers active power scheduling commands.
	- The purpose of scheduled discharge is to meet the active power scheduling target value at the grid access point. PV energy is preferred. If the generated PV energy is insufficient, the batteries discharge and the energy is fed to the grid based on the active power scheduling target value. If the generated PV energy is sufficient, the energy is fed to the grid based on the active power scheduling target value, and the surplus PV energy is used to charge the batteries.
	 The purpose of scheduled charge is to meet the active power scheduling target value at the grid access point. If the battery charge power is insufficient or the Smart PCS limits the power, the grid charges the batteries with the maximum capability. If the batteries are not fully charged when the scheduling target value is met, the PV power is used to charge the batteries.
Custom ^[2]	 This mode applies to utility-scale plant (with ESSs) scheduling scenarios. Customers can control the battery discharge power.
	 Non-discharge period: The batteries cannot discharge and can be charged based on the scheduling command.
	 Discharge period: If Adaptive discharge power is enabled, the control logic is the same as that for scheduled charge and discharge. The battery charge and discharge power is determined by the upper-layer scheduling command. If Adaptive discharge power is disabled, the battery discharge power is fixed to the reference value set by the customer. In this case, the upper-layer scheduling command controls only the PV inverters but not the batteries.

Note [1]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC150 and later versions.

Note [2]: You can set this parameter in SmartLogger V300R023C00SPC120 and later versions.

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
Maximum self- consumption	Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge	Set the maximum target grid power when the grid- connection point has zero power.
	Adjustment deadband	Set the allowed fluctuation of the target grid power for the grid-connection point.
	Adaptive adjustment parameters ^[1]	Set the adjustment period and step parameters for raising the inverter power.
		 Enable: The adjustment period and step set in the SmartLogger are used. Generally, the adjustment period and step are calculated based on the number of devices connected to the port and device specifications.
		 Disable: Use this value based on site requirements.
	Adjustment period ^[1]	This parameter is displayed after Adaptive adjustment parameters is set to Disable . You can set this parameter based on site requirements. In this case, battery control is performed based on the preset period.
	PV adjustment step ^[1]	This parameter is displayed after Adaptive adjustment parameters is set to Disable . You can set this parameter based on site requirements. In this case, the PV rise step for PV+ESS equalization is the preset value.

Table 10-5 Running parameters in each	h battery control working mode
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
TOU	Preferred use of surplus PV power	 Charge: When the PV power is greater than the load power, the surplus PV energy is used to charge the batteries. After the maximum charge power is reached or the batteries are fully charged, the surplus PV energy is fed to the grid. Fed to grid: When the PV power is greater than the load power, the surplus PV energy is preferentially fed to the grid. When the maximum output power of the device is reached, the surplus energy is used to charge the batteries. This setting is applicable to the scenario where the FIT is higher than the electricity price. The grid cannot charge the batteries.
	Maximum power for charging batteries from grid	Set the maximum power at which the grid charges the batteries.
	Active power threshold of grid during battery discharge	Set the maximum target grid power when the grid- connection point has zero power.
	Adjustment deadband	Set the allowed fluctuation of the target grid power for the grid-connection point.

١

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
	Adaptive adjustment parameters ^[1]	Set the adjustment period and step parameters for raising the inverter power.
		 Enable: The adjustment period and step set in the SmartLogger are used. Generally, the adjustment period and step are calculated based on the number of devices connected to the port and device specifications.
		 Disable: Use this value based on site requirements.
	Adjustment period ^[1]	This parameter is displayed after Adaptive adjustment parameters is set to Disable . You can set this parameter based on site requirements. In this case, battery control is performed based on the preset period.
	PV adjustment step ^[1]	This parameter is displayed after Adaptive adjustment parameters is set to Disable . You can set this parameter based on site requirements. In this case, the PV rise step for PV+ESS equalization is the preset value.
	Start time	Set the start time and end
	End time	time of charge and discharge. A maximum of
	Charge/Discharge	14 time segments can be set. You can set a cycle by
	Repeat	week by clicking the buttons corresponding to Mon. through Sun. in the Repeat box. The buttons are blue by default, indicating being selected. After you click it, the button turns gray.

Working Mode	Parameter	Description			
TOU (fixed power)	Start time	Set the start time, end			
	End time	time, and power of charge and discharge. A			
	Charge/Discharge	maximum of 14 time segments can be set. You			
	Charge/Discharge power (kW)	can set a cycle by week by clicking the buttons corresponding to Mon.			
	Repeat	through Sun. in the Repeat box. The buttons are blue by default, indicating being selected. After you click it, the button turns gray.			
Charge/Discharge based on grid dispatch	Adaptive adjustment parameters ^[1]	Set the adjustment period and step parameters for raising the inverter power.			
dispatch		 Enable: The adjustment period and step set in the SmartLogger are used. Generally, the adjustment period and step are calculated based on the number of devices connected to the port and device specifications. Disable: Use this value based on site requirements. 			
	Adjustment period ^[1]	This parameter is displayed after Adaptive adjustment parameters is set to Disable . You can set this parameter based on site requirements. In this case, battery control is performed based on the preset period.			
	PV adjustment step ^[1]	This parameter is displayed after Adaptive adjustment parameters is set to Disable . You can set this parameter based on site requirements. In this case, the PV rise step for PV+ESS equalization is the preset value.			

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
Custom	ESS discharge start time	Set the start time of battery discharge. During the period from the start time to the end time, the batteries can be charged and can discharge. Beyond the period, the batteries cannot discharge and can only be charged.
	ESS discharge end time	Set the end time of battery discharge. During the period from the start time to the end time, the batteries can be charged and can discharge. Beyond the period, the batteries cannot discharge and can only be charged.
	Adaptive discharge power	 Enable: PV power supply is preferred. If the PV power is insufficient, the batteries supply power to loads; if the PV power is sufficient, the system outputs at the target value and the surplus PV power is used to charge the batteries. Disable: Batteries discharge based on the discharge power set on the GUI.

Working Mode	Parameter	Description
	Adaptive adjustment parameters ^[1]	Set the adjustment period and step parameters for raising the inverter power.
		 Enable: The adjustment period and step set in the SmartLogger are used. Generally, the adjustment period and step are calculated based on the number of devices connected to the port and device specifications.
		 Disable: Use this value based on site requirements.
	Adjustment period ^[1]	This parameter is displayed after Adaptive adjustment parameters is set to Disable . You can set this parameter based on site requirements. In this case, battery control is performed based on the preset period.
	PV adjustment step ^[1]	This parameter is displayed after Adaptive adjustment parameters is set to Disable . You can set this parameter based on site requirements. In this case, the PV rise step for PV+ESS equalization is the preset value.
	eter is added in SmartLogg is parameter is displayed a s connected.	

