

UPower Series

—Inverter/charger

User Manual



Models:

UP1000-M3212/UP1000-M3222

UP1500-M3222/UP2000-M3322

UP3000-M3322/UP3000-M2142

UP3000-M6142/UP3000-M6322

UP5000-M6342/UP5000-M8342

UP5000-M10342



westech Solar Energy
make energy efficient

Important Safety Instructions

Please reserve this manual for future review.

Please reserve this manual for future review. This manual contains all instructions about safety, installation and operation for the inverter/charger.

- Read carefully all the instructions and warnings in the manual before installation.
- Non-safety voltage exists inside the inverter/charger, users must not dismantle it by itself in order to avoid personal injury, contact professional maintenance personnel of our company in need of maintenance.
- Keep the inverter/charger out the reach of children.
- Do not place the inverter/charger in a damp, oily, inflammable and explosive or a severe environment with a large amount of dust accumulation.
- The utility input and AC output with high voltage, don't touch wire connections.
- Install the inverter/charger in well ventilated places, it's shell may produce heat during operation.
- It is suggested to install appropriate external fuses/breakers.
- Make sure switching off all connections with PV array and the fuse/breakers close to battery before inverter/charger installation and adjustment.
- Make sure all connections remain tight to avoid excessive heat from a loose connection.
- It's an off-grid inverter/charger, not for on-grid system.
- This inverter/charger can only be used singly, parallel or in series connections will damage the devices.

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1. General Information

1.1 Overview

The UPower series is a new type of the inverter/charger combining with solar & utility charging and AC output, which adopts a multi-core processor design and advanced MPPT control algorithm, and has the features of high response speed, high reliability and high industrialization standard. It offers four charging modes including Solar priority, Utility priority, Solar and Utility & Solar; two output modes for Battery and Utility, meeting the various application demands.

The up-to-date optimized MPPT tracking technology is adopted for the PV charging modules. It can quickly track the maximum power point of the PV array in any environment and acquire the maximum energy of solar panel in real time;

The advanced control algorithm is adopted for AC-DC charging modules that realize fully digitalized double closed-loop control for voltage and current, with high control precision, small volume. The input range of AC voltage is wide, the output DC charging voltage/current is continuously adjustable in a certain range, and the complete input/output protection functions can offer stable and reliable charging and protection for the battery.

The DC-AC inverter modules are based on full digital and intelligent design. It adopts the advanced SPWM technology, outputs the pure sine wave and converts 24/48VDC to 220/230VAC suitable for AC loads of household appliances, electric tools, commercial units, electronic audio and video devices etc.

The product adopts 4.2 inch LCD display design, which real-time displays the operational data and running state of the system. The comprehensive electronic protection function guarantees more safe and more stable operation of the system.

Features:

- Adoption of the advanced SPWM technology, with pure sine wave output
- Fully digitalized voltage and current double closed-loop control
- Advanced MPPT technology, with efficiency no less than 99.5%.
- Four charging mode: Solar priority, Utility priority, Utility & solar and Solar only
- Two output mode: Battery and Utility
- LCD design that enables dynamic display of system running data and operating state
- Provided with common interface and advanced interface
- Multiple LED indicators that instantly indicate the operating state of the system
- 2P circuit breaker provided at the utility input end
- Independent control of AC output by AC OUT button
- Battery temperature compensation function
- Extensive Electronic protection
- **Not** compatible with Lithium batteries

1.2 Characteristics

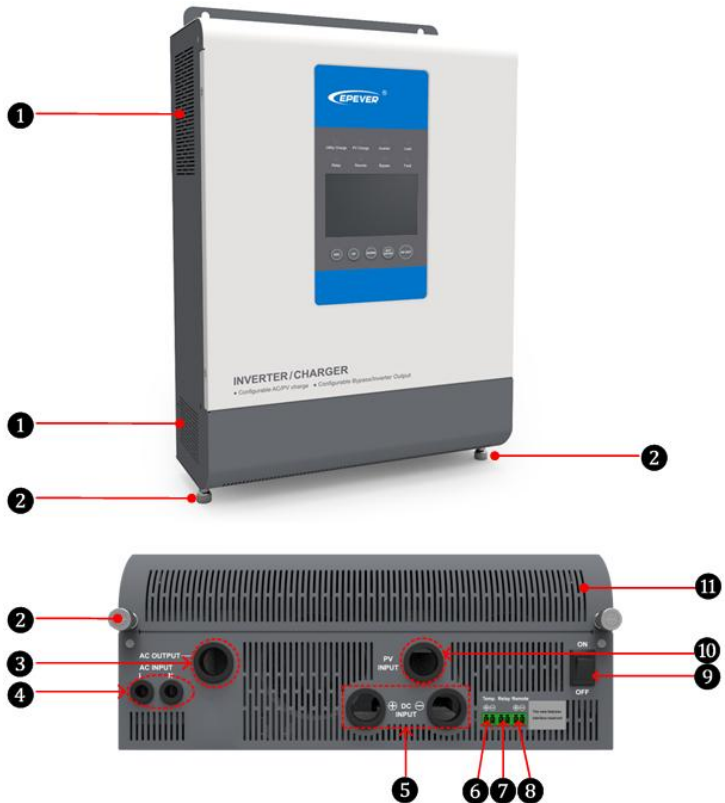


Figure 1 Product appearance

1	Ventilation	7	Relay interface
2	Captive screw (2 pcs)	8	Remote interface
3	AC output terminals	9	Inverter/charger switch
4	Utility input terminals	10	PV input terminals
5	Battery input terminals	11	Terminals cover
6	RTS* interface		



