# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# EndoTherm™

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended., Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

EndoTherm™ Product name

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Industrial water treatment.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Endo Enterprises (UK) Ltd

Unit 231, Europa Boulevard,

Warrington, Cheshire, WA5 7TN 01925 747 101

enquiries@endoenterprises.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** Endo Enterprises (UK) Ltd: 0844 560 5135

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Eye Dam. 1 - H318

**Environmental hazards** Not Classified

### 2.2. Label elements

# **Pictogram**



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H318 Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** P280 Wear eye protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.

**Contains** Glucoside

# 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### EndoTherm™

### 3.2. Mixtures

Glucoside 5-10%

CAS number: 68515-73-1 EC number: 500-220-1

Classification Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Keep affected person warm

and at rest. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. If breathing

stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention

if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or

persist after washing.

**Eye contact**Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or

wear gloves.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Irritation of

nose, throat and airway.

**Ingestion** May cause discomfort. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Fumes from the stomach

contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

**Skin contact** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Corneal damage.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

**Specific treatments** No special treatment required.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

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Suitable extinguishing media

The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Irritating gases or vapours.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

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## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions**Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in

Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact. Avoid the formation of

mists.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Storage class Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

# SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

### 8.2. Exposure controls

# Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

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Respiratory protection Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk

> assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Odour

pН

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. Keep container tightly sealed when not in

use.

# SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Liquid. Colour Clear. Odourless.

Odour threshold Not determined.

-4°C Melting point

100°C @ 760 mm Hg Initial boiling point and range

Flash point > 100°C

**Evaporation rate** Not determined. **Evaporation factor** Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not relevant. Liquid.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

pH (concentrated solution): 6.5 - 7.5

Not determined. Other flammability Vapour pressure Not determined. Vapour density Not determined.

1.00 - 1.05 Relative density

**Bulk density** Not determined. Solubility(ies) Soluble in water. Partition coefficient Not determined. Not determined. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition Temperature** Not determined. Not determined. Viscosity

**Explosive properties** Not considered to be explosive.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information None.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

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10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Irritating gases or vapours.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure**Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure 
Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Irritation of

nose, throat and airway.

Ingestion May cause discomfort. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Furnes from the stomach

contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

**Skin contact** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage.

Route of entry Inhalation Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact

**Target organs** No specific target organs known.

# Toxicological information on ingredients.

### Glucoside

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> > 2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> > 2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Very slight erythema - barely

perceptible (1). Oedema score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Based

on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. Read-across data. REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

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Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

One-generation study - NOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P Read-across data. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat Read-across data. REACH dossier information.

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Glucoside

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 170 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

 $EC_{50}$ , 48 hours: > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Glucoside

Phototransformation Air - DT₅₀ : 2.6 hours

REACH dossier information.

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation 100%: 28 days

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

<u>Glucoside</u>

Partition coefficient log Pow: 1.72 REACH dossier information.

12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

Ecological information on ingredients.

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### Glucoside

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

Glucoside

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and

its container must be disposed of in a safe way. The packaging must be empty (drop-free when inverted). Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and

waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

**Disposal methods**Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Dispose of surplus products and those that

cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when

recycling is not feasible.

Waste class Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal

authorities.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

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### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

 $EC_{50}{:}\;\;50\%$  of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008

Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Calculation method.

**Training advice** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

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Revision 4

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SDS number 2434

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Hazard statements in full H318 Causes serious eye damage.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.