• Set the automatic calibration functions.

Parameter	Description
Automatic SOC calibration	- If this parameter is set to Enable , automatic charge and discharge calibration is allowed for battery racks. During calibration, the cut- off SOC settings will be ineffective and the response of the charge and discharge power may be impacted temporarily.
	 On-grid scenario: Automatic charge calibration is allowed for battery racks.
	 Off-grid scenario: Automatic discharge calibration is allowed for battery racks.
	 If this parameter is set to Disable, automatic charge and discharge calibration is not allowed for battery racks.
Automatic SOH calibration	Set this parameter to Disable .

Step 7 Connect to the Huawei NMS.

Figure 10-14 Huawei NMS

Deployment Wizard	0				-6	6	7		
Basic parameters	Basic	Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI H	luawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed	
Huawei Devices	parameters	Devices				NINIS	Devices	Completed	
Power Meter	 Management 	System							0 1
EMI				Serv	er 122.9.129).47	~		
Huawei NMS				Po	rt 27250			(1, 65535)	
Third-party NMS				Network po	rt WAN Por	t	~		
Third-party Devices		Address mode					~		
Configuration Completed		TLS encryption				r later	~		
		TLS version					~		
			Second	challenge authenticatio			~		
				NMS connection state	us Abnorma	link disconnection			
					Submit				
									S 1

Step 8 Connect to a third-party NMS, select **IEC104**.

5		• •	,							
Enspire									English	* (0e)
Enspire	Deploy	ment Wizard	Overview Mo	onitoring	Query Settings	Maintenance)			<u>A</u> 2 🕛 🤉 😲 🖉 🗋
Deployment Wizard	0	-0-		-0-	6		7	8		
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI	Huawei NMS	Third-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices										
Power Meter	Select a protocol f	or connecting	to the third-party N	MS or device	e.					🕑 Help
EMI					O Modbus TCP	Modbus RTU	IEC104			
Huawei NMS										
Third-party NMS										
Third-party Devices										
Configuration Completed										
	•									
)									
									Previous	Next Skip

Figure 10-15 Third-party NMS

Step 9 Connect to third-party devices.

Figure 10-16 Third-party devices

									Englis	h ~ 🔞 🖻
Enspire	Deploy	yment Wizard	Overview M	onitoring Query	Settings I	Aaintenance	0			(🛕 🛄 🖉 🕚
Deployment Wizard	0	-0-			6	-6	-0-	8		
Basic parameters	Basic parameters	Huawei Devices	Power Meter	EMI Huav	wei NMS T	hird-party NMS	Third-party Devices	Configuration Completed		
Huawei Devices										
Power Meter	The SmartLogger	works in master	mode and connec	cts to third-party device	as via Modbus	RTU protoco	d.			😮 He
EMI										
Huawei NMS	Configuration	n Import/Export								
Third-party NMS					Import Config.	Export C	Config			
Third-party Devices	Modbus RTU									
Configuration Completed				Port	COM1	~				
	1			Protocol	Modbus	~				
	1			Baud rate	9600	~				
	1			Parity	None	~				
				Stop Bit	1	~				
				Device Type	Custom Device					
				Address	1	[1, 2	247]			
	 Device Mgmt. 	£.								
	All No.	Device		Port Cor	mm Address	Logical	addr.	SN	Device	status

Step 10 Completing the configuration.

----End

10.7 Checking Alarms

Step 1 Check whether an alarm is generated on the SmartLogger WebUI or CMU WebUI. If an alarm is generated, handle the alarm by referring to the handling suggestions in the alarm reference section.

NOTE

- You are advised to use the SmartLogger WebUI.
- If **Door Status Alarm** is generated, check whether the cabinet door is open. If yes, close the door.
- If **ESC Communication Failure** is generated, check whether communications cables are connected correctly and whether the power supply is normal.
- **Step 2** Short-circuit the water sensor and check whether a water alarm is generated on the SmartLogger WebUI or CMU WebUI:
 - If a water alarm is generated, the water sensor is properly connected. In this case, the water alarm will be cleared after the short circuit is removed.
 - If no water alarm is generated, check whether the water sensor cable is connected properly.

After the alarm is cleared, choose **Monitoring** > **Running Param.** > **Fire suppression** > **Starting up** on the SmartLogger WebUI or CMU WebUI.

Enspire					English v 🛈 🕞
	Dep	oloymen	t Wizard Overview Moni	itoring Query Settings Maintenance	II (<u>A</u> 2 <u>9</u> <u>9</u>
SmartLogger3000	Runn	ing Info.	Active Alarm Performance Da	ata Energy Running Param. About	
⊕ STS	Temp	er And H	um Exhaust Gas Fire suppress	sion	
PCS		No.	Signal Name	Value	Unit
= ESS		1	DC output distribution	Starting up Stop	
ESS(Net.17.12)					
O CMU					
🖴 🌢 ESU-1					
ESC-1	4				
🗉 🌰 ESR-0	2				
🗉 💿 ESR-0					
					📢 📢 1 🕨 🗰 1/1 Page 🔤 Goto

Figure 10-17 Restoring the power supply

Step 3 Check whether an alarm is generated for the Smart Rack Controller on the SmartLogger WebUI or CMU WebUI. If an alarm is generated, handle the alarm by referring to the handling suggestions in the alarm reference section.

----End

10.8 Setting Capacity Limit

Context

• Time-of-use (TOU) with capacity limit:

When the capacity limit is enabled in **TOU** mode, the charge/discharge time set in the **TOU** window must cover 24 hours a day. Capacity limit is not supported in non-charge/discharge time.

• Capacity limit:

- If the capacity limit is met 24 hours a day, the ratio of the ESS/PCS to the load power must be properly set to ensure that the ESS/PCS have sufficient capacity to meet the capacity limit.
- When the ESS is used only for capacity limit, you can set the charge time to 24 hours through the TOU setting. Do not set the discharge time and non-charge/discharge time.
- The overload capability of transformers, power distribution switches, and cables must be greater than the sum of the maximum charge current and maximum load current of the ESS.