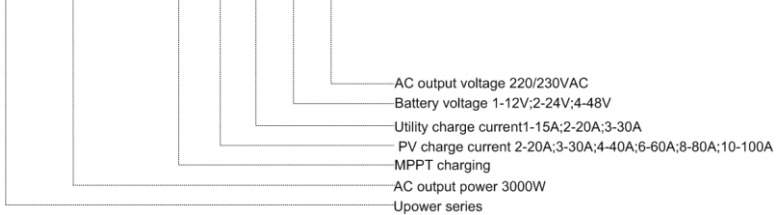
Temperature Sensor
(Model:RT-MF58R47K3.81A)



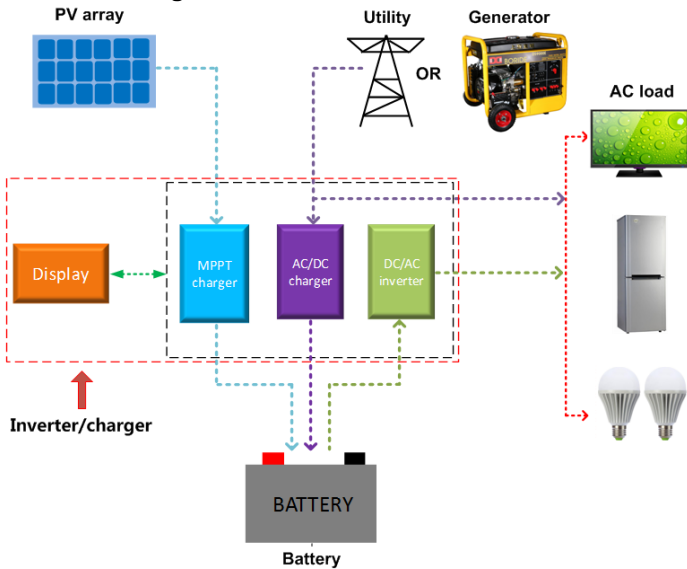
NOTE: ★Connect the temperature sensor, the inverter/charger is compensated according to the ambient temperature.

1.3 Designations of models

UP 3000 - M 2 1 4 2



1.4 Schematic Diagram for Connections



Warning: Confirm the AC load power compatible with the power of the inverter/charger, AC load selected exceeding the maximum output power of inverter/charger is prohibited.

2. Installation Instructions

2.1 General Installation Notes

- Please read the entire installation instructions to get familiar with the installation steps before installation.
- Be very careful when installing the batteries, especially flooded lead-acid battery. Please wear eye protection, and have fresh water available to wash and clean if any contact with battery acid.
- Keep the battery away from any metal objects, which may cause short circuit of the battery.
- Explosive acid battery gases may come out from the battery during charging, so make sure ventilation condition is good.
- Ventilation is highly recommended if mounted in an enclosure. Never install the inverter/charger in a sealed enclosure with flooded batteries! Battery fumes from vented batteries will corrode and destroy the inverter/charger circuits.
- Lead-acid battery is only recommended, other kinds please refer to the battery manufacturer.
- Loose connections and corroded wires may result in high heat that can melt wire insulation, burn surrounding materials, or even cause fire. Ensure tight connections and use cable clamps to secure cables and prevent them from swaying in motion.
- Select the system cables according to $5A/mm^2$ or less current density in accordance with Article 690 of the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70.
- For outdoor installation, keep out of the direct sunshine and rain infiltration.
- High voltage still exists inside the inverter/charger after switching off the power switch, do not turn on or touch the internal units, conduct the associated operation only after discharging the electric capacity.
- Do not place the inverter/charger in a damp, oily, inflammable and explosive or a severe environment with a large amount of dust accumulation.
- Prohibit reverse connection at DC input end otherwise it may damage the equipment or unpredictable danger will occur.
- The utility input and AC output are of high voltage, do not touch the wire connection.

2.2 Wire Size & breaker

The wiring and installation methods must follow all national and local electrical code requirements.

➤ Recommended wire and circuit breaker of PV

Model	PV wire size	Breaker
UP1000-M3212	10mm ² /8AWG	2P—63A
UP1000-M3222	10mm ² /8AWG	2P—63A

UP1500-M3222	10mm ² /8AWG	2P—63A
UP2000-M3322	10mm ² /8AWG	2P—63A
UP3000-M3322	10mm ² /8AWG	2P—63A
UP3000-M6322	16mm ² /5AWG	2P—100A
UP3000-M2142	6mm ² /10AWG	2P—32A
UP3000-M6142	16mm ² /5AWG	2P—100A
UP5000-M6342	16mm ² /5AWG	2P—100A
UP5000-M8342	25mm ² /4AWG	2P—125A
UP5000-M10342	25mm ² /4AWG	2P—125A

NOTE: When the PV modules connect in series, the open circuit voltage of the PV array must not exceed max. PV input voltage at 25°C environment temperature.