Procedure

Step 1 Choose **Settings > Battery Control > Capacity Limit** to set the capacity limit.

Enspire		English v 🔞	
Епари е	Deployment Wizard Overview Monitoring Q	uery Settings Maintenance	<u>90</u>)
B User Param.	Battery Control Capacity Limit		
Comm. Param.	Capacity Limit	0	Help
Power Adjustment	Capacity limit mode	No control v	
Battery Control		No control Active capacity limit	
e Remote Shutdown		Apparent capacity limit	
• DI			
		Submit	

Figure 10-18 Setting capacity limit

Parameter	Description
No control	If this parameter is set to No control , the capacity of the grid- connection point is not limited. The inverter and Smart PCS run according to the preset control policy.
Active capacity limit	If this parameter is set to Active capacity limit , the active power of the grid-connection point for purchasing or feeding power cannot exceed the preset capacity limit.
Apparent capacity limit	If this parameter is set to Apparent capacity limit , the apparent power of the grid-connection point for purchasing or feeding power cannot exceed the preset capacity limit.

----End

Active Capacity Limit

Parameter	Description
Maximum active capacity	Set this parameter according to the charging capacity in the demand contract of the power grid company. Once set, the active power of the grid-connection point for purchasing or feeding power cannot exceed the preset value.

Parameter	Description
PV power limit when electricity meter fails	Specifies the active power limit of the inverter when the feed-in meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the inverter as required.
PCS power limit when electricity meter fails	Specifies the active power limit of the PCS when the feed-in meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the PCS as required.

Apparent Capacity Limit

Parameter	Description
Maximum apparent capacity	Set this parameter according to the charging capacity in the demand contract of the power grid company. Once set, the apparent power of the grid-connection point for purchasing or feeding power cannot exceed the preset value.
PV power limit when electricity meter fails	Specifies the active power limit of the inverter when the feed-in meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the inverter as required.
PCS power limit when electricity meter fails	Specifies the active power limit of the PCS when the feed-in meter communication is abnormal. You can manually change the active power percentage of the PCS as required.

11 Closing the Cabinet Door

After the deployment commissioning is complete, close the cabinet door and secure the safety rope.

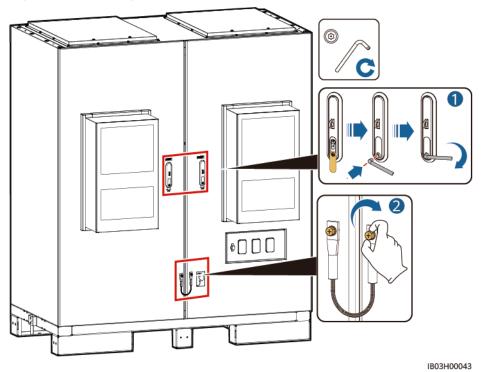


Figure 11-1 Closing the cabinet door

12 Powering Off the ESS

12.1 Sending a Shutdown Command on the SmartLogger

Prerequisites

The system has connected to the grid and is running properly.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the SmartLogger WebUI, choose Maintenance > Connect Device, and click of to send a shutdown command to the Smart PCS and Smart Rack Controller.

Enspire						English	~ (0P)
Enspire		Deployn	nent Wizard Overview Monitoring O	Query Settings Mainter	nance		3 13 00
 Software Upgrade 	Total I	Device Q	y.:2				0 🖸 🔇
Product Information	Con	nect Devi	ce				
Security Settings			Built-in MBUS	Enable ~			
 System Maint. 			Device disconnection time	5 min[5, 3	80]		
• Device Log				Submit			Z
•		No.	Device 🗘	Port-Comm Addr./IP address 🗢	SN ¢	Device status 🗢	
 Onsite Test 		1	PCS(Net.8.140)	192.168.8.133	PCS0001N091	•	
License Management		2	ESS(Net.8.138)	192.168.8.138	20210513FX71	•	
• User Management							
Device Mgmt.							
Connect Device							
SmartModule							

Figure 12-1 Sending a shutdown command

Step 2 Choose **Overview** > **Active Alarms** to view system alarms generated after the shutdown. If any alarm is generated, handle the alarm according to the alarm handling suggestions.

----End

12.2 Power-Off Operations

Step 1 Turn off all switches in the power distribution system of the ESS.

- 1. On the embedded power subrack (SK1), turn off the DC/DC switch 2FCB1, DC light power switch 2FCB2, TCUE switch 2FCB3, fan 1 switch 2FCB6, fan 2 switch 2FCB7, air conditioner 1 switch 2FCB8, and air conditioner 2 switch 2FCB9 in sequence.
- 2. (Optional) Turn off the 220 V maintenance socket switch 1FB1.
- 3. Turn off the PSU switch 1FCB2.
- 4. Turn off the 12 V adapter switch 1FCB1.
- **Step 2** Turn off the AC main switch 1FCB.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Turn off the UPS cable inlet switch 5FCB.
- **Step 4** Turn off the DC switch 1Q1.
- **Step 5** Turn off the switch between the AC side of the ESS and the power grid.

----End

13 Alarm Reference

For details about alarms, see the LUNA2000-(97KWH, 129KWH, 161KWH, 200KWH) Series Smart String ESS Alarm Reference.

14 Technical Specifications

Technical Specifications	LUNA2000 -200KWH- 2H1	LUNA2000-16 1KWH-2H1	LUNA200 0-129KW H-2H1	LUNA2000- 97KWH-1H 1
Single-cabinet rack controller configuration	One rack controller			
Single-cabinet battery configuration	12S1P	10S1P	8S1P	6S1P
Single-cabinet battery rated capacity	193.5 kWh	161.3 kWh	129.0 kWh	96.8 kWh
Charge and discharge rate	≤ 0.5C	≤0.64C	≤0.8C	≤1.0C
Intra-cabinet balancing mode	Battery pack-level active balancing			
Cabinet dimensions (H x W x D)	2135 mm x 1810 mm x 1200 mm			
Cabinet dimensions (including rack controller and Smart PCS, H x W x D)	2135 mm x 2570 mm x 1200 mm			
Net weight (including actual battery packs)	≤ 2950 kg	≤ 2690 kg	≤ 2430 kg	≤ 2170 kg
Net weight (excluding actual battery packs)	≤ 1070 kg	≤ 1090 kg	≤ 1110 kg	≤ 1130 kg
IP rating	IP55			
Operating temperature range	-30°C to +55°C			

Storage temperature range	-40°C to +60°C
Operating humidity range	0%–100% (non-condensing)
DC surge protection	Туре II
Maximum operating altitude	4000 m
Battery temperature control mode	Industrial air conditioning
Fire suppression system	1 U fire suppression module (perfluorohexanone)
Auxiliary power supply	200–240 V AC, ≤ 4.2 kVA
System communications port	Ethernet/Optical fiber
System communications protocol	Modbus TCP
Environmental protection requirements	RoHS 6

A Crimping an OT or DT Terminal

Requirements on an OT or DT Terminal

- If a copper cable is used, use copper wiring terminals.
- If a copper-clad aluminum cable is used, use copper wiring terminals.
- If an aluminum alloy cable is used, use copper-to-aluminum wiring terminals, or aluminum wiring terminals along with copper-to-aluminum washers.