➤ **Recommended wire of Utility**

Model	Utility wire size
UP1000-M3212	2.5mm ² /14AWG
UP1000-M3222	2.5mm ² /14AWG
UP1500-M3222	2.5mm ² /14AWG
UP2000-M3322	4mm ² /12AWG
UP3000-M3322	6mm ² /10AWG
UP3000-M6322	6mm ² /10AWG
UP3000-M2142	6mm ² /10AWG
UP3000-M6142	6mm ² /10AWG
UP5000-M6342	10mm ² /8AWG
UP5000-M8342	10mm ² /8AWG
UP5000-M10342	10mm ² /8AWG

NOTE: The utility input has the circuit breaker already and there is no need to add any more.

➤ **Recommended wire and circuit breaker of battery**

Model	Battery wire size	Breaker
UP1000-M3212	16mm ² /6AWG	2P—100A
UP1000-M3222	16mm ² /6AWG	2P—100A
UP1500-M3222	16mm ² /6AWG	2P—100A
UP2000-M3322	25mm ² /4AWG	2P—125A
UP3000-M3322	35mm ² /2AWG	2P—200A
UP3000-M6322	35mm ² /2AWG	2P—200A
UP3000-M2142	16mm ² /6AWG	2P—100A
UP3000-M6142	16mm ² /6AWG	2P—100A
UP5000-M6342	35mm ² /2AWG	2P—200A
UP5000-M8342	35mm ² /2AWG	2P—200A
UP5000-M10342	35mm ² /2AWG	2P—200A

NOTE: Type of circuit breaker is selected based on non-independent connection of inverter at the battery end where there is no another inverter connected.

➤ **Recommended wire and circuit breaker for AC output**

Model	AC wire size	Breaker
UP1000-M3212	2.5mm ² /14AWG	2P—10A
UP1000-M3222	2.5mm ² /14AWG	2P—10A
UP1500-M3222	2.5mm ² /14AWG	2P—10A
UP2000-M3322	2.5mm ² /14AWG	2P—16A
UP3000-M3322	4mm ² /12AWG	2P—25A
UP3000-M6322	4mm ² /12AWG	2P—25A
UP3000-M2142	4mm ² /12AWG	2P—25A
UP3000-M6142	4mm ² /12AWG	2P—25A
UP5000-M6342	6mm ² /10AWG	2P—40A
UP5000-M8342	6mm ² /10AWG	2P—40A
UP5000-M10342	6mm ² /10AWG	2P—40A



NOTE: The wire size used for connection is for reference only, use thicker wires to lower the voltage drop and improve the system performance when the distance between the whole solar system components is far.



NOTE: The above wire and the circuit breaker size are for recommended use only, please choose the suitable wire and circuit breaker according to the practical situation.

NOTE: The cable lugs refer to the cardboard in the package.

2.3 Mounting

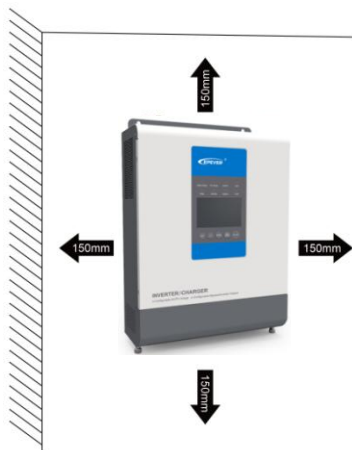


Figure2-1 Mounting

Installation steps:

Step1: Determination of Installation Location and Heat-dissipation Space

Determination of installation location: The inverter/charger shall be installed in a place with sufficient air flow through the dissipation pad of the inverter/charger and a minimum clearance of 150 mm from the upper and lower edges of the inverter/charger to ensure natural thermal convection. Please see Figure 2-1: Mounting.



WARNING: Risk of explosion!

Never install the inverter/charger with flooded batteries in a sealed enclosure! Do not install the device in a confined area where battery gas can accumulate.

Step 2: Take down the terminal protective cover

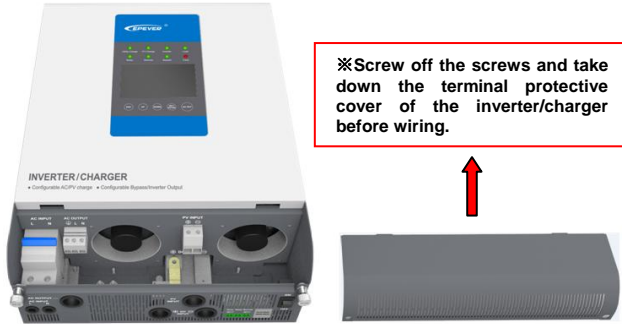


Figure2-2 Take down the cover

Step 3: Wiring

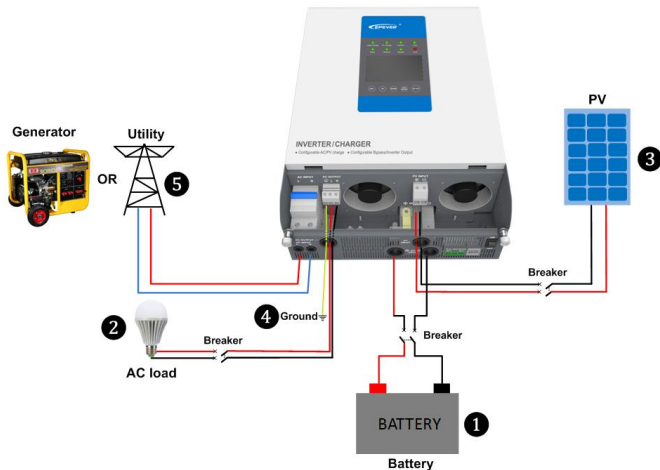






Figure 2-3Wiring Diagram

Connect the system in an order of battery  → load  → PV array 

→Ground→Utility  in accordance with Figure 2-3: Wiring Diagram. Disconnect the system in the reverse order.



Warning: Danger, High-voltage! Utility input, AC output and PV array will produce dangerous voltage, make sure to disconnect the circuit breaker/ fuse before wiring.



Warning: Do not turn on the circuit breaker/ fuse when wiring, and at the same time, ensure that the wiring of "+", "-" are correctly connected.



Warning: A circuit breaker must be installed at the battery end, for selection, refer to Section 2.3 "Wire and Circuit Breaker".



NOTE: If the inverter/charger is to be used in an area with frequent lightning strikes, it is recommended to install an external surge arrester at the PV input.

➤ Grounding

Grounding connection must be made when utility is connected to the inverter/charger. The inverter/charger has dedicated grounding terminal as shown in Fig. 2-3, the grounding must be reliable, the grounding wire have to stay consistent with Recommended wire for AC output, the grounding point shall be as close as possible to the inverter/charger, the grounding wire shall be as short as possible.

➤ AC output, Ground and PV wiring terminal use way:

①When wiring, do not close the circuit breaker, and it is necessary to use a slotted screwdriver to unscrew the screws for connecting their corresponding wires.

②When removing the wirings, first the integrated machine must stop working, and then the screws shall be unscrewed by using a slotted screwdriver, so as to dismantle their corresponding wires.

Step 4: Install the terminal protective cover

Step 5: Connect accessory

- Connect the remote temperature sensor cable (model: RTS300R47K3.81A)

Connect one end of the remote temperature sensor cable to the interface⑧ and place the other end close to the battery.



NOTE: Connect the temperature sensor, the inverter/charger is compensated according to the ambient temperature.

Step 6: Recheck if the wire connection is correct

Step 7: Power on the inverter/charger

- ①Turn on the circuit breaker at the battery end.
- ②Switch on the switch then the inverter indicator is on.
- ③Turn on the breaker of PV array and Utility.
- ④Turn on the AC load when the AC output is normal.



NOTE: In case the power is supplied to the different AC loads, it is suggested to turn on the loads with larger surge current, till the load working well, then turn on the loads with smaller surge current.

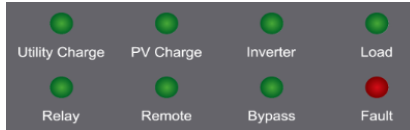









NOTE: In case the inverter/charger is not in normal operation, or LCD or indicator displays abnormal, refer to Section 5 to clear the fault or contact the after-sale service personnel of our company.

NOTE: The installation steps and accessory list also refer to the cardboard in the package.

3. Interface Instruction







3.1 Indicator



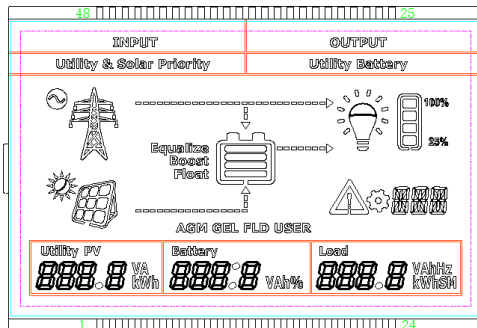
Indicator	Color	Status	Instruction
	Green	OFF	No utility input
		On Solid	Utility connection normal but no charging
		Slowly Flashing(0.5Hz)	Utility charging
		Fast Flashing(2.5Hz)	Utility charge module fault
	Green	OFF	No PV input
		On Solid	PV connection normal but no charging
		Slowly Flashing(0.5Hz)	PV charging
		Fast Flashing(2.5Hz)	PV charge module fault
	Green	OFF	Inverter turn off
		On Solid	Inverter turn on Bypass
		Slowly Flashing(0.5Hz)	Inverter output
		Fast Flashing(2.5Hz)	Inverter fault
	Green	OFF	No load output
		On Solid	Load output
	Green	OFF	Relay turn off
		On Solid	Relay turn on
	Green	OFF	Input voltage(3.3~12VDC)
		On Solid	No Input voltage
	Green	OFF	Inverter output
		Slowly Flashing(0.5Hz)	Utility output
	Red	OFF	Device normal
		On Solid	Device fault