NOTICE

- Do not connect aluminum wiring terminals to the terminal block. Otherwise electrochemical corrosion may occur, affecting the reliability of cable connections.
- Comply with the IEC 61238-1 requirements when using copper-to-aluminum wiring terminals, or aluminum wiring terminals along with copper-to-aluminum washers.
- Do not mix up the aluminum and copper sides of a copper-to-aluminum washer. Ensure that the aluminum side of the washer contacts the aluminum wiring terminal, and that the copper side contacts the terminal block.

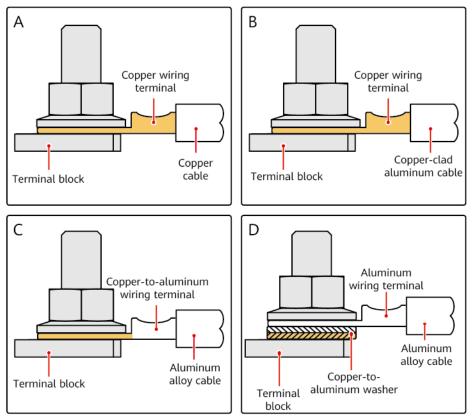
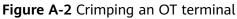


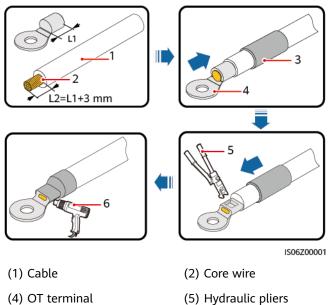
Figure A-1 Requirements on an OT or DT terminal

Crimping an OT or DT Terminal

NOTICE

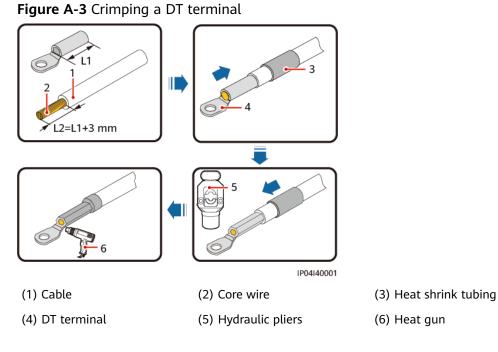
- Avoid scratching the core wire when stripping a cable.
- The cavity formed after the conductor crimp strip of the OT or DT terminal has been crimped must wrap around the core wire completely. The core wire must make close contact with the OT or DT terminal.
- Wrap the wire crimping area with heat shrink tubing or insulation tape. The heat shrink tubing is used as an example.
- Use a heat gun carefully to avoid heat damage to the equipment.





(3) Heat shrink tubing

(6) Heat gun



B How Do I Repair Paint Damage?

Prerequisites

- Do not apply paint in bad weather, such as rain, snow, strong wind, and sandstorm, when there is no shelter outdoors.
- You have prepared the required paint that matches the color palette delivered with equipment.

Paint Repair Description

The equipment appearance should be intact. If paint has flaked off, repair paint damage immediately.

NOTE

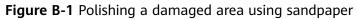
Check the paint damage on the equipment and prepare appropriate tools and materials. The number of materials depends on site requirements.

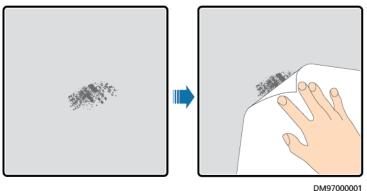
Table B-1	Paint repair	r description
-----------	--------------	---------------

Paint Damage	Tool and Material	Procedure	Description
Slight scratch (steel base material not exposed) Smudges and rust that cannot be removed	Spray paint or paint, brush (required for repainting a small area), fine sandpaper, anhydrous alcohol, cotton cloth, and paint spray gun (required for repainting a large area)	Steps 1, 2, 4, and 5	 For the color of the finish coat (acrylic acid paint), see the delivered color palette and Pantone number specified on it. For a few scratches, smudges, or rust, manual
Deep scratch (primer damaged, steel base material exposed)	Spray paint or paint, zinc-rich primer, brush (required for repainting a small area), fine sandpaper, anhydrous alcohol, cotton cloth, paint spray gun (required for repainting a large area)	Steps 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5	 paint spraying or brushing is recommended. 3. For many scratches or large-area smudges and rusts, use a paint spray gun. 4. The paint coating should be thin and
Logo and pattern damage	If a logo or pattern is damaged, provide the logo size and color number. Seek help from a local supplier of advertisement coatings to formulate a repair solution based on the logo size, color, and damage.		even. Paint drops are prohibited on the coating. The surface should be smooth.
Dent	 If a dent is less than or equal to 100 mm² in area and less than 3 mm in depth, fill the dent with Poly-Putty base and then perform the same operations as those for processing deep scratches. If a dent is greater than 100 mm² in area or greater than 3 mm in depth, ask the local supplier for an appropriate repainting solution. 		5. Leave the repainted area for approximately 30 minutes before performing any further operation.

Procedure

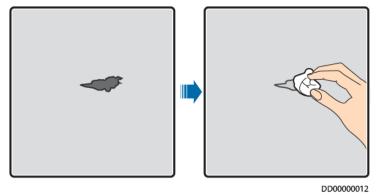
Step 1 Gently polish damaged areas using fine sandpaper to remove smudges or rust.





Step 2 Dip a piece of cotton cloth into anhydrous alcohol and wipe the polished or damaged area to remove the dirt and dust. Then wipe off the anhydrous alcohol with a clean and dry cotton cloth

Figure B-2 Wiping a polished or damaged area using anhydrous alcohol





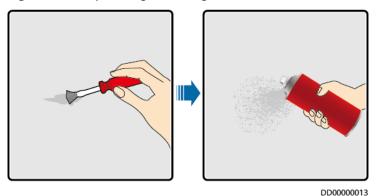
NOTICE

- If the base material is exposed in the area to be repaired, apply epoxy zinc-rich primer, wait until the paint has dried, and then apply acrylic acid top coat.
- Select epoxy zinc-rich primer or acrylic acid top coat with a color the same as the surface coating color of the equipment.
- **Step 4** Apply paint evenly to the damaged area based on the damage degree of the paint using an aerosol spray, brush, or paint spray gun until all damage traces are invisible.

NOTICE

- Ensure that the painting is thin, even, and smooth.
- In the case that an equipment pattern has different colors, to prevent undamaged areas and those with different colors as the damaged area from being contaminated during repainting, cover such areas using white paper and adhesive tape before repairing paint.

Figure B-3 Repainting a damaged area





NOTE

- The color of the repainted area must be consistent with that of the surrounding area. Use a colorimeter to measure the color difference, which should be less than or equal to 3 ($\Delta E \le 3$). If a colorimeter is unavailable, ensure that there is no visible edge between the repainted area and the surrounding area. The paint should be free of bulges, scratches, flaking, or cracks.
- If you choose to spray paint, it is recommended that you spray paint three times before checking the result. If the color does not meet the requirements, paint more times until the painting meets the requirements.

----End

Paint Supply Information

Table B	B-2 Paint	requirements
---------	------------------	--------------

Item	Requirement
Primer thickness	60 μm
Intermediate coat thickness	120 μm
Top coat thickness	60 μm
Primer type	Epoxy zinc-rich paint
Intermediate coat type	Zinc-rich paint

ltem	Requirement
Color number of the top coat	Obtain the color number based on the color palette delivered with the product.

NOTE

The following is a paint model list provided by Huawei. The list may be updated from time to time and is for reference only. The cost of paint and technical services is subject to the local pricing standards.

Supplier	Position	Paint Model
Hempel	Equipment surface painting	Zinc-rich primer for pretreatment: HEMPADUR ZINC (shopprimer) 1536C/ 19830
		Zinc-rich primer for the entire container: HEMPADUR ZINC (on line) 1536C/19830
		Intermediate coat: HEMPADUR FAST DRY 15560/12170
		Top coat: HEMPATHANE 55210/17630 (RAL9003)
	Logo	Red: HEMPATHANE 55210/57200 (RAL3020)
		Black: HEMPATHANE 55210-19990 (RAL9005)
СМР	Equipment surface painting	Zinc-rich primer for pretreatment: EPICON ZINC SC B-2 M (SHOP PRIMER)
		Zinc-rich primer for the entire container: EPICON ZINC SC B-2 M (ON LINE ZINC)
		Intermediate coat: EPICON SC PRIMER GREY CSC-9107
		Top coat: UNYMARINE SC FINISH WHITE CSC-9205 (RAL-9003)
	Logo	Red: UNYMARINE SC MARKING RAL-3020
		Black: UNYMARINE SC MARKING RAL-9005

C Emergency Handling

If an accident (including but not limited to the following) occurs on the site, ensure the safety of onsite personnel first and contact the Company's service engineers.

Battery Falling or Strong Impact

- If a battery has obvious damage or abnormal odor, smoke, or fire occurs, evacuate the personnel immediately, call emergency services, and contact the professionals. The professionals shall use fire extinguishing facilities to extinguish the fire under safety protection.
- If the appearance is not deformed or damaged, and there is no obvious abnormal odor, smoke, or fire, ensure safety and perform the following operations:
 - Warehouse: Evacuate personnel, transfer the battery to an open and safe place by professionals using mechanical tools, and contact the Company's service engineers. Leave the battery for an hour and ensure that the battery temperature is within the room temperature range (tolerance: ±10°C) before handling.
 - ESS onsite: Evacuate personnel, close the doors of the ESS, transfer the battery to an open and safe place by professionals using mechanical tools, and contact the Company's service engineers. Leave the battery for an hour before handling.

Flood

- Power off the system if it is safe to do so.
- If any part of the batteries is submerged in water, do not touch the batteries to avoid electric shock.
- Do not use batteries that have been soaked in water. Contact a battery recycling company for disposal.

Fire

🛕 DANGER

- If a fire occurs, power off the system if it is safe to do so.
- Extinguish the fire with carbon dioxide, FM-200 or ABC dry powder fire extinguishers.
- Ask firefighters to avoid contact with high-voltage components during fire fighting to prevent the risk of electric shock.
- Overheating may cause battery deformation, faults, and leakage of corrosive electrolytes or toxic gases. Use respiratory protective equipment and keep a safe distance from the batteries to prevent skin irritation and chemical burns.

Fire Alarm Horn/Strobe

When the alarm indicator on the equipment blinks or buzzes:

- Do not approach.
- Do not open the door.
- Stay away immediately.
- Cut off the power supply remotely only when your safety is guaranteed.

Gas Exhaust

- Onsite personal protection: Do not directly face the exhaust vents.
- Post-disaster product maintenance: Contact the Company's service engineers for evaluation.

Extinguishant Release or Fire

- Suggestions for onsite O&M personnel:
 - a. When a fire occurs, evacuate from the building or equipment area, press the fire alarm bell, and immediately call the fire emergency service. Notify the professional firefighters and provide them with relevant product information, including but not limited to battery pack types, ESS capacity, and battery pack location and distribution.
 - b. Do not enter the affected building or equipment area under any circumstances, and do not open the doors of the ESS. Isolate and monitor the site. Keep irrelevant personnel away from the site.
 - c. After calling the fire emergency service, remotely power off the system (such as the Smart Transformer Station, Smart PCS, auxiliary power supply devices, and combiner box power supply) while ensuring your own safety.
 - d. After professional firefighters arrive, provide relevant product information, including but not limited to battery pack types, ESS capacity, battery pack location and distribution, and user manuals.
 - e. After the fire is extinguished, the site must be handled by professionals in accordance with local laws and regulations. Do not open the doors of the ESS without permission.

- f. Post-disaster product maintenance: Contact the Company's service engineers for evaluation.
- Suggestions for professional firefighters:
 - a. For product information, see the information provided by O&M personnel, including but not limited to battery pack types, ESS capacity, battery pack location and distribution, and user manuals.
 - b. Do not open the doors of the ESS before it is deemed safe by professionals.
 - c. Follow local fire fighting regulations.