3.2 Buttons







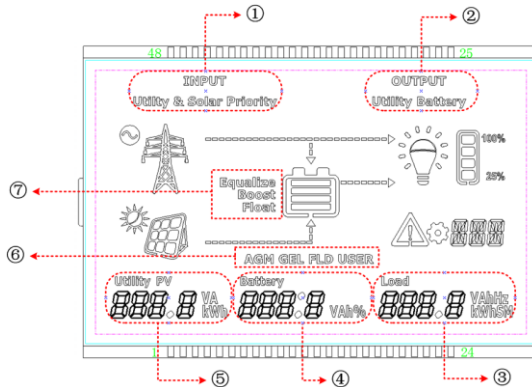
Operation	Instruction
Press the  button	Exit the current interface
Press the  button and hold on 2s	Clear the faults
Press the  button	Browse interface: Up/Down
	Setting interface: Up/Down
Press the  button	Switch to "Browse Parameter Column" Confirm the setting parameters
Press the  button and hold on 2s	Switch the "Real Time Interface" over to "Set Browse Interface"
	Switch the "Set Browse Interface" over to "Parameter Setting Interface"
Press the  button and hold on 2s	Inverter ON/OFF

3.3 Real-time interface



Icon	instruction	Icon	instruction
	Utility connecting and input		PV connecting and input
	No Utility connecting Utility connecting but no input		No PV connecting PV connecting but no input
	Load ON		Load OFF

	Load power 8~25%		Load power 25~50%
	Load power 50~75%		Load power 75~100%



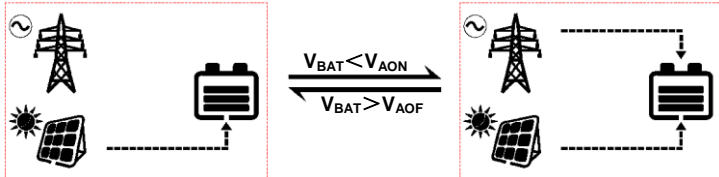
Item	Setting	Content
①	INPUT	Solar priority Utility priority Utility & solar Solar
②	OUTPUT	Battery Utility
③	Load	AC output voltage AC output current AC output power AC output frequency
④	Battery	Battery voltage Max. charging current (PV charging current+ Utility charging current) Battery temperature Battery SOC
⑤	PV	PV input voltage PV charging current PV charging power PV charge energy
	Utility	Utility input voltage Utility charging current Utility charging power Utility charge energy
⑥	Battery Type	AGM GEL FLD USER

⑦	Battery charging stage	Float Boost Equalize(28 th each month)
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① INPUT

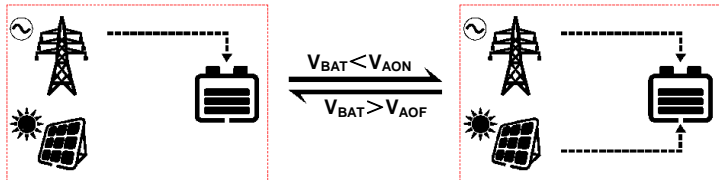
★Solar priority(Default)

The battery is charged in solar priority mode and when the battery voltage is lower than "Auxiliary Module ON Voltage(V_{AON})", the utility starts charging. When the battery voltage reaches to "Auxiliary Module OFF Voltage(V_{AOF})", the utility stops charging.

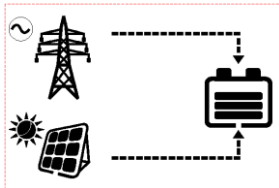


★Utility priority

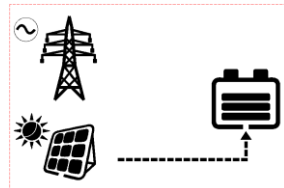
The battery is charged in utility priority mode and when the battery voltage is lower than "Auxiliary Module ON Voltage (V_{AON})", the solar starts charging. When the battery voltage reaches to "Auxiliary Module OFF Voltage(V_{AOF})", the solar stops charging.



★Utility & solar
Utility & solar charge the battery

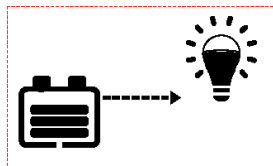


★Solar
Solar charge the battery

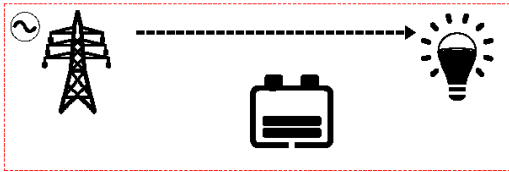


② OUTPUT

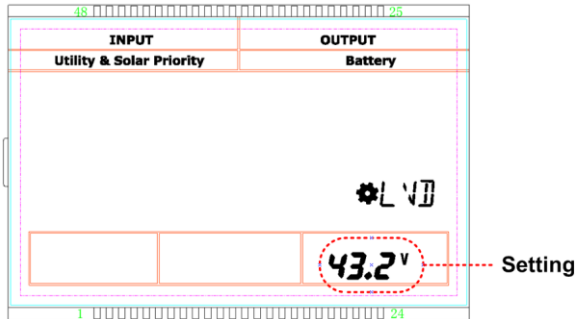
★Battery



★Utility(Default)





3.4 Setting interface




1) Common interface for common user

Operation:

Step1: Press the  button and hold on 2s at the real-time interface to go to the common interface.

Step2: Press the  button and hold on 2s at the setting parameter interface and choose the parameters.