D How Do I Recycle Used Batteries?

NOTICE

- The Company does not recycle batteries. Contact local recycling agencies to handle batteries.
- If there are no such agencies in your area, you can contact the nearest foreign recycling agencies.
- **Step 1** Contact the nearest recycling agency.
- **Step 2** Recycling agencies assess the costs.
- **Step 3** Recycling agencies carry out recycling, which can be done in two ways:
 - Onsite recycling: Recycling agencies can visit your sites to recycle lithium batteries, but the price depends on actual conditions such as the distance and transportation expenses.
 - Centralized recycling: You can collect all lithium batteries to be recycled in one place for the recycling agencies to handle.

NOTE

You need to cover the related transportation expenses.

Step 4 Recycling companies handle recycling. The recycled lithium batteries are at the disposal of the recycling companies.

----End



E.1 Operations on the CMU WebUI

E.1.1 CMU WebUI Operations

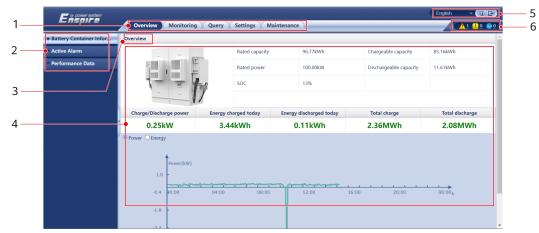
E.1.1.1 Introduction to WebUI

NOTICE

- The web software version corresponding to the WebUI screenshots in this document is LUNA2000C V100R023C00. The screenshots are for reference only.
- The parameter names, value ranges, and default values are subject to change. The actual display may vary.

E.1.1.2 WebUI Layout

Figure E-1 WebUI layout



No.	Function	Description
1	First-level menu	Choose the corresponding first-level menu before you perform any operation over the WebUI.
2	Second-level menu	Under the first-level menu, choose the device to be queried or the parameter to be set under the second-level menu.
3	Third-level menu	After choosing a second-level menu, choose a third-level menu to access the query or setting page.
4	Details page	Displays details of the queried information or parameter setting.
5	Display language	Selects the display language or chooses to log out.
6	Alarm icon	Displays the severities and number of active system alarms. You can click a number to access the alarm page.

E.1.1.3 Icon Description

lcon	Description	lcon	Description
	Click the About icon to query the WebUI version information.	>	Click the Drop-down icon to choose a parameter or time.
B	Click the Exit icon to log out.		Alarms are classified into major, minor, and warning ones. Click the Alarm icon to query an alarm.
 	Click the Increase/ Decrease icon to adjust time.		Click the Start icon to start the device.
•	The Select icon indicates that a parameter is selected.		Click the Stop icon to shut down the device.
	The Select icon indicates that a parameter is not selected. Click the icon to select a parameter.		Click the Reset icon to reset the device.
≫ ≪	Hide icon and Display icon	•	The CMU is in Running state.

Icon	Description	lcon	Description
•	 The device is in Disconnection state. When the device is in Disconnection state, its parameters cannot be set. 	•	The CMU is in Loading state.
•	The CMU is in Initializing, Power- off, Idle or other state in which the device is not feeding power into the grid.	\$	Ascending order or descending order icon. Click the icon to sort parameters in ascending or descending order for the corresponding column.

E.1.1.4 WebUI Menus

Table E-1 WebUI menus

Main Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
Overview	ESS information	-	Queries ESS information.
	Active Alarm	-	Queries active alarms.
	Performance Data	-	Queries or exports performance data.
Monitoring	CMU	Running Info.	Queries the running information.
		Active Alarm	Queries active alarms.
		Running Param.	Set running parameters.
		Module(M1)	Queries the expansion module.
		IO Board	Queries the IO Board information.
		About	Queries the version and communication information.
Query	Alarm History	-	Query historical alarms.
	Operation Log	-	Queries operation logs.
	Export Data	-	Exports historical alarms, energy yield, operation logs, and power grid scheduling data.

Main Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
Settings	User parameters	Date&Time	Sets the date and time.
	Comm. Param.	Wireless Network	 Sets parameters for the built-in WLAN. Sets mobile data (4G/3G/2G)
			parameters.
		Wired Network	Sets wired network parameters.
		RS485	Sets RS485 parameters.
		Modbus TCP	Sets Modbus TCP parameters.
	Other parameters	-	-
Maintenance	Software Upgrade	-	Upgrades the CMU software.
	Product Information	-	Queries product information.
	Security Settings	-	 Changes the user password. Sets the automatic logout time. Upload a network security certificate. Updates the key. Sets the lockout duration and number of times an account is locked upon login failure. Sets the certificate alarm time. Uploads a SmartModule security certificate. Enables or disables communication using an expired SmartModule certificate.
	System Maint.	-	 Resets the system. Restore factory settings. Clears data. Exports all configuration files. Imports all configuration files. Clears cache.
	Device Log	-	Exports device logs.
	Onsite Test	-	Battery racks charge/discharge test.
	User Management	-	Add, modify or delete a user.

Main Menu	Second-Level Menu	Third-Level Menu	Function
	Device Mgmt.	Connect Device	Adds or removes a device.Imports or exports configurations.
		SmartModule	Removes the SmartModule.Sets the authentication password.
		Clear Alarm	Clears device alarms.

E.1.2 Maintenance Operations

E.1.2.1 Preparations and WebUI Login

Prerequisites

- The operating system of Windows 7 or later is supported.
- Browser: Chrome 52, Firefox 58, or Internet Explorer 9, or a later version is recommended.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Connect the network cable between the network port of the PC and the WAN or LAN port of the CMU.
- **Step 2** Set the IP address for the PC on the same network segment as the CMU IP address.
 - When the CMU is connected to the SACU

Connected Port	Item	CMU Default Value	Example PC Setting
LAN port	IP address	192.168.8.10	192.168.8.11
	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
	Default gateway	192.168.8.1	192.168.8.1
WAN port	IP address	192.168.0.10	192.168.0.11
	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
	Default gateway	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1

• When the CMU is not connected to the SACU

SACU LAN Port IP Address	CMU WAN Port IP Address	CMU LAN Port IP Address	
192.168.8.10	192.168.8.XXX	192.168.3.10	
XXX.XXX.XXX.XXXa	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXXa	192.168.8.10	
Note a: When you set the IP address of the SACU LAN port, the IP address			

of the CMU WAN port changes with the IP address of the SACU LAN port. You can view the IP address on the SACU WebUI or SUN2000 app.