Step3: Press the  button to set the parameter, and press this button again for confirmaton.

Step4: Press the  button to exit the setting interface.

Setting:

Item	LCD	Instruction	Default	Range
1	BTP	Battery type	AGM	AGM GEL FLD USER
2	CSP	Charge source priority	Solar priority	Solar priority Utility priority Utility & solar Solar
3	OSP	Output source priority	Battery	Battery Utility

4	TMU	Temperature unit	°C	°C/°F
5	BLT	Backlight time	30S	30S/60S/100S(ON)
6	BA5	Buzzer alarm switch	ON	ON/ OFF
7	LVD	Low voltage disconnect voltage	21.6V*	User 21.0~22.6V* step size 0.2V*
8	LVR	Low voltage reconnect voltage	25.0V*	User 24.0~26.0V* step size 0.2V*



★ The voltage parameter are at 25°C, 24V system, and twice in 48V system.




NOTE: When Output source priority is Battery and the battery voltage lower than the Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage(LVD adjustable), the system will switch utility to supply power for load.


2) Advanced interface for engineers

Operation:

Step1: Press the  +  button and hold on 2s under the real-time interface.

Step2: Press the  button and hold on 2s under the setting parameter interface.

Step3: Press the  button to enter the parameter.

Step4: Press the  button to exit the setting interface.

Setting:

Item	LCD	Instruction	Default	Range
9	BCT	Boost Charging Time	30min	30/60/120/180min
10	BCV	Boost Charging Voltage	AGM:28.8V* GEL:28.4V* FLD:29.2V* USER:28.8V*	User 25.0~29.6V* Step size 0.2V*
11	BVR	Boost Voltage Reconnect	26.4V*	User: 25.0~28.0V* Step size 0.2V*
12	FCV	Float Charging Voltage	27.6V*	User: 26.0~28.0V* Step size 0.2V*
13	OVR	Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage	30.0V*	User: 29.0~31.0V* Step size 0.2V*
14	OVD	Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage	32.0V*	User: 31.0~32.2V* Step size 0.2V*
15	AOFF	Auxiliary module OFF voltage	28.0V*	User: 24.0~29.6V* Step size 0.2V*
16	AON	Auxiliary module ON voltage	24.0V*	
17	DOON	Dry connect ON voltage	22.2V*	User: 21.6~24.0V* Step size 0.2V*
18	DOFF	Dry connect OFF voltage	24.0V*	User: 24.0~26.5V* Step size 0.2V*
19	MCC	Max. charging current	60.0A*	15.0~60.0A*
20	PSM	Power saving mode	OFF	ON/OFF
21	CF1	Clear fault	OFF	ON/OFF

22	QCL	Clear the accumulated energy	OFF	ON/OFF
23	TBC	Total battery capacity	600AH	100~4000AH Step size 100AH
23	VER	Software version	U-1.0	—

★The voltage parameter are at 25°C, 24V system (twice in 48V system).

◆For the inverter/charger of different power, the current setting range is not the same, see Technical Parameters for details.

NOTE:

15/16: Stop/restore auxiliary module charging voltage

Only when the charging mode is Solar priority or Utility priority will the auxiliary module charging voltage be effective.

20: Power saving mode

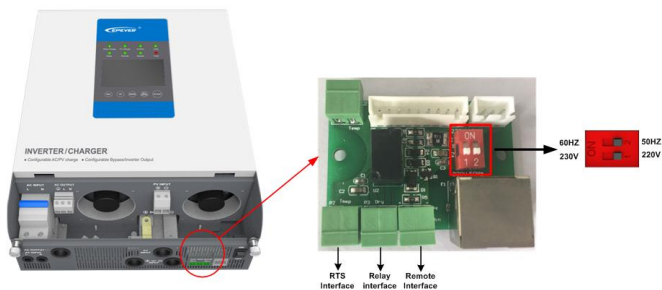
When the switch is on "Saving" side, the inverter will enter into the Saving Mode. It will shut off the output if the loads value is less the 70W. Then restart and detect the power of the load again after 10s. If the load is more than 70W, the inverter will turn on the output. Otherwise it will shut off output. It cycles like this. So please don't use the saving mode if the load is smaller than 70W.

21: Clear the faults

In occurrence of short circuit or overload caused to AC output, the fault can be cleared out.

3.5 Other function

1) Output voltage & frequency switch

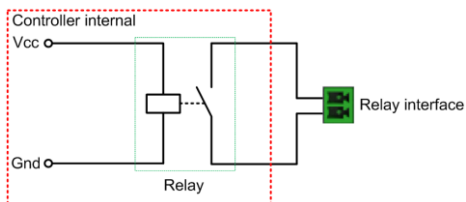


- When Switch 1 is in "ON", the output voltage is selected as 230VAC, and on the contrary as 220VAC;
- When Switch 2 is in "ON", the output frequency is selected as 60Hz, and on the contrary as 50Hz.



NOTE: If the output frequency or voltage of the inverter/charger is to be reset, it is required to turn off the inverter/charger and power on the unit after setting.

2) Relay interface



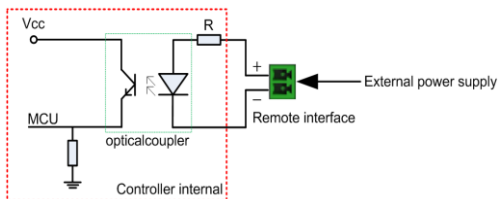
Working principle: When the battery voltage reaches the Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage (LVD), the coil of relay is energized, and the switch is turned on. The dry contact can drive resistive loads 125VAC /1A, 30VDC/1A.

3) Remote interface

Remote interface input voltage (3.3~12V)

(1) The input voltage V_i is within 2.5~ 10s, the AC output state is reversed (when the AC is formerly in output state, now it is in no-output state ; when the AC is formerly in no-output state, now it is in output state;)

(2) The input voltage V_i is greater than 10s, the AC is in output state all the time till the input voltage V_i disappears.



NOTE: If it is to change the range of input voltage, it can be realized by changing the resistance value of R.

4. Protection

Protection	Instruction				
PV limit Current	When the charging current of the PV array exceeds its rated current, it will be charged at the rated current. NOTE: When the PV modules are in series, ensure that the open-circuit voltage of the PV array does not exceed the "maximum PV open-circuit voltage". Otherwise the inverter/charger may be damaged.				
PV short circuit	When PV is not charging and short circuit, the inverter/charger is not damaged.				
PV Reverse Polarity	Fully protection against PV reverse polarity, correct the wire connection to resume normal operation. NOTE: The inverter/charger will be damaged when the PV array straight polarity and the actual operation power of the PV array is 1.5 times greater than the rated charge power!				
Night Reverse Charging	Prevent the battery discharging through the PV module in the night.				
Utility input overvoltage	When the utility voltage exceeds 280V, it will stop utility charging/discharging.				
Utility input under voltage	When the utility voltage less than 160V, it will stop utility charging/discharging.				
Battery overvoltage	When the battery voltage reaches to the set point of Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage, the inverter/charger will stop charging the battery to protect the battery from being over charged to break down.				
Battery Over Discharge	When the battery voltage reaches to the set point of Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage, the inverter/charger will stop discharging the battery to protect the battery from being over discharged to break down.				
Load output Short Circuit	It will immediately close the output in occurrence of short-circuit and hereafter the output is automatically recovered in time delay (the first time delay for 5s, the second time delay for 10s, the third time delay for 15s); if the short-circuit remains after 3 times of delay, restart the inverter/charger only after clearing the fault.				
Load output Overload	Overload	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.0
	Continuance	15min.	30S	10S	5S
	Recover 3 times	The first time delay for 5s, the second time delay for 10s, the third time delay for 15s			
Device overheating	The inverter/charger will stop charging/discharging when the internal temperature is too high, and will restore charging/discharging when the temperature is recovered to normal.				

5. Troubleshooting

5.1 Fault

Module	Code	Fault	battery frame blink	indicator	Buzzer	Fault indicator
Battery	BLV	Battery low voltage	Flashing	—	—	—
	BOV	Battery over voltage				
	BOD	Battery over discharge				
	NVE	Nominal voltage error				
	LTP	Low temperature				
PV charging module	OTP	over temperature (PV charge module)	—	PV charge Fast Flashing	Alarm	On Solid
	CFA	Communication Fault Alarm				
Utility charging module	IOV	Input over voltage	—	Utility Fast Flashing	Alarm	On Solid
	ILV	Input low voltage				
	OTP	over temperature (Utility charge module)				
	CFA	Communication Fault Alarm				
Inverter output module	OVA	Output over voltage	—	inverter Fast Flashing	Alarm	On Solid
	IOL	Input low voltage				
	OOL	Output over load				
	OTP	Inverter temperature				
	CFA	Communication Fault Alarm				

5.2 Troubleshooting

Fault	Troubleshooting
Battery over voltage	Check if battery voltage too high, and disconnect solar modules.
Battery over discharge	When the battery voltage resume to or above LVR point (low voltage reconnect voltage), or change the battery by other ways
Battery overheating	The inverter/charger will automatically turn the system off. But while the battery temperature declines to be below overheating recover temperature value, the inverter/charger will work normally.
Device overheating	The inverter/charger will automatically turn the system off. But while the device temperature declines to be below overheating recover temperature value, the inverter/charger will work normally.
Output overload	①Please reduce the number of AC loads. ②Restart the device or CFA of setting interface change to ON .
Output short circuit	①Check carefully loads connection, clear the fault. ②Restart the device CFA of setting interface change to ON ..

6. Maintenance

1) The following inspections and maintenance tasks are recommended at least two times per year for best performance.

- Make sure inverter/charger firmly installed in a clean and dry ambient.
- Make sure no block on air-flow around the inverter/charger. Clear up any dirt and fragments on radiator.
- Check all the naked wires to make sure insulation is not damaged for serious solarization. frictional wear, dryness, insects or rats etc. Repair or replace some wires if necessary.
- Tighten all the terminals. Inspect for loose, broken, or burnt wire connections.
- Check and confirm that LED is consistent with required. Pay attention to any troubleshooting or error indication .Take corrective action if necessary.
- Confirm that all the system components are ground connected tightly and correctly.
- Confirm that all the terminals have no corrosion, insulation damaged, high temperature or burnt/discolored sign, tighten terminal screws to the suggested torque.
- Check for dirt, nesting insects and corrosion. If so, clear up in time.
- Check and confirm that lightning arrester is in good condition. Replace a new one in time to avoid damaging of the inverter/charger and even other equipments.