Step 3 Set LAN parameters.

NOTICE

- If the CMU is connected to a local area network (LAN) and a proxy server has been set, you need to cancel the proxy server settings.
- If the CMU is connected to the Internet and the PC is connected to the LAN, do not cancel the proxy server settings.
- 1. Open Internet Explorer.
- 2. Choose **Tools** > **Internet Options**.
- 3. Click the **Connections** tab and then click **LAN settings**.
- 4. Clear Use a proxy server for your LAN.

Figure E-2 LAN settings

Local Area Network (LAN) Settings								
Automatic configuration								
Automatic configuration may override manual settings. To ensure the use of manual settings, disable automatic configuration.								
Automatically detect settings								
Use automatic configuration <u>s</u> cript								
Address								
Proxy server								
Use a proxy server for your LAN (These settings will not apply to $\operatorname{Hial-up}$ or VPN connections).								
Addr <u>e</u> ss: Por <u>t</u> : 80 Advanced								
OK Cancel								

5. Click OK.

Step 4 Log in to the CMU WebUI.

1. In the address box of a browser, enter https://XX.XX.XX.XX (XX.XX.XX.XX is the IP address of the CMU) and press Enter. The login page is displayed. If you log in to the WebUI for the first time, a security risk warning is displayed. Click **Continue to this website** to log in to the WebUI.

NOTE

- It is recommended that users use their own certificates. If the certificate is not replaced, the security risk warning will be displayed during each login.
- After logging in to the WebUI, you can import a certificate under Maintenance > Security Settings > Network Security Certificate.
- The imported security certificate needs to be bound to the CMU IP address. Otherwise, the security risk warning will still be displayed during login.

Figure E-3 Security risk warning

The security certificate presented by this website was not issued by a trusted certificate authority. The security certificate presented by this website was issued for a different website's address.
The becarry definitive presence by this respire has badea for a different respire a darress
Security certificate problems may indicate an attempt to fool you or intercept any data you send to the server.
We recommend that you close this webpage and do not continue to this website.
Olick here to close this webpage.
Secontinue to this website (not recommended).

2. Specify Language, User Name, and Password, and click Log In.

Figure E-4 Login page (Initial login when the user name is displayed as admin)



D NOTE

In this scenario, you need to update the software version to LUNA2000C V100R023C00 or later.

Parameter	Description			
Language	Set this parameter as required.			
User Name	Default value: admin			
Password	 The initial password is Changeme1234. Use the initial password upon first power-on and change it immediately after login. Then, use the new password to log in again. 			

Updating the CMU to LUNA2000C V100R023C00 or later:

- Method 1: Log in as admin using your new password.
- Method 2: Log in as installer using your app login password (the initial password is 00000a).

Figure E-5 Login page (Initial login when the user name is null)

	Enspire
Language	English 💌
User Name	
Password	Ô
	Log In Reset

IL03J00002

NOTE

In this scenario, the software version is LUNA2000C V100R023C00 or later.

Parameter	Description
Language	Set this parameter as required.
User Name	Log in as installer.
Password	Set the login password as prompted.

D NOTE

- Protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. If you lose the
 password, the device must be restored to its factory settings. Huawei will not be
 held liable for any losses resulting from improper password management.
- You will be locked out for 10 minutes after five failed password attempts in five minutes.
- A dialog box with recent login information is displayed after login. Click **OK**.

----End

Follow-up Procedure

If any page is blank or a menu cannot be accessed after you log in to the WebUI, clear the cache, refresh the page, or log in again.

E.1.2.2 Upgrading the Software Version

Prerequisites

- Before upgrade, check whether an ESU alarm is generated. If yes, clear the alarm by referring to the alarm handling suggestions and then perform the upgrade.
- Before upgrade, ensure that the SOC of the battery rack is greater than 30%. Otherwise, the delayed upgrade function may be triggered (only software is loaded without performing the upgrade).

Procedure

Step 1 Upgrade the software.

Software Upgrade	Software	Upgrade		0			
Product Information	Select an upgrade file: Choose File No file chosen Upload						
Security Settings		No.	Device	Device status	Curr. ver.	Target ver.	Upgrade Prog
System Maint.		1	СМИ	٠	LUNA2000B V300R024C00B901W1		
Device Log		2	CMU_BSP	•	V300R022C10SPC350		
Onsite Test	0	3	ESU-1	•	LUNA2000C V100R023C00CYX102		
User Management							
=	-						
Device Mgmt.							
Connect Device							
SmartModule							
	1						
Clear Alarm							

Figure E-6 Software upgrade

D NOTE

- The Stop Upgrade function applies only to the devices waiting to be upgraded.
- If the system displays a message indicating that the loading is successful instead of the upgrade, the delayed upgrade function is triggered. The system automatically performs the upgrade when the conditions are met.
- If the upgrade fails, contact Huawei technical support.

E.1.2.3 Exporting Device Logs

Step 1 Access the device log page.

Figure E-7 Exporting logs

Enspire						English	~ (if)
Enspire	Overview	Monito	ring Query Settings	Maintenance			<u>Al lo ()o</u>)
 Software Upgrade 	Device Logs			0			
 Product Information 	Select	No.	Device	SN	Device status	Progress	Execution Statu
Security Settings			СМИ	1022C5625103	•		
 System Maint. 		2	ESU-1	6T2289027017	•		
Device Log							
Onsite Test							
 User Management 							
Device Mgmt.	*						
Connect Device	1						
SmartModule							
Clear Alarm							
	<u>د</u>						Þ
	Export Log	Stop Export	Log archiving				

Step 2 Select the device whose logs are to be exported and click **Export Log**.

Logs can be exported for a maximum of six devices of the same type at a time.

- **Step 3** Observe the progress bar and wait until the log export is complete.
- Step 4 After the export is successful, click Log archiving to save the logs. ----End

E.1.2.4 Checking Alarms

Step 1 Choose Overview > Active Alarm.

Figure E-8 Checking alarms

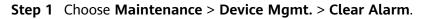
Enspire	Overv	iew Mor	nitoring Que	ery Settings Main	ntenance				English	
Battery Container Infor	Active Alm (Quantity: 0								
Active Alarm	Device All			✓ Severity	All	✓ Sorting mode	Time	~	Filter	
Performance Data	Alarm ID	Severity	Device		Alarm Name		Gene	ration time	Reason ID	Suggestion
					No Da	ata				
									4 1 ▶ ₩ 1/ 1	Page Go

----End

E.1.2.5 Clearing Alarms

You can clear all active and historical alarms for the selected device and re-collect alarm data.

Procedure



🗲 @ power system						English 🗸 🔞 🕞	
Enspire	Overv	view Monit	oring Query Settin	ngs (Maintenance)			
 Software Upgrade 	Software Upgrade Total Device Qty.:3			0			
 Product Information 		No.	Device		SN	Device status	
 Security Settings 		1	CMU		1022C5625103	•	
 System Maint. 		2	ESU-1		6T2289027017	٠	
		3	TCU-1		TC001022C5625103	۲	
 Device Log 							
 Onsite Test 							
User Management							
- Device Mgmt.							
SmartModule							
Clear Alarm							
Clear Alarm 3	1						
9							
				Submit			

Figure E-9 Clearing alarms

Step 2 Select the name of the device whose alarms are to be cleared, click **Submit**, and choose **All**, **Locally synchronized alarms**, or **Alarms stored on devices** to clear alarms.

----End

NOTE

If alarms are cleared for the CMU, you must reset alarms on the management system. Otherwise, the SmartLogger cannot obtain the alarm information collected by the CMU after the alarms are cleared.

E.2 App Operations

E.2.1 Downloading and Installing the App

SUN2000 app: Access Huawei AppGallery and search for **SUN2000**, or scan the following QR code (or directly visit https://appgallery.cloud.huawei.com/appdl/C10279542) to download and install the app.

QR code:



E.2.2 Logging In to the App

Prerequisites

- The CMU has been powered on.
- The WLAN function has been enabled on your phone.
- Keep the phone within 5 m of the CMU. Otherwise, the communication quality might be poor.

Procedure

Step 1 Press and hold the **RST** button for 1s to 3s to power on the CMU's built-in WLAN module.

NOTE

- If the **ALM** indicator blinks green fast for 2 minutes and other indicators are off, the WLAN module is powered on.
- If the WLAN module is not connected to the app, the WLAN module is automatically powered off after being powered on for 4 hours.

Step 2 In the SUN2000 app, select a connection mode.

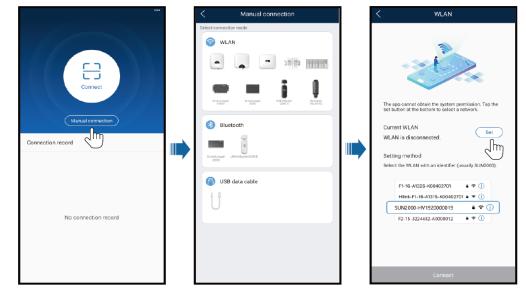
D NOTE

- The screenshots in this section correspond to the SUN2000 app 6.22.10.117 (Android).
- Use the initial password for the first login and change it immediately after login. To ensure account security, protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. Your password might be stolen or cracked if it is left unchanged for extended periods. If a password is lost, devices cannot be accessed. In these cases, the Company shall not be liable for any loss caused to the plant.
- 1. Tap **Manual connection** and select a product icon.

D NOTE

- The CMU has a built-in WLAN module. The initial name of the WLAN hotspot is **SN of the Monitor-CMU**, and the initial password is **Changeme**.
- If **Changeme** cannot be used for the first login, obtain the initial password from the QR code on the CMU.

Figure E-10 Manual connection



2. Tap **Connect** and scan the QR code on the CMU.

NOTE

Products delivered earlier do not support connection by scanning the QR code. In this case, manually connect the product.

Step 3 Select the login user and enter the login password. The main menu screen is displayed.

NOTICE

- When you log in to the system for the first time, set the login password. To ensure account security, protect the password by changing it periodically, and keep it secure. Your password might be stolen or cracked if it is left unchanged for extended periods. If a password is lost, devices cannot be accessed. In these cases, the Company shall not be liable for any loss caused to the plant.
- For the same username, the password for logging in to the app is the same as that for logging in to the CMU WebUI.
- You will be locked out for 10 minutes after five consecutive failed password attempts in 5 minutes.

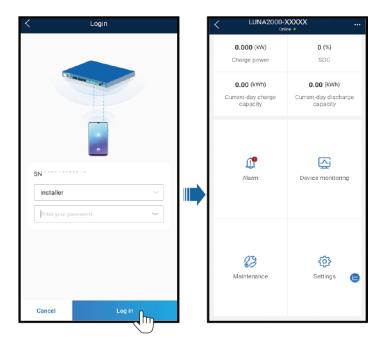


Figure E-11 Login

----End

E.2.3 Change Password

Changing the WLAN Hotspot Password of a Device

Log in to the app, choose **Settings** > **Communication settings** > **Device WLAN**, and change the WLAN hotspot password of the device.

Changing the Login Password of a User

After logging in to the app, tap in the upper right corner of the screen, and choose **Change password** to change the login password.

Contact Information

If you have any questions about this product, please contact us.



https://digitalpower.huawei.com

Path: About Us > Contact Us > Service Hotlines

To ensure faster and better services, we kindly request your assistance in providing the following information:

- Model
- Serial number (SN)
- Software version
- Alarm ID or name
- Brief description of the fault symptom

NOTE

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G Digital Power Customer Service



https://digitalpower.huawei.com/robotchat/

Acronyms and Abbreviations

A	
AI	analog input
АРР	application
В	
BMU	battery monitoring unit
С	
CAN	control area network
СМИ	central monitoring unit
СОМ	cluster communication port
E	
EPO	emergency power-off
ESC	smart rack controller
ESM	battery pack
ESR	battery rack

ESU	energy storage unit
D	
DC	direct current
DO	digital output
F	
FE	fast Ethernet
G	
GE	gigabit Ethernet
I	
I/O	input/output
L	
LAN	local area network
LED	light-emitting diode
М	
MBUS	monitoring bus
N	
N	
NTC	negative temperature coefficient
2	
Р	

PID	potential induced degradation
PSU	power supply unit
R	
RST	reset
S	
SACU	smart array controller
SFP	small form-factor pluggable
SIM	subscriber identity module
SMU	site monitoring unit
SN	serial number
SOC	state of charge
SOH	state of health
т	
тси	temperature control unit
ΤΟυ	time-of-use price
U	
UPS	uninterruptible power system
USB	universal serial bus

W

WAN

wide area network