WARNING: Risk of electric shock!

Make sure that all the power is turned off before above operations, and then follow the corresponding inspections and operations.

2) This warranty does not apply under the following conditions:

- Damage from improper use or use in an unsuitable environment.
- PV or load current, voltage or power exceeding the rated value of inverter/charger.
- The inverter/charger is working temperature exceed the limit working environment temperature.
- User disassembly or attempted repair the inverter/charger without permission.
- The inverter/charger is damaged due to natural elements such as lightning.
- The inverter/charger is damaged during transportation and shipment.

7. Technical Specifications

Item	UP1000-M3212	UP1000-M3222	UP1500-M3222	UP2000-M3322	UP3000-M3322	UP3000-M6322
System battery voltage	12VDC			24VDC		
Battery input voltage range	10.8~16VDC			21.6~32VDC		
Inverter output						
Continuous output power	800W	800W	1200W	1600W	2400W	2400W
Output power (15min.)	1000W	1000W	1500W	2000W	3000W	3000W
Overload power(5s)	1600W	1600W	2400W	3200W	4800W	4800W
Max. surge power	2000W	2000W	3000W	4000W	6000W	6000W
Output voltage range	220VAC ± 3%, 230VAC (-7% ~ +3%)					
Output frequency	50Hz/60Hz					
Output wave	Pure Sine Wave					
Distortion THD	≤3%(12V or 24V resistive load)					
Inverter efficiency	91%	94%	95%	95%	95%	95%
Transfer time	20mS					
Utility input						
Utility input voltage range	160VAC~280VAC(Working voltage range) 170VAC~270VAC(Utility starting voltage range)					
Max. utility charge current	20A	20A	20A	30A	30A	30A
Solar charging						
Max. PV open circuit voltage	60V* 46V*			100V* 92V*		150V* 138V*
Max. PV input power	390W	780W	780W	780W	780W	1500W
Max. PV charging current	30A	30A	30A	30A	30A	60A
Equalization voltage	14.6V			29.2V		
Boost voltage	14.4V			28.8V		
Float voltage	13.8V			27.6V		
Tracking efficiency	≤99.5%					
Charging conversion efficiency	≤98%					

Temperature compensate coefficient	-3mV/°C/2V (Default)					
Others						
No load consumption	≤1.2A	≤0.6A	≤0.6A	≤0.8A	≤0.8A	≤0.8A
Enclosure	IP30					
Relative humidity	< 95% (N.C.)					
Working environment temperature	-20°C~50°C (100% input and output)					
Mechanical Parameters						
Dimension	386x300x126mm			444x300x126mm		518x310x168mm
Mounting dimension	230mm					
Mounting hole size	Φ8mm					
Weight	7.3kg	7.3kg	7.4kg	8.5kg	9.2kg	14.9kg

★At minimum operating environment temperature

◆At 25°C environment temperature

Item	UP3000-M2142	UP3000-M6142	UP5000-M6342	UP5000-M8342	UP5000-M10342
System battery voltage	48VDC				
Battery input voltage range	43.2~64VDC				
Inverter output					
Continuous output power	2400W	2400W	4000W	4000W	4000W
Output power (15min.)	3000W	3000W	5000W	5000W	5000W
Overload power(5s)	4800W	4800W	8000W	8000W	8000W
Max. surge power	6000W	6000W	10000W	10000W	10000W
Output voltage range	220VAC±3%,230VAC(-7%~+3%)				
Output frequency	50Hz/60Hz				
Output wave	Pure Sine Wave				
Distortion THD	≤3%(24V or 48V resistive load)				
Inverter efficiency	95%				
Transfer time	20mS				
Utility input					
Utility input voltage range	160VAC~280VAC(Working voltage range) 170VAC~270VAC(Utility starting voltage range)				
Max. utility charge current	15A	15A	30A	30A	30A
Solar charging					

Max. PV open circuit voltage	150V* 138V*			200V* 180V*	
Max. PV input power	1040W	3000W	3000W	4000W	5000W
Max. PV charging current	20A	60A	60A	80A	100A
Equalization voltage	58.4V				
Boost voltage	57.6V				
Float voltage	55.2V				
Tracking efficiency	≤99.5%				
Charging conversion efficiency	≤98%				
Temperature compensate coefficient	-3mV/°C/2V (Default)				
Others					
No load consumption	≤0.6A	≤0.6A	≤0.8A	≤0.8A	≤0.8A
Enclosure	IP30				
Relative humidity	< 95% (N.C.)				
Working environment temperature	-20°C~50°C (100% input and output)				
Mechanical Parameters					
Dimension	444x300x126mm	518x310x168mm	614x315x178mm		
Mounting dimension	230mm				
Mounting hole size	Φ8mm				
Weight	7.3kg	14.7kg	16.6kg	17.5kg	17.8kg

★At minimum operating environment temperature

◆At 25°C environment temperature

Any changes without prior notice! Version number: V1.4